

AZAD GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND  
KASHMIR TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION NO. TRANSPORT/1798/CS/73

DATED 24th May, 1973

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22, 43, 68, 69, 70, 74, 96, of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 the Azad Government of the State of Jammu and Kashmir is pleased to make the following

rules, namely:-

THE AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR MOTOR VEHICLES  
RULES, 1973

CHAPTER I  
PRELIMINARY

Short title, extent and commencement:- (1) These rules may be called the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973;

(2) They shall extend to the whole of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

Definitions:- In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them that is to say:

(a) "articulated vehicle" means a motor vehicle to which a trailer is attached in such a manner that part of the trailer is superimposed on, and part of the weight of the trailer is borne by the principal vehicle;

(b) "Government" means the Azad Government of the State of Jammu and Kashmir;

(c) "Form" means a form set forth in the first Schedule to the Ordinance or appended to these rules;

(d) "Forwarding Agent" means any registered firm or a company with liability engaged in the business of booking goods

for transit from one place to another and permitted under Chapter VII of the rules to use a place for the loading, unloading and halting of goods vehicles;

(e) "Motor cab rickshaw" means a motor cab, with three wheels, the unladen weight of which does not exceed 900 pounds avoirdupois, constructed, adapted or used to carry not more than two passengers excluding the driver;

(f) "Motor cycle rickshaw" means a motor vehicle with three wheels, the unladen weight of which does not exceed 900 pound avoirdupois, constructed, adapted or used for private purposes, other than for hire or reward, to carry not more than two persons excluding the driver;

(g) "Motor Vehicles Examiner" means an officer appointed by the Chairman Transport Authority under rule 34;

(h) "Ordinance" means the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicle Ordinance, 1971;

(i) "Passenger" for the purpose of the rules in Chapter IV means any person traveling in a public service vehicle other than the driver or the conductor or an employee of the permit holder while on duty;

Gj) "Pounds" means pounds avoirdupois;

(k) "Province" means Azad Jammu and Kashmir State;

(J) "Section" means a section of the Ordinance;

(m) "Urban area" means the area of a municipality, small town or cantonment, or other local area which may be specially notified by Government as an urban area.

Payment of Fees:- The fees prescribed in these rules shall be paid in advance in accordance with the instructions and manner notified by Government from time to time.

Powers of Government to exempt motor vehicles from the operation of the rules:- Government in consultation with the

Transport Authority or the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority, if authorised by that authority in this behalf, may, by

order in writing, exempt any motor vehicles or class of motor vehicles from the operation of all or any of these rules.

CHAPTER II  
LICENSING OF DRIVERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES

Licensing Authority:- (1) The licensing authority shall be the superintendent of Police of the district or other gazetted police officer nominated by him to act as such on his behalf.

(2) The area of jurisdiction of each Licensing authority shall be the area of the district.

Authorisation to drive a public service vehicles:- (1) No person shall drive a public service vehicle unless in his license as authorisation in Form C to the Ordinance has been granted or countersigned by a licensing authority;

(2) No person shall drive a public service vehicle on any road specified in the First Schedule to these rules unless the words "Valid also for Hill Roads" have been added to the aforesaid authorisation by the appropriate licensing authority;

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (4) a holder of a driving licence may at any time apply to the licensing authority in Form L.P.S.A. for the grant or countersignature of the aforesaid authorisation and shall forward his driving licence with such application.

(4) No authorisation to drive a motor cab, other than a motor cab rickshaw, shall be granted unless the applicant holds a valid licence to drive a motor car for one year or more. Similarly, no authorisation to drive a public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, shall be granted unless the applicant has previous experience in driving a heavy transport vehicle at least for one year; No such restriction shall apply in the case of licence to drive a motor cab rickshaw:

Provided that Government, if satisfied that any vehicle or class of vehicles can without danger to public safety be permitted to be driven without insisting on such previous experience as aforesaid, may by general or special order, exempt applicants for authorisation to drive such vehicle or class of vehicles from the operation of this sub-rule.

(5) The licensing authority to which application is made as aforesaid may, if it thinks fit in order to ascertain whether the applicant is a fit person for being granted the authorisation, make enquiries into his character and antecedents and by a notice in writing summon him to appear before it at such time and place as it may appoint and may in the case of the holder of a driving licence issued outside the Province or in the case of an application under sub-rule (7) require the applicant to pass the test as set forth in the Third Schedule to the Ordinance notwithstanding that the applicant shall previously have passed the test.

(6) If the licensing authority is satisfied that the applicant is in all respects fit to be authorized to drive a public service vehicle, the driving licence shall be signed or countersigned accordingly. The licensing authority shall then return the driving licence to the applicant thereof and shall at the same time, if the driving licence was issued by a different licensing authority, send an intimation in Form L.P.S. to such a licensing authority. The licensing authority shall refuse to grant or countersign the authorisation if it finds that the applicant is not a fit and proper person to be charged with the safe carriage of passengers and property.

(7) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, no person shall be authorised to drive a motor cab or a motor cab rickshaw within the Azad Kashmir, unless the appropriate licensing authority is satisfied that such a person has adequate knowledge of the topographic features of Azad Kashmir and has granted or countersigned the authorisation accordingly.

(8) Where a person holding an authorisation to drive a public service vehicle makes an application for its renewal, then he shall, if so required by the licensing authority, submit himself to medical examination to a registered medical practitioner and shall obtain a certificate in Form B (as set forth in the First Schedule to the Ordinance) and forward it to the licensing authority together with the driving licence.

(9) If the licensing authority on considering the certificate received by him under sub-rule (8) is of opinion that the applicant is suffering from a disease which makes driving of a public service vehicle by him undesirable, it may after giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard refuse to renew the authorisation applied for.

