

**THE BALOCHISTAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES
(INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM) ENFORCEMENT
ORDINANCE, 1977**

(Baln. Ordinance XII of 1977)

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Penalty for giving short weight or measure, etc.

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'THE 7BALOCHISTAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES
(INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM) ENFORCEMENT

ORDINANCE, 1977

(Balochistan Ordinance XII of 1977)

[6" December, 1977]

An Ordinance to provide for the enforcement of
standard weights and measures in the Province of Balochistan
and matters connected therewith.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the
enforcement of standard of weights and measures in the
Province of Balochistan based on the International System of
Weights & Measures and for matters connected therewith;

AND WHEREAS the Governor is satisfied that
circumstances exist which render it necessary to take immediate
action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in pursuance of the Proclamation
of the fifth day of July, 1977, read with the Law (Continuance
in Force) Order, 1977 (CMLA Order No. 1 of 1977)* and in
exercise of all powers enabling him in that behalf the Governor
of Balochistan is pleased to make and promulgate the following

Ordinance: —

CHAPTER - I

PRELIMINARY

Short title, extent 1. (1) This Ordinance may be called the Balochistan
and Weights and Measures (International System) Enforcement
commencemen Ordinance, 1977.

t.

(2) It extend to whole of the Province of Balochistan

except Tribal Areas®

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the
Provincial Government, may by notification in the official
gazette appoint; and different dates may be appointed in respect

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This Ordinance was promulgated by the Governor of Balochistan on 30" November, 1977; published in the Balochistan Gazette
(Extraordinary) No. 86, dated 6" December, 1977. Saved and validated by Article 270-A of the Constitution of the Islamic
Republic of Pakistan (1973).

Spelling of the word "Baluchistan", wherever it appears in this ordinance, is corrected by insertion of letter "o" instead of "u"; as per Government of Balochistan, S&GAD's Notification No. SORI (4) 6/ S&GAD-89, dated 18" June, 1989.

3 Proclamation of Martial Law, published in the Gazette of Pakistan, Extraordinary, Part I, dated 5" July, 1977.

4 Chief Martial Law Administrator Order I of 1977, published in the Gazette of Pakistan, Extraordinary, Part I, dated 5" July, 1977.

5 Extended to Tribal Areas of Balochistan by Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 13, dated 14" February, 1979.

of different provisions of the Ordinance, or for different areas or for different classes of goods or classes of undertaking of trades.

Definitions. 2. (1) In this Ordinance unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context: —

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)

(g)

(h)

(1)

Gj)

"Commercial Weights or Measures" means a weight or measure used or intend to be used in any transactions of trade or commerce;

"Controller". means the Controller of Weights and Measures appointed under section 18 (1) and includes Deputy Controllers of Weights and Measures, and Assistant Controllers of Weights and Measures;

"Government" means the Government of Balochistan;

"Inspector" means an Inspector of Weights & Measures appointed under Sub-section (1) of section 18 and includes a Sub Inspector of Weights & Measures;

"Measuring Instrument" includes any instrument for measuring length, area,

volume or capacity but does not include a weighing instrument;

"Prescribed" means prescribed by rules;

"Reference standards" means the sets of weights and measures prepared under section 10 of the Weights and Measures (International System) Act, 1967!;

"Rules" means rules made under this Ordinance;

"Secondary Standards" means the sets of Weights and Measures prepared under section 4;

"Trade" with its grammatical variations means any sale, bargain transaction,

That is Act V of 1967 assented by the President of Pakistan on 10" June, 1967; and published in the Gazette of Pakistan, Extraordinary, dated 12" June, 1967.

Working Standards.

dealing or contract and _ includes
collections of tools and duties;

(k) "Verify" with its grammatical variations
means verify or reverify in accordance
with the provisions of this Ordinance and
the rules;

(1) "Weighing Instrument" means any
instrument for measuring weight and
includes scales, with the weights
belonging thereto, scale beams, balances,
spring balances, steel yards and other
weighing machines;

(m) "Working Standards" means the sets of
weight and measures prepared under
section 3.

