

## THE BALOCHISTAN FOODSTUFFS (CONTROL) ACT, 1958

(W.P. Act XX of 1958)

### CONTENTS

#### SECTIONS

Preamble.

1. Short title, extent and commencement.
2. Definitions.
3. Powers to control supply, distribution, etc., of foodstuffs.
4. Delegation of powers.
5. Effect of orders inconsistent with other enactments.
6. Penalties.
7. Attempts and abetments.
8. Offences by corporation.
9. False statements.
10. Cognizance of offences.
11. Presumption as to orders.
12. Burden of proof in certain cases.
13. Protection of action taken under the Act.
14. Repeal.

Application of W.P. Foodstuffs (Control) Act to some Tribal Areas of Balochistan.

## THE [BALOCHISTAN] FOODSTUFFS (CONTROL) ACT, 1958

1 This Act was passed by the West Pakistan Assembly on 31\* March, 1958; assented to by the Governor of West Pakistan on

1958; and published in the W.P. Gazette (Extraordinary), dated 23" April, 1956.

For statement of objects and reasons, see Gazette of W.P. (Extraordinary), dated 9" March, 1957, pp. 412-413

(W.P. Act XX of 1958)

[23<sup>rd</sup> April, 1958]

An Act to provide for the continuance of powers to control the supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, foodstuffs.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient in the public interest to provide for the continuance of powers to control the supply, distribution and movement of, and trade and commerce in, foodstuffs in \*[ Balochistan];

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, extent 1. (1) This Act may be called the \*[Balochistan] and Foodstuffs (Control) Act, 1958.  
commencemen (2) It extends to the whole of \*[Balochistan] except t the Tribal Areas'. |  
(3) It shall come into force at once.  
Definitions. 2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the

subject or context—

(a) "foodstuff means any of the following classes of

commodities: —

(i) wheat, wheat atta, maida, = rawa\_ and sujt;

(ii) rice and paddy;

(iii) sugar; and

(iv) — such other commodity or class of commodities as may be declared

and notified by the Government to be foodstuffs for the purposes of this Act;

(b) "Government" means Government of 3[Balochistan]; and

Subs. by Balochistan Laws (Adaptation) Order, 1975, for the words "West Pakistan". See the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) dated 9<sup>th</sup> May, 1975.

Spelling of the word "Baluchistan", wherever it appears in this Act, is corrected by insertion of letter "o" instead of "u", as per Government of Balochistan, S&GAD's Notification No. SORI (4) 6/ S&GAD-89, dated 18<sup>th</sup> June, 1989.

Subs. by W.P. Ord. VIII of 1963, for sub-section (2).

It was extended to the Dalbandin Tehsil including Western Sinjrani country of the Chagai District; and Tehsils of Fortsandemar Muslimbagh and Killasaifullah of Zhob District, by Balochistan Regulation I of 1971. See the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 20, dated 21\* July, 1971; and also see footnote 4 on the last page.

Subs. by Balochistan Laws (Adaptation) Order, 1975, for the words "West Pakistan". See the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 9, dated 9" May, 1975.

Powers to control  
supply,  
distribution,  
etc., of  
foodstuffs.

(c) "notified order" means an order notified in  
the official Gazette.

3. (1) The Government, so far as it appears to it to be  
necessary or expedient for maintaining supplies of any  
foodstuff or for securing its equitable distribution and  
availability at fair prices, may, by notified order, provide for  
regulating or prohibiting the keeping, storage, movement,  
transport, supply, distribution, disposal, acquisition, use or  
consumption thereof and trade and commerce therein.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers  
conferred by sub-section (1) an order made thereunder may  
provide:—

(a) for regulating by licences, permits — or  
otherwise the manufacture of any article  
of food from any foodstuffs;

(b) for controlling the prices at which — any  
foodstuffs may be bought or sold;

(c) for regulating by licences, permits — or  
otherwise, the storage, transport,  
distribution, disposal, acquisition. use or  
consumption of any foodstuff;

(d) for prohibiting the withholding  
from sale of any foodstuff — ordinarily  
kept for sale;

(e) for requiring any person holding  
stock of any foodstuff to sell the  
whole or a specified part of the  
stock to such persons or class of  
persons or in such circumstances as  
may be specified in the order;

(f) for regulating or prohibiting any  
class of commercial or financial  
transactions relating to any foodstuff  
which, in the opinion of the  
authority making the order is, or  
is likely to be, detrimental to public  
interest;

(g) for collecting any information or statistics with a view to regulating or prohibiting any of the aforesaid

Delegation of powers.

Effect of orders inconsistent with other enactments.