(10) 'If a licensing authority refuses to issue or cancels or refuses to renew any licence it shall do so only after giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard.

Power to make inquiries of applicant for driving licence:-  
Upon the receipt of an application for a driving licence, the licensing authority may make such inquiries as may reasonably be necessary to establish the identity of the applicant and to ascertain that the applicant is not disqualified for holding or obtaining a driving licence.

Testing Officers:- (1) The test of competence to drive as set forth in the Third Schedule to the Ordinance, shall be conducted:-

(a) in the case of an application for a licence to drive transport vehicle, other than delivery van, or to drive any vehicle as a paid employee, by a Board consisting of:-

(i) the Secretary Regional Transport Authority of the area concerned;

(ii) the Motor Vehicles Examiner of the area concerned; and

(iii) a representative of Traffic Branch of the Police Department.

The quorum of the meeting of the Board shall be two members, and one of the two shall be the Motor Vehicles Examiner;

(b) in the case of a licence to drive any other vehicle, by an Inspector or Sub-Inspector or Sergeant of Police authorised by the Superintendent of Police in this behalf:

Provided that in either case a second test may be conducted, if and when so required, by any officer authorised in this behalf by Government in consultation with the Inspector General of Police, Azad Kashmir,

(2) Subject to sub-section 7, the applicant shall furnish a serviceable vehicle of the class to which the application refers and present himself for the test at such time and place as may be specified by the licensing authority or the testing officer.

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(3) The fee payable by the applicant for the test of competence to drive shall be five rupees for each test and shall be paid before the test is commenced. It shall not be refunded in any circumstances:

Provided that no fee for the test of competence shall be payable by the applicant:

(a) if he is employed in the service of the Government for driving a motor vehicle; or

(b) if he is an ex-service man and produces a certificate of proficiency in driving a motor vehicle from an officer of the Armed Forces of Azad Kashmir or Pakistan; or

(c) if he has been exempted by special or general order of the Government.

Appellate authority:- (1) The authority empowered under sub-section (3) of section 14 and sub-section (3) of section 16 to hear appeal against the decisions of a licensing authority shall be the Assistant Inspector-General of Police having jurisdiction in the District.

(2) The authority empowered under sub-section (4) of section 17 to hear appeals against the decisions of a Regional Transport Authority shall be Chairman Provincial Transport Authority.

Conduct and hearing of appeals:- (1) An appeal under rule 9 shall be preferred in duplicate in the form of a memorandum, one copy of which shall bear a court fee of one rupee, setting forth concisely the grounds of objection to the order of the licensing authority or the Regional Transport Authority, as the case may be, and shall be accompanied by a certified copy of that order.

(2) When an appeal is lodged a notice shall issue to the authority against whose order the appeal is preferred in such form as the appellate authority may direct.

(3) The appellate authority, after giving an opportunity to the parties to be heard, and after such further enquiry, if any, as it may deem necessary, may confirm, vary or set aside the order from which the appeal is preferred and shall make an order accordingly.

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(4) Any person preferring an appeal under the provisions of the Ordinance and of the rule shall be entitled to obtain a copy of any document filed with the licensing authority in connection with any order against which he is appealing, on payment of a fee at the rate of fifty paisa per page.

Photograph to be affixed to the medical certificate:- (1) The photograph to be affixed to the medical certificate of fitness in Form B of the on licence shall be firmly affixed to the form and the medical practitioner shall affix his signature or seal to the photograph in addition to signing the form.

(2) The licensing authority may decline to accept a medical certificate of fitness granted more than one month before the date of application for the grant or renewal of a licence as the case may be.

Requirements as to Photograph:- (1) The copies of the photograph required by sub-section (4) of section 7 shall be not more than two inches by two inches and a half in size.

(2) The photograph of the licence holder when affixed to the licence shall be sealed with the seal of the licensing authority in such a manner that part of the impression of the seal is upon the photograph and part on the margin.

(3) If at any time it appears to a licensing authority that the photograph affixed to a licence has ceased to be a clear likeness of the holder, the licensing authority may require the holder to surrender the licence forthwith and to furnish two clear copies of a recent photograph of himself, and the holder shall, within such time as the licensing authority and present the photograph accordingly.

(4) Upon receipt of the copies of the photograph as provided in the preceding sub-rule, the licensing authority shall remove the old photograph from the licence and affix and seal thereto one copy of the new photograph and return the licence to the applicant, and shall, if he is not the licensing authority by whom the licence was issued, forward, the licence alongwith two attested copies of the recent photograph to the authority who issued the same. These photographs shall be compared with the photograph on record with the licensing authority, and, if in order, affix one copy on the licence and after sealing the photograph, return the licence to the licensing authority to whom

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the application was made and such authority shall return the licence to its holder. The other copy of the photograph shall be retained on the record of the issuing authority:

Provided that if that holder of the licence so desires the licensing authority shall issue a duplicate licence with the new photograph affixed thereto and shall destroy the original licence.

(5) When a new photograph is affixed to a licence, a note shall be made upon the photograph of the date of affixture.

(6) The fee for a duplicate licence issued under the provision to sub-rule (4) shall be five rupees.

Licences lost or destroyed- (1) If at any time a licence is lost by the holder or is destroyed, the holder shall forthwith intimate the facts in writing in Form L.L.D. or in a letter setting out the particulars required by Form L.L.D. to the licensing authority in whose area he has his place of resident at the time.

(2) Upon the receipt of intimation as aforesaid the licensing authority shall, if he is not the authority by whom the licence was issued, forward the application alongwith the two attested copies of recent photograph to the licensing authority concerned, concerned, who after making such enquiries as he thinks fit shall, if he is satisfied that a duplicate may be issued, issue a duplicate and send it to licensing authority to whom the application was made, and it shall return the duplicate to the holder thereof.

