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THE BALOCHISTAN GAZETTE
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BALOCHISTAN PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT.

Dated Quetta, the 25th November, 1991.

NO.PAB/LEGIS : [il (3)/91. The Balochistan Agricultural Produce Markets Bill, 1991 having been passed by the Provincial Assembly of Balochistan, on 9th October, 1991 and assented to by the Governor of Balochistan, is hereby published as an Act of the Provincial Assembly.

THE BALOCHISTAN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE MARKETS
ACT, 1991.

(BALOCHISTAN ACT NO. f OF 1991.)

(First published after having received the assent of the Governor of Balochistan in the Balochistan Gazette (Extra Ordinary) dated 25th November, 1991.)

AN
ACT

to provide for the better regulation of purchase :
j and sale of agricultural produce and the establishment of
markets for agricultural produce in the Balochistan Province.

PREAMBLE. WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better
regulation of purchase and sale of agricultural produce

and for that purpose to establish markets and make rules
for their proper administration in the manner hereinafter

appearing.

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It is hereby enacted as follows: -

SHORT TITLE, EXTENT 1. (1) This

AND COMMENCEMENT.

DEFINITIONS.

may be called the Balochistan

Act

Agricultural Produce Markets Act, . 1991

(2) It extends to the Province of the Balochistan

except Tribal Areas.

(3) It shall come into force at once and shall be deemed to have taken effect from 2th day of December, 1990..

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,-

(a) "agricultural produce" means;

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barley and its atta; sattu, bhusa;

Bajra (grains) and its atta;

cotton un-ginned (Pphutti), cotton ginned (lint), cotton waste;

Chillies (green, dry and ground);

fodders viz. senji, lucern, shaftal, berseem, shalgham, guara, chari, bajra, maize, javi, barley, wheat, jowar (green and dry) and their seeds methi, metha,

swank, oats, ajwain;

fruits and vegetables (fresh and dry) and
their squashes, jams, pickles, cordials,

marmalades, chutnies, sauce, jellies,
candies, juices;

firewood and tanning bark;

gram (whole and split) and its chollia,
atta, kera, surri, bura, wanda;

Jute (seed and fibre) oisal (seed, juice
and fibre);

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jowar (grains) and its atta;

livestock viz. (male or female, milch or draft) goat , sheep, buffellow, cow, camel, horse, and poultry' including turkeys (dressed or otherwise), fish and livestock products viz, beef, mutton, hides and skins (dry and wet) bones, bone meals, feeds, wool, hair, eggs, cheese, butter, desi ghee, milk and curd (dehi) marjarin;

mehndi (leaves and powder);

maize (grains), maize cobs (dry and green) and its atta, starch, sugar (glucose) gluten meals and wastes;

oilseeds viz, cotton seed, linseed, sarson, raya, toria, taramira, soyabeen, sunflower, til, groundnut, castor, palm and their oils, oil-cakes, hulls, meals feeds, vegetables ghee;

pulses (whole and split) viz moong, mash, masoor, moth, raj mash, arhar, lobia, gram and other beans;

rice (paddy) rice (cleaned), rice (broken) phak, parali, hulls, husks (rice silver), parboiled;

sugarcane and its products viz gur, shakkar, sugar (desi and refined),

molasses, sugarcane juice);

tobacco leaves, tobacco cured and its snuff
or naswar and guraku;

Wheat and its atta, maida, suji, dalia,
starch, choker, bran, bhusa; and

any other commodity that may hereafter
be declared by _ notification to be
agricultural produce for the purposes of
this Act.

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"dealer" means any person who within the notified market area sets up, establishes, uses or allows to be used any place for the purchase or sale of the agricultural produce;

"Director General of Agriculture" means Director General of Agriculture, Balochistan;

"Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing)" means the Director of Agriculture (Economic and Marketing), Balochistan;

"Director Extension" means the Director Agriculture Extension in any region of Balochsitan or Balochistan Province;

"Deputy Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing)" means the Deputy Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing) concerned;

"Deputy Commissioner" means the Deputy Commissioner of the district within the boundaries of which the notified market area concerned is situated;

"Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing)" means the Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing) concerned;

"Grower" means a person who by himself or through tenants or otherwise grows, rears produces, manufactures or processes agricultural

produce but shall not include a person, other than a member of a society registered under the Cooperative Society Act, - 1925, who works as a dealer or broker either individually or as a partner of a firm of dealers or brokers or is otherwise engaged in the business of disposal storage or processing of agricultural produce;

"Government" means the Government of Balochsitan Province;

"Market" means a building, block of buildings enclosure or other area which may be so notified in accordance with rules framed under this

Act;

NOTIFICATION OF
INTENTION OF
EXERCISING CONTROL
OVER PURCHASE AND
SALE OF
AGRICULTURAL
PRODUCE IN SALE

OF SPECIFIED AREA.