(2) Save as otherwise provided in this Ordinance or
where the context otherwise required the words and expressions
used but not defined in this Ordinance shall bear the same
meaning as they bear in the Weights & Measures (International
System) Act, 1967!.

CHAPTER - II
STANDARD WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

3. (1) For the purpose of verifying the correctness of
commercial weights & measures and measuring and weighing
instruments used in transaction of trade or commerce,
Government may cause to be prepared as many sets of
standards weights & measures including special sets of
standards weights & measures for bullion and other precious
stones, as it may deem necessary, and such sets shall be called
the working standards.

(2) The working standards shall be made of such
material, and of such design and_ specification, and
authenticated in such manner and by such persons, agency &
authority, as may be prescribed.

(3) The working standards shall be kept at such
places, in such custody and in such manner, as may be
prescribed.

(4) A working standard shall be verified with the
secondary standard and verification shall be marked by such

Secondary
Standards.

Standard weighing
and measuring
Instruments.

persons in such manner and at such places, and after such intervals, as may be prescribed:

Provided that working standard for bullion and precious stones shall be verified with the reference standard.

(5) A working standard which is not verified
Standard and marked under sub-section (4) shall not be used for the purpose of this Ordinance.

(6) A working standard which has become defective
shall cease to have legal force and shall not be used for the purpose of this Ordinance, until it has been verified and marked under Sub-Section (4).

4. (1) For the purpose of verifying the correctness of the working standards, Government may cause to be prepared as many sets of secondary standards as it may deem necessary.

(2) The secondary standards shall be made of such material, and of such designs and specification, as may be prescribed, and shall be stamped and authenticated by such person or authority, as the Government may direct.

(3) The secondary standards shall be kept at such places, in such custody and in such manner, as may be prescribed.

(4) A secondary standard shall be verified with the reference standard at least once in every five years, and the verification shall be done and marked by such person or authority and in such manner and at such places as may be prescribed.

(5) A secondary standard which is not verified and marked under sub section (4) shall not be used for the purposes of this Ordinance.

5. (1) For the purpose of verifying the correctness of commercial weights and measures and weighing and measuring instruments used in transactions of trade or commerce, Govt, may cause to be prepared as many sets of weighing and measuring instruments as it may deem necessary and such sets shall be called working instruments.

(2) The working instruments shall be of such kind,
and shall be verified and stamped in such manner, as may be
prescribed.

Prohibition of use

of weights &
measures other
than standard
weights and
measures.

Power to prescribe

use of weights
only or
measures only,
in certain
cases.

Marking of

denominations
on commercial
weights and
measures.

Prohibition of sale

of unstamped
commercial
weights and
measures.

Prohibition & use

(3) The working instruments shall be kept at all such places where secondary standards or working standards are kept.

6. (1) Notwithstanding any thing contained in any law, no unit of mass or measure other than the standard weight or measure shall be used in any transaction of trade or commerce, or in any dealing or contract, or for doing any work or selling or delivering any goods, or in other undertakings.

(2) No person shall demand or receive, cause to be demanded or received, any quantity of goods or commodity in excess of, or less than, the quantity fixed by the contract or dealing in respect of such goods or commodity and determined in terms of a standard weight or measure.

(3) Any transaction, dealing or contract made or had shall, after the expiry of three months from the commencement of this section be void, in so far it contravenes the provision of

sub-section (1) and (2).

7. (1) Notwithstanding any thing contained in this Ordinance, the Government may by notification direct that in any specified trade or class of trades, no transaction, dealing or contract shall be made or had, except only by weight or by measures.

(2) A notification issued under this section shall take effect in such area and from such date and subject to such condition, if any, as may be specified in such notification.

CHAPTER - III
VERIFICATION AND STAMPING OF
WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

8. Every weight or measure manufactured for use as a commercial weight or measure shall bear the denomination of the weight or measure which it purports to be marked legibly on it, in such manner as may be prescribed.