(3) Where a photograph is required to be affixed to a duplicate licence issued under the provisions of these rules the holder of the licence, shall furnish the licensing authority with two clear copies of a recent photograph of himself, one of which shall be affixed to the duplicate licence.

(4) The fee for a duplicate licence issued under the rule shall be five rupees: provided that if the licence is lost while in the custody of a court or an authority to which it has been submitted or surrendered in pursuance of the provisions of the Ordinance or these rules, a duplicate copy shall be issued free of charge.

(5) When a duplicate licence has been issued upon representation that a licence has been lost and the original licence is afterwards found by the holder he shall deliver it forthwith to the licensing authority who issued the duplicate.

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(6) Any other person finding a driving licence shall deliver it to the nearest Police Station or nearest licensing authority. The Officer in-charge of the Police Station, on receipt of the driving licence, shall immediately forward it to the nearest licensing authority. The licensing authority shall restore the driving licence in case the duplicate driving licence has not been issued and shall substitute it for the duplicate in case such a duplicate has already been issued.

Defaced or torn licences:- (1) If at any time it appears to a licensing authority that a licence held by any person is so torn or defaced that it has ceased to be reasonably legible or that any important part of the original licence has been detached or is missing or that any un-authorised alterations have been made, the licensing authority may impound the licence and issue a duplicate.

(2) If any of the entries are illegible or are missing or it appears that they have been detached or altered without authority, the licensing authority shall, if he is not the authority by whom the licence was issued, forward the licence alongwith two attested copies of recent photographs, to licensing authority concerned, who after making such enquiries as he thinks fit, shall, if he is satisfied, that a duplicate may be issued, issue a duplicate and send it to the licensing authority, who impounded the license, and it shall be delivered to holder. If it is established that deliberate alteration has been made in the licence, the licensing authority shall be competent to cancel the licence after offering an opportunity of being heard to the holder of such a licence.

(3) If a licence impounded as aforesaid is required to have a photograph of the holder affixed thereto, then:-

(i) if the photograph on the impounded licence is in the opinion of the licensing authority satisfactory and conveniently transferable to the duplicate licence, the licensing authority may so transfer, affix and seal the photograph to the duplicate license; or

(ii) if the photograph affixed to a licence impounded under the provision of sub-rule (1) is not in the opinion of the licensing authority such as can be transferred to the duplicate licence, the holder of the licence shall on demand by the licensing authority, furnish two clear copies of a recent photograph of himself one of which shall be affixed to the duplicate licence

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and sealed and the other shall be recorded by the licensing authority by whom the licence was issued.

(4) The fee for a duplicate licence issued under this rule shall be five rupees.

Issue of duplicate licences:- When a duplicate licence is issued under rule 12, rule 13 or rule 14, it shall be clearly stamped "Duplicate" in red and shall be marked with the date of the issuer of the duplicate and the seal of the licensing authority.

Temporary authorisation in lieu of a licence:- (1) When the holder of a licence has surrendered it to a licensing authority or other authority for renewal or for obtaining an endorsement to drive a public service vehicle, or for any other purpose under the Ordinance or these rules, and has deposited the prescribed fee, and the licence has not been suspended or cancelled, the licensing authority or other authority shall furnish him with a receipt for the licence in Form L, Tem or Form L. Tem (Police) and during such time as the receipt shall be specified to remain in force it may be produced in place of the licence under sub-section (1) of section 87.

(2) The granting authority in the case of a receipt in Form L. Tem, or a Magistrate of the first class in the case of a receipt in Form L. Tem (Police), may at his discretion extend the term of the receipt issued under the preceding sub-rule by order endorsed thereon provided that a Magistrate shall not extend the term of a receipt if the holder of the licence is present before him and the licence is available in court.

(3) No fee shall be payable in respect of a receipt given under this rule.

Procedure when licence is forwarded to a Court:- (1) Notwithstanding the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 87, in cases where a driver driving as paid employee or the driver of a transport vehicle has forwarded his licence to a Court under sub-section (2) of section 116, it shall subject to the condition in sub-tule (2) be a sufficient compliance with section 87 if he produces the licence within ten days (or in the case of any driver, if he does not receive the licence back from the Court within ten days, then within four days of its receipt) at a police station or such other place in the region as may be specified by the police officer or other authority making the demand.



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(2) No driver shall be entitled to the benefit of sub-rule (1) unless he exhibits to the police officer or authority who has demanded the production of his licence:-

the summons received by him from the Court, being a summon requiring him to attend on a date not more than fourteen days before or after the date on which the demand is made, and postal receipt for the registered letter under which the licence has been forwarded to the Court.

Learner's driving licence:- (1) Section 3 shall not apply to any person driving a motor vehicle in a public place during the course of receiving instructions or of gaining experience in driving with the object of presenting himself for the test required by sub-section (6) of section 7, so long as:-

(i) the driver has obtained and carries a learner's driving licence in Form L. Lr. entitling him to drive the vehicle;

(ii) there is, beside the driver, in the vehicle as instructor a person duly licensed to drive the vehicle and sitting in such a position as to be able readily to stop the vehicle;

(iii) there is affixed both to the front and rear of the vehicle a white plate or card seven inches square, bearing the letter "L" in red four inches high and three and a half inches wide;

(iv) no fare-paying passengers are carried in the vehicle:

Provided that clause (ii) shall not apply to a person driving a two-wheeled motorcycle with or without a side-car attached.

(2) A separate application for a learner's driving licence for each type of a motor vehicle shall be made in Form L. Lr. A to the licensing authority having jurisdiction in the area in which the applicant ordinarily resides and shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees five.