DECLARATION OF
NOTIFIED AREA,

e3) "Market Committee" means a market committee established under section 7 of this Act;

(m) . "notified market area" means any area notified under section 4 of this Act;

(n) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules or bye laws made under this Act;

(o) "Secretary Market Committee" means the Secretary of the Market Committee concerned;

(p) "trade allowance" means such allowance as may be prescribed under the rules or may be specified in the bye-laws of market committee;

(q) "ware-houseman" includes a person who stores any agricultural produce not belonging to himself and charges rent therefore in any form, from the persons at whose instance the said produce is so stored;

(r) "cold store" means a controlled atmosphere store used for the storing the agricultural products.

3. Government may by notification, declare its intention of exercising control over the purchase and sale of such agricultural produce and in such area as may be specified in the notification, such notification shall state that all objections or suggestions, which may be received by the Deputy Commissioner through Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing) within a period to be specified in the notification will be considered: :

Provided that such period shall not be less than 30 days from the date of issue of the notification.

4. (1) After the expiry of the period specified in the notification under section 3 and after considering such objections and suggestions as may be received before the expiry of the

specified period, the Government may, by notification and in any other manner that may be prescribed, declare the area notified under section 3 or any portion thereof to be a notified market area for the purposes of this ey _and the agricultural produce over which control is to be exercised ifr that area, ;

(2) Government may at any time by notification declare its intention to exclude any area which is already declared as a notified market area and also to include or reinclude any area and in so doing the procedure laid down in section 3 and sub-section (1) of this section shall be followed.

(3) After the date of issue of such notification and on the establishment of market committee under section 7, no local authority, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law entitling such local authority to establish a market, and no person for himself or on behalf of another person unless exempted by rules framed under this Act, shall, within the notified market area, set up, establish or use any place for the purchase or sale of the agricultural produce or purchase, sell, store or process such agricultural produce except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of a licence granted under the provisions of this Act:

poo §S Provide that a licence shall not be required by a grower who either himself or through a bonafide agent sells his own agricultural produce or the produce of his tenant or by a person who purchases any agricultural produce for his private or domestic use:

Provided further that in the case of a market committee established for the first time under this Act no person shall be deemed to have violated this provision if he has made an application to the market committee for grant of licence.

(4) No person shall within the market store, purchase, sell or in any other manner deal in any commodity

which is not declare as agricultural produce.

MARKET COMMITTEE 5. Subject to such rules as the Government may make in TO ISSUE AND this behalf the market committee concerned shall be the authority RENEW LICENCES. to issue licence to a dealer under this Act and to review

such a licence.

APPLICATION FoR 6. (1) Any person who wishes to work as a dealer in a LICENCE FEE To ge nNOTified market area may apply on the prescribed form to the PAID AND market committee concerned of a licence or for the renewal of CANCELTION OR the licence which shall be granted for such period in such SUSPENSION OF form on such conditions and on payment of such fee not LICENCES, exceeding Rs.1,000/- per annum as may be prescribed:

Provided that no fee shall be charged from a dealer who is cooperative society regisiered under the Cooperative Societies Act , 1912 GT 6f 19125..

(2) — Licence under this Act shall not be granted to a person who :-

- (a) is a minor; or
- (b) is found to be of unsound mind by a court of competent jurisdiction, or
- (c) is declared insolvent; or
- (d) has been found guilty of criminal misappropriation or criminal breach of trust or cheating or any other offence involving moral turpitude or an abetment of or attempt to commit any such offence by a court of competent jurisdiction:

Propriation or criminal breach of trust or cheating or any other offence involving moral turpitude or an abetment of or attempt to commit any such offence by a court of competent jurisdiction:

Provided that this disqualification will not operate if a period of three years has elapsed since the completion of the sentence imposed on any person in respect of any such offence.

