

THE BALOCHISTAN PROSECUTION SERVICE
(CONSTITUTION, FUNCTION AND POWERS)

ACT, 2003

(Baln Act VI of 2003)

CONTENTS

Sections

Preamble.

1. Short title, extent and commencement.
2. Definitions.
3. Power to constitute and maintain a Prosecution Service.
4. Constitution of Prosecution Service.
5. Control over and Administration of the Service.
6. Recruitment.
7. Function of a Public Prosecutor.
8. Conduct of Prosecution.
9. Liaison with Advocate General.
10. Powers of Public Prosecutor.
11. Reports and Guidelines.
12. Representation of Service form without.
13. Fees and expenses etc. paid by the Service.
14. Act to override other laws.
15. Power to make rules.
16. Rules of Conduct.

17. Punishment.

'THE BALOCHISTAN PROSECUTION SERVICE
(CONSTITUTION FUNCTION AND POWERS)

Preamble.

Short title, extent
and
commencement.

Definitions.

ACT, 2003

(Baln Act VI of 2003)

[17 October, 2003]

An Act to recognize and establish the Prosecution Service in the
Province of Balochistan.

WHEREAS the goal of achievement of speedy justice
requires the organization, control, powers and duties of a
separate Prosecution Service for the Prosecution of offences and
matters incident thereto in the Province of Balochistan in the
manner hereinafter appearing:

It is hereby enacted as follows:

CHAPTER 1 PRELIMINARY

1. (1) This Act may be called the Balochistan
Prosecution Service Constitution, Functions & Powers) Act,
2003.

(2) It shall extend to the whole of Balochistan.

(3) It shall come into force on a date notified by the
Provincial Government in the official gazette in the areas and to
the extent as stipulated therein.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires;

(a) "Advocate General" means Advocate General of
Balochistan appointed under Article 140 of the
Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan,
1973.

(b) "Assembly" means the Provincial Assembly of the
Balochistan;

(c) "Code" means the Code of Criminal Procedure
1898.

(d) "District" means a district notified under the

Balochistan Land Revenue Act, 1967 (W.P Act, XVII of 1967), and includes a City Distt: or a

1 This Act was passed by the Balochistan Assembly on 7" October, 2003: assented to by the Governor of Balochistan on 24" October, 2003: Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No.74 dated 17" October, 2003.

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Capital City District;

“Government” means the Government of Balochistan.

“Head of Investigation” means a police officer appointed as such in a Capital City District, City District or a District under Police Order, 2002 or any law for the time being in force;

“Investigation Officer” means an officer of the law enforcement agency competent under the law to conduct investigation not offences within his territorial jurisdiction;

“Law Enforcement Agency” include the Balochistan Police and any other Provincial law enforcement agency that may be notified by the Government as such;

“Offence” means an offence as defined in the Code;

“Officer in-charge of a Police Station” means the police officer as defined in the Code.

“Prescribed” means prescribed by the rules made

under this Act;

“Prosecutor General” means the Chief Prosecutor of the province responsible for the management of prosecution and control over prosecutions, appointed under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act;

“Public Prosecutor” means a prosecutor appointed by the Provincial Government in accordance with the Code;

“Public Service commission” means _ the Balochistan Public Service Commission;

“Final Report” means final report as mentioned in section 173 of the Code;

“Rules” means rules framed under the provisions of this Act;

“Service” means the Balochistan Prosecution Service established under this Act consisting of Prosecutor General, Additional Prosecutor

Power to constitute

and maintain a
Prosecution
Service.

Constitution of

Prosecution
Service.

Control over and
Administration of
the service.

Recruitment.

General, Deputy Prosecutor General, Assistant
Prosecutor General, District Public Prosecutor,
Additional District Public = Prosecutor, Deputy
and Assistant District Public Prosecutors and such
other civil servants that the Government may
appoint as Public Prosecutors;

CHAPTER II — PROSECUTION SERVICE

3. (1) The Government shall establish a Service to be
called the Balochistan Prosecution Service.