(3) An applicant for a learner's driving licence shall, if so

required by a licensing authority, present himself for a preliminary oral test in the road traffic regulations.

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(4) A learner's driving licence shall be valid for a period of six months and may be renewed for a further period of six months on payment of a fee of rupees two for each renewal.

(5) A licensing authority may after giving an opportunity of being heard refuse to issue or renew a learner's driving licence or may revoke such a licence issued by it for reasons to be recorded in writing which should be communicated to the applicant or the learner's driving licence holder, as the case may be.

(6) Any person aggrieved by an order under sub-rule (5) may appeal within thirty days to the Inspector General of Police whose decisions shall be final.

(7) A Person driving as a learner shall produce his learners driving licence for examination on the demand of any police officer in uniform.

Disqualification under sections 16 and 17:- (1) A licensing authority taking possession of a licence under sub-section (2) of section 16 shall, if the licence was issued under the Ordinance and was granted by another licensing authority, intimate the fact to that authority.

(2) A Regional Transport Authority, before declaring a person disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence to drive a transport vehicle in the Province Azad Kashmir State shall give such a person an opportunity of being heard.

(3) When a Regional Transport Authority declares a person disqualified under sub-section (1) of section 17, it shall, if the person holds a licence, endorse the licence accordingly and shall send intimation of such declaration to the authority by whom the licence was issued.

Intimation to original authority of endorsement and renewals:- (1) The Court making or causing to be made an endorsement on a licence under section 20 shall send intimation in Form L.E. to the licensing authority by whom the licence was issued and to the licensing authority by whom it was last renewed.

(2) A licensing authority renewing a licence under the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 12 shall intimate the fact

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to the licensing authority by whom the licence was issued in Form L.R.

Change of address of licence holder:- The holder of a licence entitling him to drive as a paid employee or to drive a public service vehicle shall, except in the case of a temporary absence not involving a change of residence for a period exceeding three month's report any change of his temporary or permanent address as notified on the licence to the licensing authority by whom the licence was issued and to the licensing authority by whom it was last renewed.

Schools of motoring:- (1) No person shall engage in the business of giving instruction in the driving of motor vehicles nor shall any person advertise or otherwise publicly undertake to give such instruction, without a licence and constituting the said person as a school of motoring.

(2) Any person desiring to obtain a licence for enabling him to engage in the business referred to in sub-rule (1) shall make an application for the purpose to the licensing authority of the area in which he has his place of business.

(3) The licensing authority may, on receipt of an application under sub-rule (2), grant a licence in Form M.S; to the applicant for engaging in the business of giving instruction in the driving of motor vehicles or for advertising or otherwise publicly undertaking to give such instructions as may be specified in the application and subject to compliance with such conditions, if any as may be specified in the licence and constitute the applicant a school of motoring or may refuse to grant a licence. Where a licence is refused, the licensing Authority shall furnish the applicant an order in writing setting forth the reasons of such refusal.

(4) A licence granted under sub-rule (3) shall be valid for a period of three years and may be likewise renewed from time to time.

(5) The licensing authority shall in exercising its powers in granting or renewing or refusing a licence under this rule have regard to the following factors, that is to say, that:-

(i) the applicant and staff are of good moral character and qualified to give instruction;

(ii)

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the premises where the school is proposed to be conducted is either owned by the applicant or hired in his name and consists of at least one room commodious enough to accommodate the students under training and sufficient to provide for amenities such as water-taps and lavatories;

(iii) the financial resources of the proposed school are sufficient to provide for its continued maintenance;

(iv) the applicant maintains at least two motor cycles, two motor

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cars two light transport vehicles and one heavy motor vehicle of each of these categories of motor vehicle for which he desires a licence:

Provided that the vehicles required to be maintained are all registered in the name of applicant, or available exclusively for training purposes, and except for motor cycles, are fitted with dual control;

the applicant maintains the following apparatus and equipment, namely: -

- a. Black-board;
- b. Road plan board with necessary Toy Signals and cars;
- c. Traffic sign chart;
- d. Road signals chart;
- e. Service Chart detail view of all components of motor vehicles.
- f. Engine assembly, rear Axle assembly, gear box assembly of one of the well-known makes such as Chevrolet or; Ford V-8, Dodge, Fargo, except where the applicant desires to give instructions in riding of motor cycles; only; (Sectionalized as to reveal the working parts).
- g. Chassis assembly of (one of the well-known makes, such as Ford, Chevrolet, Leyland, Bedford, Dodge Austin) complete steering mechanism, suspension, axles and brake drum shoes, except where the applicant desires to give instructions in riding of motor cycles only;

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puncture repair kit with tyre lever, wheel brace, jack, tyre-pump and tyre pressure gauge;

Spanners (a set each of fixed spanners, box spanners, pliers, screw drivers, screw spanners and a hammer);

Driving Instruction Manual;

The Pakistan Highway Code;

Desks for students and work benches;

Complete electrical equipment on a \_ bench to

demonstrate the working of lights, self-starter dynamo cut-out, battery and switches;

(vi) the applicant or any member of the paid staff employed by him for giving instructions possess the following qualifications, namely:-

a.

at least 5 year's driving experience in addition to a certificate in motor mechanics course or any other equivalent qualification from an institution recognised by Government;

a thorough knowledge of traffic signs specified in the Eight Schedule to the Ordinance and of the driving regulation specified in the Ninth Schedule to the Ordinance, so as to be able to impart instructions therein to the satisfaction of the licensing authority;

ability to demonstrate and explain the functions of different component parts of the vehicles in his possession, to the satisfaction of the licensing authority;

adequate knowledge of either English or Urdu so as to be able to impart all the instructions in the said language;

an Audut First Aid Certificate issued by the St John Ambulance Association (Pakistan);

(vii) the applicant maintains fully equipped first-aid sets for use in emergencies at the premises of the training school and in each of the vehicles used for training;

(viii) the need of a school of motoring in the particular locality:

Provided that before passing an order of refusal to renew, the Authority shall give to the licensee an opportunity of showing cause against the proposed order.