9. No commercial weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument shall be sold or delivered, unless it has been verified or re-verified and stamped in the prescribed manner.

10. No weight or measure or weighing or measuring

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of unstamped
commercial
weights or
measures.

Power of
Government to
exempt.

Marking of weights
or measures in
sealed
containers.

Limits of error to
be tolerated in
weights and
measures.

Prohibition of the
manufacture
etc; of weights
and measures
without
licence.

Security.

instrument shall be used in any transaction of trade or commerce, unless it has been verified or re-verified and stamped in the prescribed manner.

11. Where the size of a commercial weight or measure renders it impracticable to have any denomination marked on it or to be stamped under the provisions of this Ordinance, Government may, by notification exempt such weight or measure from being so marked or stamped.

12. No person shall sell, offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in his possession for sale, any article contained in a sealed package or container unless such package or container bears thereon or on a label securely attached there to, a description of the net weight or measure of the article contained therein:

Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to an article sold, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or in possession for sale which is not in the opinion of Government ordinarily sold in transactions of trade or commerce by weight or measure.

13. Subject to the Weights and Measures (International

System) Act, 1967¹ and the rules thereunder, Government may prescribe the limits up to which error may be tolerated in working standards, working instruments, commercial weights and measures or weighing or measuring instruments, or selling articles by weight or measure generally, or any trade or class of trades.

14. (1) No person shall, in the course of trade, manufacture, repair or sell any commercial weight or measure or any weighing or measuring instrument unless he has obtained a licence in the prescribed manner.

(2) The Controller or any officer authorised by him in this behalf, shall, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, be competent to grant licence under sub-section (1).

15. (1) A person who has been granted licence under section 14 shall, if so required by Government or an authority nominated by Govt. in this behalf furnish security in the prescribed manner.

(2) The Controller or any officer authorised by him

1 That is Act V of 1967, for detail see footnote under section 2(g).

may, in case of non-compliance of any of the provisions of this Ordinance or any instructions issued by the Controller, Deputy Controller, Assistant Controller or Inspector, order forfeiture of the security or part thereof in such manner as may be

prescribed.

Manufacturers etc; 16. A person who manufactures repairs or deals in weights to maintain and measures or weighing or measuring instruments, or uses records and such weights or measures or instruments in transactions of trade

documents, or commerce, shall maintain such record and account and shall, if so required by an Inspector produce such record and accounts before him for inspection in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that Government may, by order in writing to

exempt any such person or class of such persons from the operation of this section.

Levy of fees. 17. There shall be charged such fees as may be prescribed:

(a) for the grant of licences under section 14;

(b) for the verification or re-verification, marking, stamping and adjustment of commercial weights and measures and weighing or measuring instruments.

Appointment of 18. (1) Government may appoint a Controller and as Controller, many Deputy Controllers, Assistant Controllers, Inspectors and Deputy Sub-Inspectors as may be necessary, possessing such qualifications as may be prescribed
Assistant q yee P ,

Controller, (2) The Controller, Deputy Controllers, Assistant

Inspectors and Controllers, Inspectors and Sub- Inspectors shall exercise the powers and discharge the duties conferred or imposed on them by or under this Ordinance:

Provided that the Controller, Deputy Controllers, Assistant Controllers, may, in addition to their own powers and duties, exercise powers and discharge duties conferred or imposed on the Inspectors.

Jurisdiction of
Inspectors and
recognition
with
Government.

Verification and
stamping by
Inspectors.

(3) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, all Deputy Controllers, Assistant Controllers, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors shall perform their functions under the general superintendence and control of the Controller.

(4) The Controller, Deputy Controllers, Assistant Controllers, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors appointed under this Ordinance shall be deemed to be Public Servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code (XLV of 1860).

19. (1) The Controller or any officer nominated by him may, by general or special order, define the local limits within which each Inspector shall exercise the powers and discharge the duties conferred or imposed on Inspectors by or under this Ordinance.