(3) if any person carrying on business of a dealer in a notified market area on the date of issue of notification under section 4 fails to apply for a licence within thirty days, from the date of issue of such notification, the market committee may refuse to grant him a licence unless he deposits the fee as specified below in cash with the market committee: -

- i) Upto 3 months Rs.1,000/-
 - ii) Upto 6 months Rs.2,000/-
 - iii) Exceeding 6 months Rs .3,000/-
- (4) The market committee may, on being satisfied

that there has been a breach of any of the conditions of a licensee by an order in writing, cancel or suspend such licence and may also direct that such licence shall not be renewed for such period not exceeding four months for a first breach and not exceeding nine months for a second or subsequent breach as may be specified in that order:

Provided. that no such order shall be passed without giving the licensee an opportunity to show cause within 15 days from the date of issue of the show cause notice,

(5) Any person aggrieved by an order passed under sub-section (4) may at any time within one month of the passing of the order appeal to the Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture (Economics and Marketing) or E.A.D.A. of the

ESTABLISHMENT
OF MARKET
COMMITTEES,

CONSTITUTION
OF THE MARKET
COMMITTEES.

district against such order. The order of the Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture (Economies and Marketing) if confirmed by the Deputy Director Agriculture (Economics and Marketing) shall be final.

7. _ The Government shall by notificaiton establish a market committee for every notified market area.

8. (1) A market committee shall consist of ten or seventeen members as Government may in each case determine.

(2) of these members one may be appointed by Government from amongst the employees of the Agriculture Department.

(3) The remaining members shall be appointed by Government out of a panel of names recommended by the Deputy Commissioner equal to twice the number of vacancies to be filled in the manner provided hereunder, that is to say :-

(a) if the committee is to consist of ten members, there shall be appointed;

(i) five members from growers of the notified market area concerned; and ,

(ii) two members from persons licenced under

section 6 and one member from persons

_ licenced under section 9 and working as

a weighman, broker or palledar in the notified market area concerned; and

(iii) one member from amongst the consumers resident in the notified market area concerned who is not a dealer or a grower.

(b) If the committee is to consist of seventeen members, they shall be appointed : -

(i) nine members from growers of the notified market area concerned;

(ii) five members from persons licenced under section 6 and one member from persons working as a weighman, broker or palledar from the notified market area concerned who is not a dealer or a grower; and

DUTIES OF THE MARKET COMMITTEE.

PERIOD OF OFFICE OF MEMBER.

(iii) one member from amongst the consumers resident in the notified market area concerned who is not a dealer or a grower.

; C4) If any question arises as to whether any person is or is not a grower for the purposes of this - Act the decision of the Deputy Commissioner shall be final.

(5) Not more than one person related to each other as father, son, brother, uncle, brother-in-law, son-in-law and their ascendants and descendants shall be appointed as a member of the same market committee.

(6) No person shall be appointed as a member of market committee for two consecutive terms.

(7) No act done by a market committee shall be called in question on the ground merely of the existence of any vacancy, or any defect in the constitution of the market committee.

8. (1) The market committee shall enforce the provisions of this Act and the rules and bye-laws made thereunder in the notified market area and when so required by the Government shall establish a market therein providing such facilities for persons visiting it in connection with the purchase, sale, storage, weighing, passing and processing of agricultural produce as the Government may from time to time direct.

(2) Subject to such rules as Government may make in this behalf, the market committee shall issue licence to brokers, weighmen, measurers, surveyors, warehousemen, chargers, palledars, bonitos, Rolas, tokriwalas and rehriwalas for carrying on their occupation in the market area in respect of agricultural produce and to renew, suspend or cancel such licences.

(3) No broker, weighman, measurer, surveyor, warehouseman, changer, palledar, boriota, tola, tokriwala and rehriwala shall unless duly authorized by licence carry on his occupation in a notified market area in respect of agricultural produce.

10. Subject to the provisions of Section 13, every member shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of his appointment and if on the expiry of this period no person is appointed to succeed him, such member shall unless the

Government otherwise directs, continue to hold office until his successor is appointed.

REMOVAL OF
MEMBER.

ELECTION OF
CHAIRMAN AND
VICE CHAIRMAN

FILLING OF
VACANCIES.

INCORPORATION
OF COMMITTEE,

SUB COMMITTEE
AND DELEGATION
OF POWERS.

10

it, The Government may at any time, by notification, remove any member if such member has, 'in their opinion, been guilty

of misconduct or neglect of duty or has been wrongly or improperly appointed or has lost the qualification on the strength of which he was appointed or whose continuance as a member in the opinion of Government is not desirable.

12. Every market committee shall elect from amongst its members a chairman and vice-chairman:

Provided that a member who is not a grower shall not be eligible for election as chairman.