(6) The applicant shall maintain a record with photographs of the students attending the school from time to time, the duration of their instructions and the date on which they passed the test in driving specified in the Ordinance,

(7) The licensee shall submit to the licensing authority such information and such returns as may be called for by it.

(8) The licensee shall:

a. not alter the place of business of the school of motoring mentioned in the licence without the prior approval of the licensing authority obtained in writing;

b. keep the premises of the school at all reasonable times for inspection by any person deputed by the licensing authority;

(9) It shall be lawful for a licensing authority by an order in writing to approve the nature and duration of courses of instruction and the number of pupils to be instructed at any one time,

(10) The fees to be charged by a licensee shall be at such rates as may be fixed by the licensing authority and the fees so fixed shall not be varied without the prior approval of such authority. Special fees may, subject to the approval of the licensing authority, be charged for special courses.

(11) The licensing authority may by order in writing suspend or cancel a licence granted under sub-rule (3) if a licensee:-

a. fails to maintain the equipment, vehicles and other matters referred to in sub-rule (5) in accordance with the standard envisaged by that sub-rule, or fails to comply with the provisions of that sub-rule or any other provisions of this rule; or

b. fails to maintain the vehicles of the school in accordance with the provisions of these rules; or

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c. does not impart proper instructions as indicated by the results of driving tests or otherwise; or

d. for any other reason considered sufficient:

Provided that no such order shall be made unless:

a. the reasons for suspension or cancellation of a licence are recorded in the order and the copy of the order is furnished to the licensee; and

b. the licensee has been given an opportunity of showing cause against the order which the licensing authority proposes to make.

(12) | Where the licence is cancelled or suspended under sub-tule (11), Form M.S. shall be surrendered to the licensing authority by the holder thereof.

Appellate Authority:- (1) The authority to hear appeals against any of the following orders passed by the licensing authority under rule 22, shall be the Inspector General of Police having jurisdiction in the District, namely:-

a. order granting suspending or canceling a licence for the establishment of a school of motoring;

b. order refusing a request to alter the place of business of the school of motoring;

c. order fixing the rate of fees or refusing approval to the charging of special fees for special courses;

d. any order passed under sub-rule (9) of that rule.

(2) Any person aggrieved by any such order passed by the licensing authority may, within thirty days of the date of the receipt of such order, appeal to the Inspector General of Police.

Conduct and hearing of appeals:- (1) An appeal under rule 23 shall be preferred in duplicate in the form of a memorandum, setting forth concisely the grounds of objections to the order of the licensing authority and shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees two and a certified copy of such order.

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(2) When an appeal is lodged a notice shall issue to the licensing authority in such form as the appellate authority may direct.

(3) The appellate authority, after giving an opportunity to the parties to be heard and after such further enquiry, if any, as it may deem necessary, may confirm, vary or set aside the order of the licensing authority and shall make an order accordingly.

(4) Any person preferring an appeal under rule 23 shall be entitled to obtain a copy of any document filed with the licensing authority in connection with any order against which he is preferring an appeal, on the payment of a fee of rupees two in respect of each such document.

(5) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (4), the appellate authority or the licensing authority may, in his or its discretion give any person interest in such appeal, copies of any documents connected with the appeal, on payment of a fee of rupees two per copy of each document.

Fees for the issue and renewal of driving licences:-The following fees shall be payable respectively for the issue and renewal of driving licences under sub-section (9) of section 7 and sub-section (4) of section 12:-

(i) fee for the issue of driving licence, Rs. 10.00.

(ii) fees for the renewal of driving licence:

a. where the application for renewal is made within thirty days from the date of expiry of the licence, Rs. 5.00.

b. where the application for renewal is made after thirty days of the date of expiry of the licence, Rs. 10.00.

Certain person to be exempted from driving licence fees:- No fee shall be charged:-

a. for the issue or renewal of a driving licence or a learner's driving licence:-

(i) to a person employed in the service of the Government for driving a motor vehicle; or

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(ii) to such Foreign Consular Officer de Carriere or to such class of persons as Government by a general or special order specify in this behalf;

b. for the issue or renewal of a driving licence to an ex-service man holding a certificate or proficiency in driving a motor vehicle from an officer of the Armed Forces of Azad Kashmir/Pakistan.

#### CHAPTER II REGISTRATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES

Registering authority:- (1) The registering authority shall be the Excise and Taxation Officer of the District.

(2) The area of jurisdiction of each registering authority shall be the area of the District.

(3) The registering authority, before canceling or suspending the certificate of registration of a motor vehicle, shall give the owner an opportunity of being heard.

Appellate authority:- (1) The authority to hear appeals against any appealable order passed by a registering authority under Chapter III or the Ordinance shall be the Collector, Excise and Taxation having jurisdiction in the district.

(2) The authority to hear appeals against any order passed to suspend certificate of registration under section 34 read with rule 44 shall be the Collector, Excise and Taxation having jurisdiction in the area.

(3) The authority to hear appeals against an order in respect of a certificate of fitness under section 39 read with rule 34 shall be the Superintendent of Police having jurisdiction in the area in which the order was passed.