(2) Every Inspector shall immediately after his appointment enter into a recognizance with Government, in such sum as may be prescribed, for: —

(a) The due discharge of his duties;

(b) The due payment of moneys received by him under this Ordinance at such time and in such manners as prescribed;

may be

(c) The safety of the working standards working instruments and the stamps and appliances for verification in his charge and their due surrender immediately on ceasing to hold office.

20. (1) An Inspector shall: —

(a) attend for the purpose of verification of weights and measures and weighing and measuring instruments, at such place and

time, within his jurisdiction, as may be appointed by the Controller;

(b) verify a weight or measure or weighing

(c)

or measuring instrument which is brought to him for the purpose of verification;

stamp in the prescribed manner a weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument which, on verification as aforesaid he finds to be in conformity with this Ordinance and the rules thereunder;

(2) An Inspector may: —

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

inspect at all reasonable times, the weights or measures or weighing or measuring instruments, which are used in transaction of trade or commerce, or are in the possession of any person or are in any premises for such use, and verify every such weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument with a secondary standard or working standard or weighing or measuring instrument prescribed for the purpose;

enter at reasonable time with or without assistance who are in the service or a local authority as he thinks fit, any place where weights or measures or weighing or measuring instruments are kept for use in transaction of trade or commerce, and inspect such weights or measures or weighing or measuring instruments;

verify the weight or measure of any article sold or delivered in the course of any transaction, for the purpose of verifying the correctness of any weight or measure used in such transactions;

require at reasonable times any trade or his employee or agent to produce before

(e)

(f)

him for inspection all weights and measures and weighing and measuring instrument which are used by or are in possession of, or are kept on any premises used for trade by, such trader or his employee or agent and all document and record relating thereto;

seize and detain any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument in respect of which an offence under this Ordinance has been committed, or which appears to have been used or is likely to be used in the commission of such an offence, and also seize and detain any article sold or delivered by means of such weight or measure or weighing or measuring instruments, together with any document or records relating thereto;

break open, the sealed package or container, if he has reason to believe that such package or container does not contain the net weight or measure of the article which it purports to contain and verify its contents and if, on such verification, the net weight or measure of the article found to be correct, the Inspector shall re-seal the package or container where it is possible to do so without causing injury to the contents thereof, and attach there to a certificate stating the correct weight or measure of the article; and if on such verification, the net weight or measure of the article is found to be incorrect, the Inspector may seize and detain the package or container and the article contained therein.

Power of Inspectors
to adjust
weight or
measure.

Validity of weights
and measures
duly stamped.

Appeals.

21. | Where the controller is of the opinion that it is necessary to adjust the weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument in any area, he may authorise the Inspector of that area to adjust such weights or measures or weighing or measuring instruments.

22. Any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument manufactured, stamped or verified in the province in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance or under the authority of the Federal Government or the Federating Provinces, shall be valid in such areas of the Province in which the relevant provisions of this Ordinance are enforced for such period as may be notified, and shall be restamped by reason of its being used in areas other than that in which it was originally manufactured, stamped or verified.

23. (1) If any difference arises between any person and Inspector with regard to the methods of verifying, adjusting or stamping any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument or any other matter under this Ordinance or rules thereunder, the Inspector on request of such person shall, or at his own initiative may refer such difference to the Controller, whose decision shall, subject to the provision of sub section (2), be final.

(2) An appeal shall lie: —

(a) from a decision of an Inspector, Assistant Controller or Deputy Controller to the Controller, and

(b) from a decision of the Controller not being a decision made in appeal under clause (a) to the Government or any other officer authorised by it in this behalf.

(3) An appeal, under this section shall be preferred within sixty days from the date of the decision.

(4) On receipt of the appeal, the appellate authority

shall, after giving the appellant a reasonable opportunity of

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Revision.

Penalty for sale or

delivery by
weights or
measures other
than standard
weights and
measures.

Penalty for sale of

unstamped
commercial
weights and
measures.

Penalty for use or

possession of
unstamped
commercial
weights &
measures.

being heard, and after making such enquiry as it deems fit make
an appropriate order which shall be final.