Penalties.

matters;

(h) for requiring persons engaged in the supply or distribution of, or trade or commerce in, any foodstuffs, to

maintain and produce for inspection such books, accounts and records relating to their business and to furnish such information relating thereto as may be specified in the

order; and

(i) for any incidental and supplementary matters including, in particular, the entering and search of premises, vehicles, vessels and aircraft, the seizure by a person authorised to

make such search of any articles in respect of which such person has reason to believe that a contravention of the order has been, is being, or is about to be committed, or any records — connected therewith, the grant or issue of licences, permits or other documents, and the charging of fees therefore.

4. The Government may, by notified order, direct that the power to make orders under section 3 shall, in relation to such matters and subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the direction, be exercisable also by an officer or authority subordinate to the Government.

5. Any order made under section 3 shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent there with in any enactment, other than this Act, or any instrument having effect by virtue of any enactment, other than this Act.

6. (1) If any person contravenes any order made under

section 3, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both and, if the order so provides, any Court trying such contravention shall direct that any property in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the order has been contravened shall be forfeited to the Government, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing, it is of the opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the

Attempts and  
abetments.

Offences by

corporation.

False statements.

property.

(2) The owner of any vessel, conveyance or animal carrying any property in respect of which an order under section 3 is contravened, shall, if the carrying is part of the transaction involving the contravention and if he knew or had reason to believe that the contravention was being committed, be deemed to have contravened the order, and, in addition to the punishment to which he is liable under sub-section (1), the vessel, conveyance, or animal shall when the order provides for forfeiture of the property in respect of which the order is contravened, be forfeited to the Government.

(3) If any person to whom a direction is given under sub-section (3) of section 3 fails to comply with the direction, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

7. Any person who attempts to contravene, or abets the contravention of any order made under section 3 shall be deemed to have contravened that order.

8. If the person contravening an order made under section 3 is a company or other body corporate, every director, manager, secretary or other officer or agent thereof shall, unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent such contravention, be deemed to be guilty of such contravention.

9. If any person—

(1) when required by an order made under section 3 to make any statement or furnish any information, makes any statement or furnishes any information which is false in any material particular and which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, or does not believe to be true, or

(11) makes any such statement as aforesaid in any book, account, record, declaration, return or other document which he is required by any

such order to maintain or furnish,

he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

Cognizance of offences.

Presumption as to orders.

Burden of proof in certain cases.

Protection of action taken under the Act.

Repeal.

Ny rR

w

i.e. Act XLV of 1860.

10... No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act except on a report in writing of the facts constituting such offence made by a person who is a public servant as defined in section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code, 1860'.

11. (1) No order made in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act shall be called in question in any Court.

(2) Where an order purports to have been made and signed by an authority, in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act, a Court shall presume within the meaning of the Evidence Act, 1872, that such order was so made by that authority.

12. Where any person is prosecuted for contravening any order made under section 3 which prohibits him from doing an act or being in possession of a thing without lawful authority or without a permit licence or other document, the burden of proving that he has such authority, permit, licence or other document, shall be on him.

13. (1) ~~ No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is, in good faith, done or intended to be done in pursuance of any order made under section 3.

(2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Government for any damage caused or likely to be caused

by anything which is, in good faith, done or intended to be done in pursuance of any order made under section 3.

14. The following enactments are hereby \_ repealed, namely:—

(1) The Bahawalpur Foodgrains Control Act, 1947.

(2) The Bahawalpur Control of Essential Supplies Commodities Act, 1948°.

(3) The West Pakistan Foodstuffs (Control)

i.e. Act I of 1872. It is repealed and replaced by the Qanun-e-Shahadat Orders, 1984 (Order No. 10 of 1984). See the Gazette (Extraordinary), Part I, dated 28" October, 1984, pp. 587-642, s. 166.

i.e. Bahawalpur Act III of 1948.

Application of W.P.

Foodstuffs  
(Control) Act  
to some Tribal  
Areas of  
Balochistan.

Ny rR

- w

i.e. West Pakistan Ord. XI of 1957.

Ordinance, 1957!.

\*[The provisions of the West Pakistan Foodstuffs  
(Control) Act, 1958 (W.P. Act No. XX of 1958), and all  
notifications and orders issued thereunder shall, so far as may  
be, apply to the Tribal Areas to which this Regulation extends.

It extends to the following Tribal Areas of the Province  
of Balochistan, namely.—

(a)

(b)

the Dalbandin Tehsil including Western  
Sinjrani country of the Chagai \_ District;  
and

the Tehsils of Fortsandeman',

Hindubagh\* and Killasaifullah of the Zhob  
District. |

See Balochistan Regulation I of 1971; published in the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 20, dated 21" July, 1971; saved by section 281 of the Interim Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan (1972); and validated by the validation of Laws Act, (Act LXII) of 1975, published in the Gazette of Pakistan (Extraordinary), part I, dated 29" July, 1975.

Now Zhob.

Now Muslimbagh.