13. If any vacancy of a member of a market committee occurs due to his death, resignation, transfer or retirement or is caused by the removal of any member in accordance with the provision of section 11, Government may appoint any person as a member to fill such vacancy in accordance with the provisions of Section 8;

Provided that term of office of the member so appointed shall expire on the same date as the term of office of the vacating member would have expired had the latter held office for the full period allowed under section 10 unless there be delay in appointing a new member to succeed the member first mentioned above, in which case it shall expire on the date on which his successor is appointed by the Government.

14, Every market committee shall be a body corporate by such name as the Government may specify in the notification establishing it, shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, may sue and be sued in its corporate name, and shall subject to the provisions of section 26, be competent to acquire

and hold property, both movable and immovable, to lease sell

_or otherwise transfer any movable or immovable property which

may have become vested in or been acquired by it, and to

contract and to do ail other things necessary for the purpose .
for which it is established:

Provided that no market committee shall permanently, -
transfer any immovable property except in _pursuance of a
resolution passed at a meeting specially convened for the
purpose by a majority of not less then three fourth of the
members of the market committee.

45. (1) The market committee may appoint two or more
of its members to be a sub-committee for the conduct of any
work or to report on any matter.

APPOINTMENT AND'
SALARIES OF
OFFICERS AND
SERVANT OF MARKET
COMMITTEE.

EMPLOYEES AND
MEMBERS TO BE
PUBLIC SERVANTS

il

(2) The market committee may delegate to or withdraw from any one or more of its members or sub-committee such of its powers or duties and in such manner as may be prescribed.

16. (1) Subject to such rules as may be made by the Government 'in this behalf, a market committee may employ

such persons as may be necessary for the management of the market including seasonal and part-time staff, may pay such persons such salaries and wages as it may think fit and shall have power to control, remove and punish them. The market committee may also in such manner as may be prescribed, grant to its employees such leave, allowances, pension, gratuities or compassionate allowance as it deems proper; and may contribute to any provident fund which may be established

for the benefit of such employees.

(2) The Government may constitute a market committee employees cadre for such employees and on such terms and conditions of service as may be prescribed.

(3) Subject to such rules as may be made by the Government, every employee of a market committee shall be liable to be transferred for service in any market committee of the province.

(4) The committee shall, in the case of any Government servant whom it employs pay to Government such contribution towards pension and leave allowances of such servant as may be payable under rules applicable to that

Government servant.

17. Every person employed by a market committee and every member thereof shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code.

WITHIN THE MEANING

OF THE PAKISTAN

PENAL CODE.

EXCUTION OF
CONTRACTS.

18. (1) Every contract entered into by a market committee shall be in writing and shall be signed on behalf of the market committee by the chairman and two members, or, if for .any reason the chairman is unable to act, by the vice-chairman and two members of the market committee and shall be sealed with the common seal of the market committee.

(2) No contract other than a contract executed in the manner provided in sub-section (1) shall be binding on a

market committee.

LEVY OF FEES.

MARKET COMMITTEE FUND .

12

19. A market committee may, subject to such rules as may be made by Government in this behalf levy fees, not exceeding the maximum rates prescribed, on the agricultural produce bought or sold by or through a dealer in the notified market area:

Provided that,

(a) no fee shall be leviable in respect of any transaction in which delivery of the agricultural produce bought or sold is not actually made.

(b) no fee shall be liable on a person who is not a party to a transaction.

(c) no fee shall be leviable in respect of any subsequent transaction of sale or purchase within the same notified area of an agricultural produce extracted after being subject to manufacturing or processing.

20. (1) All moneys received by a market committee shall be deposited into a fund to be called the Market Committee Fund. All expenditure incurred by a market committee under or for the purpose of this Act shall be defrayed out of the said fund and any surplus remaining after meeting such expenditure shall be invested in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) (a) Every market committee shall, out of its fund, pay to the Government in consultation with the market committee for giving effect to provisions of this Act in the notified market area.

(b) The Government shall determine the cost of such special additional staff and shall where the staff is employed for the purposes of more market committees than one, apportion such cost among the committees concerned in such manner as they think. The decision of the Government determining the amount payable by any market committee shall be final.