(2) The members of the Service shall be appointed on
such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

4. (1) The Government of Balochistan shall appoint a
Prosecutor general who shall be the head of the service.

(2) The Prosecutor General shall be assisted by such
number of Public Prosecutors as the Government may determine
from time to time.

(3) There shall be a District Public Prosecutor in each
district appointed by the Government.

(4) The District Public Prosecutor shall be assisted by
such number of Public Prosecutors as the Government may
determine from time to time.

5. (1) The Government shall exercise control over the
Service.

(2) The Administration of the service shall be vested
in the Prosecutor General.

(3) The Prosecutor General shall distribute work among the public prosecutors on the basis of territorial and functional jurisdiction of criminal courts.

(4) All Public Prosecutors within a district shall be under the control and supervision of the District Public Prosecutor of that district.

(5) — Public Prosecutors empowered to appear in courts having territorial jurisdiction in part or whole of a district shall be under the control and supervision of the District Public prosecutor of that district unless the Government so directs otherwise in a specific case.

6. (1) Subject to rules framed by the Government in this

behalf, the recruitment in the Service shall be *[through a written examination and interview held by the Balochistan Public Service Commission].

(2) The Government may frame rules prescribing qualification and other eligibility criteria for deputation to and induction into various posts of the Service.

CHAPTER III — POWERS AND FUNCTIONS OF PUBLIC PROSECUTORS

Function of a 7. A Public Prosecutor, in discharge of his lawful duties and Public Prosecutor. in respect of a case, the prosecution whereof, is lawfully assigned to him, shall perform the following functions, namely:

(a) It shall be the duty of a public prosecutor to safeguard the interest of the state in prosecution of cases before the competent courts.

(b) The Public Prosecutor being competent in respect of a particular case or class of cases shall on receipt of the final report: —

(i) send the same before the competent court for trial; or

(ii) withhold the same for want of proper evidence and return it to the investigation officer with written direction to resubmit the report after removal of the deficiencies so identified by him.

(c) in respect of compoundable offences other than those which are punishable by death or life imprisonment, the Prosecutor General, and in respect of compoundable offences punishable with imprisonment for seven years or less, the District Public Prosecutor, may _ withhold prosecution if reasonable grounds exist for the public Prosecutor to believe that the same shall be compounded.

Provided that if the offence is not compounded within a period of one month, he shall send the report in competent court for prosecution

2 Subs for the words “through a competitive examination held by the Balochistan Public Service Commission” by the Balochistan Assembly on 30th March, 2010: assented to by the Governor of Balochistan on 4th April, 2010: published in the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No.39, dated 7th April, 2010.

Conduct of
Prosecution:

(d)

and trial.

in respect of offences other than those which are punishable by death or life imprisonment, the Prosecutor General, and, in _ respect of offences punishable with imprisonment for seven years or less, the District Public Prosecutor, may apply supported with reasons, to the court of competent jurisdiction for the discharge of case if the institution of the case has been found to be malafide, wrongful or weak from evidentiary view _ point:

Provided that an application under this section shall

(e)

accompany the report under section 173 of the Code:

Provided further that the competent court may dispose off the application as it may deem fit; and

in respect of any case instituted by a public prosecutor before a competent court, any private person representing the complaint shall act under the direction of the Public Prosecutor.

The prosecution of criminal offences shall be conducted

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

in the following manner, namely:-

the investigation officer shall send the case together with the evidence to the concerned Public Prosecutor;

Prosecution shall not take effect against persons other than those designated as the accused on the basis of available evidence, by the competent Public Prosecutor;

the Public Prosecutor shall have the right of audience before any court in respect of any case assigned to him;

a Public Prosecutor may, within his jurisdiction, issue general guideline to police officer regarding the state of their investigation and other matter necessary for the fulfilment of the purpose of effective prosecution;

District Public Prosecutor may ask Head of Investigation in district to take disciplinary action

(f)

against investigation officer, where sufficient reasons exist to believe that investigating officer has colluded or has not exercised due diligence in conducting investigation, misrepresented the facts of the case or prepared the report inefficiently; and

The Prosecutor General or the District Public Prosecutor | may, when he deems necessary in cases where police _ officers fails to follow any suggestions or instruction of Public Prosecutor under this Ordinance, call for disciplinary action against the investigation officer with the competent authority and the Government.