Conduct and hearings of appeals:- (1) An appeal under rule 28 shall be preferred in duplicate in the form of a memorandum, setting forth concisely the grounds of objection to the order of the registering authority or the Motor Vehicles Examiner, as the case may be, and shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees five and a certified copy of that order. The Collector, Excise and

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Taxation, or the Superintendent of Police, as the case may be, may, if the appeal succeeds, refund the fee in whole or in part, as he thinks fit.

(2) The appellate authority after giving an opportunity to the parties to be heard and after such further enquiry, if any, as it may deem necessary, may confirm, vary or set aside the order of the registering authority or the Motor Vehicles Examiner or the Court, as the case may be, and shall make an order accordingly.

(3) Any person preferring an appeal under rule shall be entitled to obtain a copy of any document filed with the registering authority or the Motor Vehicles Examiner or the Court in connection with any order against which he is preferring an appeal on the payment of a fee of rupees two in respect of each such document.

(4) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (3) the Collector, Excise and Taxation or the Superintendent of Police may give any person interested in such appeal, copies of any document connected with the appeal, on payment of a fee of rupees two per copy each document.

Assignment of registered weights:- In assigning any weight other than the unladen weight to a transport-vehicles under section 28, the registering authority may, if the owner so desires, assign a weight less than the maximum permitted by the provisions of that section as the registered laden weight or the registered axle weight of any axle.

Assignment and exhibition of registration marks:- (1) The registration marks to be assigned under sub-section (3) of section 25 are set forth in the Sixth Schedule to the Ordinance.

(2) The registration mark shall be clearly and legibly exhibited on a plane surface on a plate or part of the vehicle both at front and rear facing direct to the front or rear, as the case may be, in the manner hereinafter specified. Motor vehicles owned by Government Departments, except those of the Special Branch, shall carry the distinctive registration plate in the form illustrated in the Second Schedule to these rules. The name of the Department to which the vehicle belongs shall be shown in this plate. In the case of a public service vehicle, the registration mark shall also be exhibited on a plane surface inside the vehicle, above the windscreen.

(3) The registration mark shall be in Urdu letters and numerals, and:-

a. save in the case of a motor cycle or a motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw or an invalid carriage the letters shall be not less than two and half inches high and five eights of an inch thick at any part; the numeral shall not be less than three and a half inches high and three quarter of inch thick at any part, and there shall be a space between any letter and any numeral, and between any letter or numeral and the edge of the plane surface, of not less than half an inch and a space between any two letters and between any two numerals of not less than three eights of an inch;

b. in the case of a motor cycle or a motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw or an invalid carriage the letters shall be not less than one and two-thirds inches high and five twelfths of an inch thick at any part; the numerals shall be not less than two and a third inches high and half an inch thick at any part, and there shall be a space between any letter and any numeral, and between any letter or numeral and the edge of the plane surface, of not less than a third of an inch and a space between any two numerals of not less than a quarter of an inch.

(4) The plane surfaces aforesaid shall not be inclined from the vertical by more than thirty degrees. The letters and numerals, shall be exhibited in the following manner:-

a. in the case of a transport vehicle, other than a motor cab excluding a motor cab rickshaw, both registration marks as signed to the vehicle shall exhibit the letters and numerals in two separate horizontal lines, the letters above and the numerals below:

b. in all other cases, the registration marks may exhibit the letters and numerals either in two horizontal lines as aforesaid or in one horizontal line.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (2), the registration mark exhibited at the front of a motor cycle or of an invalid carriage may be displayed on a plate in a line with the axis of the vehicle and shall in such case be displayed on both sides of roof plate.

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(6) The front and rear registration marks exhibited on a public service vehicle shall be affixed at a distance of not less than eighteen inches from the ground level.

(7) If the letters and numerals are exhibited in any polished metallic surface they shall have plane and not rounded surfaces.

Registration marks on a trailer:- (1) The registration mark of a trailer shall be exhibited on a plane plate or surface on the left hand side of the trailer. The letters, figures, space and margin shall be of dimensions not less than those prescribed in clause (b) of sub-rule (3) of rule 31.

(2) The registration mark of the drawing motor vehicle required by the Ordinance to be affixed to the rear of a trailer shall be in conformity with all the provisions of these rules applicable to the registration mark affixed to the rear of a motor vehicle.

Particulars to be painted on transport vehicles:- (1) Save in the case of motor cabs, delivery vans or trailers of the nature specified in clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 44, the particulars set forth below shall be exhibited in a fixed frame inside the vehicle, in the driver's cab, in English letters and numerals:

1. Registered No. of Vehicle oo... cece eeseneeeeeeeeeeeeeeesenee

2. Name and address of owner as set forth in the certificate of Registration. ....ceeseseeeeeeseseseneeeescseseseeeeeseeeeesesseneeneesanaes

3. The Registered Unladen Weight in lbs, denoted by

4. The Registered Laden Weight in lbs, denoted by

5. Carrying capacity:

a) if a stage carriage or a contract carriage, the number of passengers for whom accommodation is provided.

(i) Upper class.

(ii) Lower Class.

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And (b) if a goods vehicle, in lbs.

6. Registered Front Axle Weight in lbs, denoted by .A.W.

7. Registered rear Axle Weight in lbs, denoted by R.A.W.

8. Number and size of tyres:

(a) Front Axle.

(b) Rear Axle.

(c) Intermediate Axle, if any.

Signature and name of the  
Motor Vehicles Examiner.

Place of issue.

Date

(2) The full name of the company, society, firm or person owing the vehicle as set forth in its registration certificate shall be exhibited on both sides of every transport vehicle other than motor cabs, delivery vans and trailers, in block letters measuring four inches in height and three fourths of an inch in thickness:

Provided that with the approval of the Regional Transport Authority concerned abbreviation of name may be used.