(3) Every market committee shall out of its fund pay to the Government such percentage of its income as may be prescribed, to be credited to a fund maintained and operated upon by the Government for purposes common to or in the overall interests of the market committees. -

PURPOSES FOR WHICH 21, Subject to the provisions of section 20 the market
THE FUND MAY BE ~ committees fund shall be expended for the following purposes

EXPENDED. only:-

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acquisition of land for the establishment of
market or markets;

maintenance and improvement of the
markets including construction of storages,
platforms small pullies, culverts and road;

construction and repair of buildings which
are necessary for the purposes of
establishing such markets and for the
health, convenience and safety of the
persons using them;

collection and dissemination of information
regarding all matters relating to marketing
in respect of the agricultural produce and
propaganda in favour of agricultural
improvement and thrift;

providing comforts and facilities, such as
light, sanitation, shelter, shade, parking,
accommodation and water for the persons,
drought cattle, vehicles and pack animals
coming to the market and similar other

purposes;

provision of facilities such as cleaning sels, plants or grading, standardization, packing and processing of agricultural produce;

construction of cold storages, warehouses and godowns for the benefit of growers;

establishment of feeder markets;

provision and maintenance of standard weights and measures;

pay, leave, compassionate and medical allowances, gratuities, pensions, honoraria

and contributions towards leave allowances or provident fund of the persons employed

by market committee;

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(xv)

(xvi)

(xvii)

(xviii)

(xix)

(a)

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(xxi)

14

payment of interest on loans that may be raised for the purposes of the market and

the provision of sinking fund in respect of such loans;

expenses incurred in auditing the account of market committee;

Payment of travelling allowances to the members and employees of market committees and members of the Board of Arbitrators as prescribed;

payment of allowances and honoraria to the administrator of the superseded market committee;

contribution towards the market committees fund subject to rules framed thereunder;

payment of property tax and house tax;

payment of other taxes as covered by appropriate "Acts;

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engagement of a lawyer;

subject to previous sanction of the
Government: -

purchase of load carrying vehicles for
bringing agricultural produce of farmers
to the markets;

agriculture implements and machinery to
be distributed amongst growers of the

market area;

holding of agriculture melas, fairs,
exhibitions and shows for agriculture
ublicity and propaganda amongst farmers
or improved production;

advance of loans on interest to other
market commiltees in the district for
carrying out development projects, with
the previous sanction of the Government;

LEVY OF
SURCHARGE
ON LOSS.

TRADE ALLOWANCE,

BITR BOARD.

15

(xxii) training of members and staff of market
committees and members of the Board of

Arbitrators;

(xxiii) purchase/sale of essential agricultural
commodities;

(xxiv) any other purpose that may be declared
by notification by the Government for
improvement of agriculture and agriculture
marketing which is calculated to promote
the general interest of the farmer.

22. (1). Every person shall be liable for the loss waste
or misapplication of any money or property belonging to a
market committee, if such loss, waste or misapplications proved
to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner or any other
officer specially empowered in this behalf by the Government
to be the direct consequence of such person neglect or mis-
conduct in the performance of his duties while being a member
of the market committee.

(2) The person against whom an order under
sub-section (1) is made by within one month of the issue of
such order, appeal to the Government which shall have the
power of confirming modifying or setting aside the order.

23. No trade allowance, other than an allowance prescribed
by rules or bye-laws made under this Act shall be made
or received in a notified market area by any person in any
transaction in respect of agricultural produce and no civil
court shall, in any suit or proceeding arising out of any such

transaction, recognize any trade allowance not prescribed.

24. (1) The Government may by notification direct that
all or any of the disputes, other than a dispute to which all

the parties or dealers, arising in a notified market area, and
relating to such matters connected with agricultural produce
as may be prescribed shall be referred to a Board of Arbitrators
constituted under this Act in such manner, for such
period and subject to such provisions as may be prescribed.

(2) The Board shall receive and record evidence,
and shall have power to administer oaths to parties and witness,
and, on requisition in writing signed by the chairman of the
Board, the Magistrate authorized by the District Magistrate in
this behalf shall issue necessary processes for the attendance

BAR OF SUIT
IN ABSENCE OF
NOTICE.

POWER TO BORROW.

16

of witness and the production of documents and material objects required by the Board, and may enforce the said processes as if they were processes for attendance and for production before himself.

(3) No member of the Board, who has a direct interest in the matter under reference, shall take part in the consideration or discussion of or vote on any question with respect to the said matter,

(4) The decision of the Board of Arbitrators shall be in accordance with majority of votes.

(5) If a majority of votes is not in favour of any proposed decision, the opinion of the chairman of the Board

shall prevail.