24. — Any person aggrieved by an order made under section
23 not being the order of the Government may apply for
revision of such order to such person or authority and within
such period as may be prescribed and the order made by such
person or authority shall be final.

CHAPTER - IV PENALTIES

25. (1)
coming into force of this section, sells or causes to be sold, or
delivers or caused to be delivered, in the course of any

Whosoever, after the expiry of six months, from

transaction of trade or commerce any article by any
denomination of weight or measure other than one of standard
weight or measure, shall, on conviction for a first offence be
punished with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees,
and on conviction for subsequent offence be punished with
imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend
to three months, or with fine or with both.

(2) Whosoever contravenes the provision of section 6 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand and five hundred rupees.

26. | Whosoever sells or delivers or causes to be sold or delivered any commercial weight or measure, or any weighing or measuring instrument, which has not been verified, or stamped under this Ordinance and the rules thereunder, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees.

27. | Whosoever uses in any transaction of trade or commerce, or has in his possession for such use, any commercial weight or measure or any weighing or measuring instrument, which has not been verified, or reverified, or stamped under this Ordinance and the rules thereunder, shall on conviction, for a first offence be punished with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, and on conviction for a

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Penalty for use of
weight or
measure in
contravention
of Sec. 8.

Penalty for
manufacture,
repair or sale
of weights, etc;
without
licence.

Penalty for failure
to mark weight
or measure on
sealed
containers.

Penalty for
fraudulently
use of weights
and measures,
etc.

subsequent offence be punished with imprisonment of either
description for a term which may extend to three months or
with fine or with both.

Explanation 1:— — When such weight or
measure, or weighing or measuring instrument, is found in the

any

possession of any trader, or his employee or agent such contrary
is proved, be presumed to possess its use in transaction of trade
or commerce.

Explanation 2:— Where any employee or agent or
trader uses or has in possession for use, on behalf of such trader
any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument
mentioned in this section such trader shall, unless he proves that
the offence is committed without his knowledge or consent,
also be liable for such offence.

28. | Whosoever contravenes provisions of a notification
issued under section 8, shall be punished with fine which may
extend to two thousand rupees.

29. | Where any person manufactures, repairs or sells any
commercial weight or measures or weighing or measuring

instrument, without any licence under section 14, he shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both.

30. | Whosoever contravenes the provisions of section 12 shall be punished with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees.

31. | Whosoever fraudulently uses any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument, which he knows to be false shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

Penalty for being in possession of false weights, or measures, etc.

Penalty for giving short weight or measure, etc.

Penalty for forging etc; of weights measures, etc.

Penalty for neglect or refusal to produce weight or measure, etc for inspection.

32. | Whosoever has in his possession a weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument, which he knows to be false, intending that it may be fraudulently used, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine or with both.

33. | Whosoever sells any article by weight or measures and delivers or causes to be delivered to the purchaser less than what is purported to be sold shall, if the deficiency exceeds the prescribed limit of error, be punished with imprisonment of either description which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees or with both.

34. (1) Whosoever forges or counterfeits any stamp used for stamping any standard weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument or possesses any such counterfeits stamps or removes a stamp from any standard weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument and inserts the same into another weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument, or wilfully increases or diminished a weight or measure so stamped, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year or with fine, or with both.

(2) Whosoever knowingly uses, or sells or offers for sale or disposes of, any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument with forged or counterfeit stamp thereon, or a weight or a measure increased or diminished as aforesaid shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extent to ten thousand rupees or with both.

35. (a) Whosoever refuses or neglects to produce for inspection under section 20 any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument or any document, or record relating thereto, in his possession or on his premises; or obstructs or in any manner hinders any Inspector in the performance of his duties under this Ordinance;

**Penalty for making
or selling false
weights or
measures, etc.**

**Penalty for breach
of duty.**

**Offences by
Companies and
Corporations.**

Forfeiture.

or

(b) Fails to maintain the records or accounts or to produce such record before an Inspector under section 16, shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine, which may extend to two thousand and five hundred rupees, or with both.