(3) In case of a motor cab, or a motor cab rickshaw, the word "TAXI" shall be painted in white in the middle of the windscreen as well as of the rear glass. The letters shall be not less than 2 inches high and 5/8th of an inch thick at any part. The word "Private" in block letters not less than 2 inches high and 5/8th of an inch thick at any part shall be painted in red in the middle of the wind-screen of a motor cycle rickshaw.

(4) This rule shall not apply to any vehicle registered under section 39 or 40.

Issue and renewal of certificate of fitness:- (1) (a) The authority prescribed to issue or renew a certificate of fitness and to perform all other function which are to be discharged by a prescribed authority under section 38, shall be:

(i) Motor Vehicles Examiner appointed by the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority.

(b) The authority granting a certificate of fitness shall send a copy thereof to the registering authority concerned.

(2) An application for the issue or renewal of a certificate of fitness shall be made in Form C.F.A. or Form C.F.R.A., respectively, to the Motor Vehicle Examiner of the area where the owner has his principle office of business.

(3) The Motor Vehicle Examiner by whom a certificate of fitness was issued or if it has been renewed, the Examiner by whom it was last renewed, may endorse thereon the date, appointed for the next inspection of the vehicle and the owner shall cause the vehicle to be produced accordingly.

(4) If the owner finds that the vehicle cannot be produced for the next inspection on the date endorsed on the certificate of fitness, he shall not less than fifteen days before the aforesaid date, apply to the Motor Vehicles Examiner for the change in the date of inspection stating the reasons for such a change. When date of inspection is extended by the Examiner no penalty as provided in sub-rule (9) shall be chargeable for the period for which extension is granted.

(5) If no date, for the next inspection is endorsed on the certificate of fitness as provided in sub-rule (3), an application for the renewal of a certificate of fitness shall be made in form CFRA not less than fifteen days before the date of expiry of the certificate and the owner of a vehicle in respect of which such application is made shall cause the vehicle to be produced for inspection on such date as the Motor Vehicles Examiner may appoint.

(6) There shall not be more than one certificate of fitness in respect of any vehicle which shall be bound in the registration certificate of the vehicle.

(7) If, owing to mechanical break down or other cause, a motor vehicle is, after expiry of the certificate, outside the area in which the Motor Vehicles Examiner by whom the certificate is to be renewed has jurisdiction the Motor Vehicles Examiner may without prejudice to any penalty to which the owner or driver may have become liable, if the vehicle is in his opinion fit for

use, by endorsement in Form C.F. Sub, and subject to such condition as he may specify, authorise, its continued use for such time not exceeding one week as may, reasonably necessary, for the vehicle to return to the area of the Examiner by whom the certificate should be renewed, and the vehicle may be renewed, and the vehicle may be driven to such area in accordance with such endorsement but shall not be used after return to that area until the certificate has been renewed.

(8) If a vehicle is damaged at any time so as to be unfit for ordinary use and may in the opinion of any Motor Vehicle Examiner safely be driven at a reduced speed to a place of repair, and if the Examiner is satisfied that it is necessary that the vehicle should be so driven any Motor Vehicles Examiner may, by endorsement in Form C.F.X., specify the time within which, and the condition subject to which, the vehicle may be driven to a specified destination for the purpose of repair and the limit of speed beyond which it shall not be driven.

(9) The fee for:-

- (i) The grant of a certificate of fitness shall rupees twenty; and
- (ii) for the renewal of such certificate:-

(a) in cases where the vehicle in respect of which the certificate is required is produced for inspection within fifteen days of the expiry of the certificate, rupees ten; and

(b) in cases where the vehicle is not produced for inspection within the aforesaid period of fifteen days, rupees ten, plus a penalty not exceeding rupees twenty.

(10) Any Motor Vehicles Examiner or any officer of the P.T.A. may after giving the owner an opportunity of being heard cancel the certificate of fitness of a transport vehicle under sub-section (3) of section 39 or may suspend the certificate for a period not exceeding two months if in his opinion the vehicle does not comply with the provisions of Chapter VI of the Ordinance or the rules thereunder.

(11) The authority cancelling a certificate of fitness under sub-tule (10) shall give the owner or other person in charge of the

vehicle a notice in Form C.F.C. for such cancellation and shall

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make a report of his action and forward the certificate to the (appropriate) Superintendent of Police.

After the authority has cancelled the certificate of fitness, such authority may by endorsing in Form C.F.X., specify the time within which and the conditions subject to which the vehicle may be driven to a specified destination for the purposes of repair.

(12) Nothing in sub-rule (11) shall debar the owner or the person in charge of the vehicle, the certificate of fitness of which has been cancelled, from applying at any time for the restoration of the certificate of fitness if the vehicle has been repaired in such a manner that the provisions of Chapter VI of the Ordinance and of the rules made thereunder are complied with. If such a vehicle is inspected and passed within fourteen days of the date of cancellation of the certificate of fitness but before the date of expiry specified in such certificate, the certificate shall be restored to its original date of expiry and no restoration fee shall be charged. If, however, the vehicle is brought for inspection at any other time, fresh certificate of fitness will be required.

(13) While inspecting a motor vehicle, the Motor Vehicles Examiner shall fill in Form M.V. Ins., (or) in duplicate, and shall on completion deliver the original copy to the owner or his authorised agent or his driver.

Temporary registration of newly sold vehicles:- (1) When for any reason it is impracticable for the purchaser of a newly sold vehicle to obtain a registration certificate in the ordinary course, owing to a temporary closure of the office of the registering authority or for other similar reason, or where the purchaser of a newly sold vehicle intends to take it immediately to the district where he has his permanent residence or a place of business, a temporary certificate of registration and a temporary registration mark may be issued under this rule, and the temporary certificate and registration marks shall for the time being serve all the purposes of a regular certificate and registration mark.