(6) The decision of a Board of Arbitrators shall: -

(a) be enforced by a civil court having jurisdiction as if it were a decree of that

court; and

(b) be final and shall not be questioned in any court,

25. (1) No suit shall be instituted against any market committee or any member or employee thereof or any person acting under the direction of any such market committee, member, or employee for anything done or purporting to be done under this Act until the expiration of two months next after a notice in writing, stating the cause of action, the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff and the relief which he claims has been in the base of a market committee, delivered or left at its office, and in the case of any such member, employee or person as aforesaid, delivered to him or left at his office or usual place of abode, and the plaint shall contain a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

(2) Every such suit shall be dismissed unless it is instituted within six months from the date of the accrual of the cause of action.

26. (1) A market committee may, with the sanction of the Government raise money required for carrying out the

POWER TO ANNUAL
PROCEEDINGS.

17

purposes for which it is established in the security of any property vested in and belonging to the market committee and of any fees leviable by the market committee under this

Act.

(2) A market committee may, for the purpose of meeting the initial expenditure on lands, buildings and equipment required for establishing a market, and for the proper discharge of the duties and functions imposed on it by or under this Act, obtain a loan from the Government or from any other market committee on such conditions and subject to such rules as may be prescribed.

27. (1) Government may by order in writing call for the record and annual any proceeding of a market committee or its sub-committees which it considers not to be in conformity with law or rules or bye-laws and may do all things necessary to secure such conformity, or may suspend any resolution which it considers likely to lead to breach of peace, or to cause injury or annoyance to public or to any class or body of persons, or is likely to effect adversely the interest of the market committee or of growers or dealers transacting business in agricultural produce or of any class of function arise working

in the notified market areas.

(2) An officer authorised by Government may by order in writing, suspend within the limits of the notified market area, the execution of any resolution or order of a market committee or its sub-committees or prohibit the doing within these limits, of any act which is being done or is about to be done in pursuance of or under cover of this Act or any rule or bye-law^o. 1* thereunder, if in his opinion the resolution, order or act is in excess of the powers conferred by law or is likely to lead to breach of peace or to cause injury or annoyance to public or to any class or body of persons, or is likely to affect adversely the interest of the market committee or of growers or dealers transacting business in agricultural produce or of any class of functionaries working in the notified market area concerned.

(3) The officer making an order under this section, shall forthwith forward a copy thereof, with a statement of his reasons for making it and the explanation, if any, of the market committee concerned, to the Government who may thereupon rescind the order or direct that it shall continue in force with or without modification, permanently or for such

period as it thinks fit.

SUPERSESSION
OF MARKET
COMMITTEE.

18

28. = (1) If, in the opinion of the Government a market committee is incompetent to perform or persistently make default in performing the duties imposed on it by or under this - Act is in excess of the powers, the Government may, by notification supersede such committee.

Provided that before issuing a notification under this sub-section the Government shall give a reasonable opportunity to the market committee for showing cause against the proposed supersession and shall consider the explanations and objections, if any, of the market committee.

(2) Upon the publication of a notification under sub-section (1) the following consequences shall ensure: -

(a) All the members including chairman and vice chairman of the market committee shall, as from the date of such publication, be deemed to have ceased to be members of the market committee;

(b) All assets of the market committee shall vest in Government and the Government shall be liable for all the legal liabilities of the market committee subsisting at the date of its supersession upto the limit of the said assets.

(3) The Government may at its discretion, by order. constitute either a new market committee as provided under the section 7 or such other authority for carrying out the functions of the market committee as the Government may deem fit.

(4) (a) When the Government have made an order under sub-section (3) the assets and liabilities defined in sub-section (2) (b) vesting in the Government at the date of such order shall be deemed to have been transferred on the date of such order to the new market committee or authority constituted as aforesaid.

(b) Where the Government by order under sub-section (3) have appointed an authority other than a new market committee for the carrying out of the functions of the superseded market committee, the Government may by notification determine the period not exceeding 90 days for which such authority shall act:

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

ENCROACHMENT .

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Provided that the term of office of such authority may be terminated earlier if the Government for any reason considers it necessary.

(ii) At the expiry of the term of office of such authority, a new market committee

shall be constituted.

(iii) Upon such an order being made the assets and liabilities vesting in the authority thereby superseded, shall be deemed to have been transferred by such order to the new market committee.

(5) Whenever the assets of a market committee vest in the Government and no new market committee or authority is appointed in its place, the Government shall employ the balance of the assets remaining after the discharge of the subsisting legal liabilities at the said market committee for any object of public utility in the area specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1) of section 4.

29. Where any land is required by a Municipality for carrying out any of its functions under this Act, it shall obtain the prior approval of the Collector of the district for the acquisition of land under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894.