36. Whosoever makes, sells or disposes of, or causes to be made, sold or disposed of, any weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument which he knows or has reason to believe to be false in order that the same may be used as true or knowing that the same is likely to be used as true, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees, or with both.

37. Where an officer or official appointed under this Ordinance knowingly, acts or discharges his duties in contravention of this Ordinance or the rules made thereunder shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year or with fine, which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both.

38. If a person committing an offence under this Ordinance or rules thereunder is a company or other body corporate, every director, manager, secretary or other officer or agent thereof shall, unless he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent such commission of the offence be deemed to be guilty of such offence.

39. A weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument in respect of which an offence has been committed under this Ordinance or rules there-under shall be forfeited to Government.

CHAPTER - V

MISCELLANEOUS

Stamped weight 40. If an Inspector or any person acting under general or etc; to be special authority of the Controller produces in Court any weight presumed to be of measure or weighing or measuring instrument which has been stamped under the provisions of this Ordinance and the rules thereunder, such weight or measure or weighing or measuring instrument shall be presumed to be correct until contrary proved the burden of which shall be on a person challenging its correctness.

Delegation of 41. Government may, by notification, direct that any power exercisable by it under this Ordinance shall, in relation to such matters and subject to such conditions as may be specified, be exercisable also by any officer or authority or subordinate to it.

Special Provisions 42. | Where the Federal Government has by notification during the issued under sub section (2) of section 22 of the Weights and period for Measures (International System) Act, 1967¹ permitted the use

which other

. of such weights and measures in such area or in respect of such weights and

class of goods or undertakings for such period specified in the

measures

permitted to be notification then the provisions of this Ordinance shall not used under apply, in that area or in relation to that class of goods or section 22 (2) — undertaking, but notwithstanding section 4, the provisions of ua of the law in force immediately before coming into force of this

Ordinance shall continue to have effect in such areas, or in relation to such class of goods or undertakings.

Indemnity. 43. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against any person in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Ordinance or

the rules.

Cognizance of 44. No court inferior to that of a Magistrate of the first class offences. shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this

Ordinance except upon a complaint in writing made by the Controller or any officer authorised by him in this behalf.

Power to make 45. (1) Government may make rules to carry out the rules. purposes of this Ordinance.

1 That is Act V of 1967, for detail see footnote 1 under section 2(g).

Power to exempt.

Repeal and saving.

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(2) Such rules may provide that a breach thereof shall be punished with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees.

46. Government may, by notification, exempt any person or class of persons, area, undertaking, goods or class of undertaking or goods from operation of all or any of the provisions of this Ordinance for such period and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the notification.

47. (1) On the coming into force of this Ordinance in any area or regarding different classes of goods or classes of undertaking or establishments or commodities etc. as may be notified by Government, the provisions of West Pakistan Weights and Measures Ordinance, 1965! as adapted vide Balochistan (Adaptation) Order, 1975? shall stand repealed to that extent.

(2) Anything done or action taken including any appointment rules and orders made, notification or licences issued and appeals preferred under the Ordinance so repealed and under Ordinance IV of 1976? shall be deemed to have been done or taken under this Ordinance as if this Ordinance was in force on the day on which such things were done or action was taken.

That is West Pakistan Ordinance XXXIII of 1965, published in the West Pakistan Gazette, Extraordinary, dated 28" October, 1965.

The Balochistan Laws (Adaptation) Order, 1975 was made by Governor of Balochistan under Article 268 of the Constitution of Pakistan, 1973; and published in the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 17, dated 9" May 1975.

This Ordinance was made by Governor Balochistan and published in the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 21, dated 1st July, 1976. Expired and substituted by Balochistan Ordinance IV of 1977; published in the Balochistan Gazette (Extraordinary) No. 9, dated 18th march, 1977, which Ordinance was also expired and substituted by the existing Ordinance XII of 1977.