Liaison with 9. The Prosecutor General shall keep liaison with Advocate

Advocate General General to ascertain the progress of criminal appeals and revision and other legal proceedings pending before the Supreme Court, High Court or any other court established under the law.

Powers of a Public 10. A Public Prosecutor, in discharge of his lawful duties and Prosecutor. in respect of a case lawfully assigned to him, may exercise the

following powers, namely:-

(a)

(b)

(c)

Reports and 11. (1)

upon expiry of time period mentioned in the Code for submission of final report or after submission of final report, if necessary for proper and through investigation of an offence, a Public Prosecutor may request the court to issue warrants for search, seizure or inspection of evidence for compliance by the investigation officer;

a Public Prosecutor may call for record or any other document from any law enforcement agency upon expiry of time period mentioned in the Code for submission of final report;

District Public Prosecutor in case of offences carrying seven years or less imprisonment and the Prosecutor — General for all other offences may withdraw prosecution, subject to prior approval of

the Government.

District Public Prosecutor shall keep the Head of

Guidelines. Investigation informed about the outcome of prosecution of case.

(2)

On the request of Head of Investigation, District

Public Prosecutor shall render such advice, on matters pertaining

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Representation of
Service form
without.

Fees and expenses
etc. paid by the
Service

Act to override
other laws.

to investigation, prosecution and may matter ancillary to these
matters, as may be necessary for effective prosecution.

(3) In those cases in which the prosecution of an
offence results in acquittal of the accused or in cases when the
punishment of offence does not appear to be commensurate
with the offence, the District Public Prosecutor shall submit a
report to the Provincial Government in writing giving reasons
for the acquittal.

(4) Officer-in-charge of a police station shall report
to the District Public prosecutor cases of all persons arrested
without any warrant irrespective of whether such persons have
been admitted to bail.

(5) At the end of each year, the Prosecutor General
shall submit to the Government of Balochistan a report on the
discharge of functions of the Service during the year. The
Government shall lay before the Provincial Assembly a copy of
the report received from the Prosecutor General.

(6) The Prosecutor General shall issue guidelines for
the prosecutors on general principles for effective prosecution of
cases.

CHAPTER IV — MISCELLANEOUS

12. (1) Subject to prior approval of the Government, the
Prosecutor General may at any time appoint a person otherwise
qualified who is not a member of the service to institute or take
over the conduct of such legal proceedings in court as the
Prosecutor General may assign to him.

(2) Any person conducting proceedings assigned to
him under subsection (1) shall have all the powers of a
prosecutor subject to any instructions by District Public
Prosecutor.

13. The Prosecutor General may, with the approval of the
Government, by regulations make such provisions as appropriate

in relation to the fees to be paid to a legal representative appearing briefed to appear on behalf of the service in any criminal proceedings.

14... The provisions of this Act shall be enforced notwithstanding anything repugnant to contrary contained in any other law for the time being in force.

Power to make
rules.

Rules of Conduct.

Punishment.

15. The Government may make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act and for regulating the following matters,

namely:-

(a)
(b)

(c)
(d)

(e)

inspection of or by Public prosecutors;

records and Registers to be maintained by Public
Prosecutors;

the conduct of Public Prosecutors;

number and terms and conditions of service of
ministerial staff; and

any other matter that the Government as may
deem fit.

16. ———All officers of the service shall be governed by the
Balochistan Civil Servants Act, 1974 and Rules made

thereunder.

17. In addition to any liability under any law for the time
being in force, a Public Prosecutor shall be liable for disciplinary
action in case of inefficiency and collusion with the accused, in
accordance with the rules.