30. (1) If any person makes an encroachment, movable or immovable, on, over or under a road, drain, or open space belonging to a market committee without its written permission, the market committee, in addition to instituting criminal proceedings against him, may, by notice required by law, require the person responsible for any such encroachment to remove the same in a period of seven days, and if the encroachment is not removed within such period, the market committee may cause the encroachment to be removed through its own agency, and the cost incurred thereon by the market committee shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, no compensation shall be payable for any encroachment removed or caused to be removed under this section.

TRAINING
INSTITUTION.

RECOVERY
OF DUES.

EMERGENCY
POWERS.

PENALTIES.

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31. (1) The Government may set up a training institute for the training of members and the staff of market committees, dealers, processors and other market functionaries and for the promotion of research in agricultural marketing and allied subjects and may by rules provide: -

(a) for the administration of training institute;
(b) for the compulsory training of members and staff;
(c) for the courses to be studied; and

(d) for the holding of examinations and the award of diplomas and certificates to successful trainees.

(2) Every market committee shall pay towards the cost and maintenance of the institution set up under sub-section (1) such amount as the Government may from time to time determine.

32. (1) All sums due from a market committee to the Government may be recovered in the same manner as arrears of land revenue.

(2) Any amount due to a market committee shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.

33. If at any time Government is satisfied that a situation has arisen in which the purpose of this Act cannot be carried out in accordance with the provisions thereof Government may by notification: -

(a) declare that the functions of the market committee shall, to such extent as may be specified in the notification, be exercised by Government or such person or persons as it may direct;

(b) assume to itself all or any of the powers vested in or exercisable by any market committee; and such notification may contain such incidental and consequential provisions as may appear to Government to be necessary or desirable for

giving effect to the objects of the notification.

34, (1) Whoever contravenes the provisions of section 4 shall on conviction be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees and, in case of a_ continuing

contravention, with a fine which, in addition to such fine as aforesaid may extend to one hundred rupees for every day, after the date of first conviction, during which the contravention is continued. .

(2) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 9, shall, on conviction, be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees and in the case of continuing contravention with fine which in addition to such fine as aforesaid, may extend to ten rupees for every day, after the date of first conviction, during which the contravention is continued.

(3) Whoever contravenes the provisions of section 19 and 23 shall, on conviction, be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

POWERS TO 35. (1) The Government may, either generally or specially MAKE RULES. for any market area or areas, make rules consistent with the Act for carrying out all or any of the purposes thereof.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may provide for: -
(i) appointment and removal of members of market

committee;

ip Power to be exercised and the duties to be performed by the market committee;

(iii) election of the chairman and vice-chairman of market committee and their powers and term of office;

(iv) filling of casual vacancies in the office of members or in the office of chairman or vice-chairman of market committees;

(v) time, place and manner in which a contract between buyer and seller is to be entered into

and money is to be paid to the seller;

(vi) management of the market, maximum fee which may be levied by market committees in respect of agricultural produce bought or sold by licences in the notified market areas, and the recovery and disposal of such fee; :

(vii)

(viii)

(ix)

(x)

(xi)

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issuance, by market committees of licences to brokers, weighmen, measures, surveyors, warehousemen, changers, palledars, bonitos, talas, tokriwalas, and rehriwalas the form in which such licences shall be issued or renewed and the fee, if any, to be charged thereof;

the place or places at which agricultural produce shall be weighed, the kind and description of the scales, weights and measures which alone may be used intransection in agricultura) produce notified market area;

inspection, verification, regulation, correction and confiscation of scales, weights and measures in use in a notified market area;

trade allowances which may be made or received by any person in any transaction in agricultural produce in a notified market area;

(a) constitution, powers and functions of board of arbitrators.

(b) procedure to be followed by Board of Arbitrators in the disposal of reference under

this Act -

(e) transfer of matters and cases from one Board of Arbitrators to another and the transfer

of money in such cases.

(d) representation in proceedings before Board of Arbitrators of parties who are minors or of unsound mind or are unable to make an appearance.

(e) regulation of the scale of costs which may be allowed in proceedings before a Board of

Arbitrators.

(f) peccersios and determining the amount
of the fee payable in respect of any proceedings

before a Board of Arbitrators.

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(g) maintenance, by Board of Arbitrators of registers and records of proceedings before such Board and for the inspection of such registers and records.

prohibition of brokers from acting in the same transaction on behalf of both the buyer and the seller of agricultural produce;

provision of accommodation for storing any agricultural produce brought into the market;

preparation of plans and estimates for works proposed to be constructed partly or wholly at the expense of market committees, and the grant of sanction to such plans and estimates;

from in which the accounts of market committee shall be kept, audit and publication of such accounts, and the charge, if any, to be made for such audit;

management and regulation of provident fund which may be established by a market committee for the benefit its employees;

Preparation and submission for sanction of annual budget and reports and returns to be furnished by a market committee;

investment and disposal of surplus funds of a

market committee;

prescribing any matters in respect of which fee shall be payable under this Act, and fixing the amount of such fee and the mode of payment and recovery thereof;

exemption of persons or classes of persons from the obligation of obtaining licences under section 63

imposing persons licenced under section 6, the duty of making return to market committee at regular intervals of transactions of sale and purchase affected by them or at their place of business, and of producing accounts for inspection and furnishing information when called

(xxii)

BYE-LAWS. 36. (1)

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upon by an authority duly empowered and prescribing the form and mode of verification of, and the particulars to be entered in such returns as well as the nature of such information, and

(a) conditions of service of the employees of market committees and their grades of pay.

(b) schedule of the staff that may be employed by market committee.

(c) principles to be followed in making appointments to various posts under market committees and their appointing authorities.

(d) method for the holding of enquiries in disciplinary cases against servants of market committees, penalties to be imposed and appeals against orders imposing penalties.

(e) matters relating to transfer, retirement, training, pension, gratuities, medical aid, travelling and other allowances, leave, conduct of servants, terms and conditions.

Subject to any rules made by the Government

under Section 35, a market committee may, in respect of the notified market area under its management, make bye-laws for: -

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regulation of business;
conditions of trading;

delegation of powers duties and functions of sub-committees if any, provided by section 15;

remunerations of different functionaries not

specifically mentioned in this Act working
in the notified market area and rendering any
service in connection with the sale or purchase
of agricultural produce;

appointment and punishment of its employees;
and

TRAIL OF
OFFENCES,

VALIDATION OF
CONTINUANCE OF
FUNCTIONS OF
CERTAIN
AUTHORITIES
AND OFFICER,

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(vi) such other matters as are in the opinion of the Government necessary or expedient to be provided for; and may provide the contravention thereof shall be punishable on conviction with a fine which may extend to rupees five hundred.

(2) The power to make bye-laws under this Act. is subject to the condition of the bye-laws being made after previous publication, in such manner as may be prescribed.

(3) The bye-laws shall be submitted to - the Government for confirmation and shall not be valid unless and until approved by the Government.

(4)- The Government may modify the bye-laws or return the same to the market committee for being re-framed.

(5) The bye-laws as approved by the Government shall be published in the official Gazette and shall take effect from the date of such publication.

(6) The Government may cancel the bye-laws of a market committee and thereupon the bye-laws shall cease to have effect.

37. (i) No offence made punishable by this Act or any rule or bye-laws made thereunder shall be tried by a court inferior to that of Magistrate of the First Class.

® Prosecutions under this Act may be instituted by a person duly authorized by a resolution of the market committee in this behalf.

(3) All fines recovered from an offender shall be credited to the market committee fund.

(4) A market committee may, before instituting any offence and may exercise this power at any time before directing prosecution, or where a prosecution has been instituted, before the case is finally disposed of by the trying Magistrates.

38. Notwithstanding anything contained in this ' Act
ail authorities and all officers who immediately before thé
enforcement of this Act were exercising functions of
market committees under the repealed enactments or any other'
law shall continue to exercise their respective under this
Act til the market committees are constituted:

Provided that the Government may withdraw all or any of the functions from such authorities or officers as it may deem necessary.

1) The Agricultural Produce Market Act, 1939 (1V

39, (-of 1939), and section 86 to 94 of the Balochistan Local

Government Ordinance, 1980 (II of 1980), and the Balochistan Agricultural Produce Markets Ordinance, 1991 (1 of 1991), are

hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the aforesaid laws, every thing done, action taken, obligation, liability, penalty or punishment, incurred, licence granted, inquiry or proceeding made, committees appointed or person appointed or authorized, jurisdiction or power conferred, rule or bye-laws made and order or notification issued under any of the provision of this Act to constitute and so far as may be, deemed to have been respectively done, taken, incurred, commenced appointed, authorized, conferred made or issued under this Act.

MUHAMMAD HASAN SHAH
Secretary,
Provincial Assembly Balochistan.