(2) For the purpose of issuing temporary certificates of registration and temporary registration marks any revenue officer of or above the rank of Assistant Collector or any Police Officer of or above the rank of Inspector or any approved firm of motor dealers or association of persons using motor vehicles may be appointed by Government to be a special registering authority.

Where a firm of motor dealers or association of users of motor vehicles is so appointed, the registering authority, from time to time prescribe the names of the persons, being members for employees of the firm or association, who shall be competent to sign the temporary certificate of registration, and no certificate signed on behalf of the firm or association by any other person shall be valid.

(3) A temporary certificate of registration or a temporary registration mark shall not be issued except in respect of a vehicle which has not previously been registered under the Ordinance.

(4) Every application for a temporary certificate of registration shall be in writing and shall indicate the District or place where the vehicle is intended to be produced for permanent registration. It shall be supported by a certificate from the person or firm from whom the vehicle has been purchased to the effect that it has been sold to the applicant on the day when the certificate is signed.

(5) On presentation of the application with its accompanying certificate, an authority empowered under sub-rule (2), may issue a temporary certificate of registration in Form C.R. Tem. Foil A of this form shall be handed to the applicant. If the place in which it is intended permanently to register the vehicle is in Azad Kashmir Foil B shall be dispatched immediately to the registering authority of the District in which it is to be registered. In other cases Foil B shall be dealt with according to such directions as may be issued by Government from time to time. The counter-foil, together with the application and \_ its accompanying certificate, shall be kept on record by the authority issuing the permit and shall be exhibited for inspection of the registering authority of the district at the end of every calendar month or at such other intervals as the registering authority may direct. The counter-foils, with the connected application and certificates, shall, unless they are taken by the registering authority into his own charge, be preserved by the issuing authority for a period of not less than twelve months from the date of issue.

(6) In the case of vehicles intended to be permanently registered in the Province, the registering authority receiving Foil B under the preceding sub-rule shall forthwith send an acknowledgement

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to the authority which issued it and the authority shall attach the acknowledgement to the counter-foil.

(7) The records maintained under sub-rule (4) by any firm of motor dealers or Association of person using motor vehicles approved for the purpose of issuing temporary certificates of registration and temporary registration marks shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by any police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector.

(8) A temporary certificate of registration shall not be valid for more than ten days and shall not be capable of renewal.

(9) An authority issuing a temporary certificate of registration shall at the same time assign to the vehicle a distinguishing mark, to be displayed thereon in the manner prescribed for distinguishing marks assigned under sub-section (3) of section 25, the letters and figures composing the marks being in red on a yellow ground. Where the temporary registration mark has been issued by an approved firm of motor dealers or association of motor users, the designation and Address of firm or association shall also be printed in small letters along the lower edge of each plate.

(10) — To enable the authorities empowered under sub-rule (2) to fulfill the requirements of the preceding sub-rule, the registering authority of the district shall allocate to each authority a block of registration marks out of those assigned to the district in the Sixth Schedule to the Ordinance.

Loss or destruction of certificate of registration of a vehicle other than transport vehicle:- (1) If at any time the certificate of registration of a vehicle other than a transport Vehicle is lost or destroyed, the owner shall forthwith intimate the facts in writing to the registering authority by whom the certificate was issued or by whom the registration mark of the vehicle was assigned under section 30 and shall apply in Form C.R.L.D. to the said authority for the issue of a duplicate certificate.

(2) Upon receipt of an application, in Form C.R.L.D. together with a fee of rupees three, the registering authority may, after making such enquiries as appear necessary, issue a duplicate certificate of registration in Form G clearly stamped "Duplicate" in red ink.

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Loss or destruction of certificate of registration and certificate of fitness of a transport vehicle:- (1) If at any time the certificate of registration or the certificate of fitness of a vehicle is lost or destroyed, the owner shall forthwith intimate the facts in writing to the registering authority by whom the certificate of registration was issued or by whom the registration mark was assigned under section 30, and shall apply in Form C.R.L.D. Tran. to the said authority for the issue of a duplicate certificate of registration or certificate of fitness.

(2) Upon receipt of an application in Form C.R.L.D. Tran. together with a fee of rupees five the registering authority may, after making such enquiries as appear necessary and obtaining particulars of the original certificate of fitness from the Motor Vehicles Examiner by whom it was issued or last renewed, issued a duplicate certificate of registration and certificate of fitness in Form G and I, respectively, clearly stamped "Duplicate" in red ink.

(3) No person shall be liable to be convicted of an offence under section 90 if, at the time when the certificate is demanded, he has already reported the loss or destruction thereof in accordance with the provisions of this rule and a duplicate certificate has not been delivered to him.

Defaced or torn certificate of registration and certificate of fitness of transport vehicles:- (1) If at any time the certificate of registration or the certificate of fitness of a transport vehicle is so torn or defaced that it has ceased to be legible or any important part of the certificate is missing or any un-authorised alteration has been made therein, the registering authority may impound the certificate and after ascertaining the correct entries which should have appeared in the said certificate issue a duplicate certificate in Form G or Form I, as the case may be, clearly stamped "Duplicate" in red ink.

(2) The fee for a duplicate certificate under this rule shall be rupees five.

Procedure when a lost certificate is subsequently found:- (1) When a duplicate certificate of fitness or certificate of registration has been issued upon representation that the original has been lost and the original is afterwards found by the holder, the original certificate of fitness or certificate of registration shall be delivered forthwith to the registering authority.



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(2) Any other person finding a certificate of fitness or certificate of registration shall deliver it to the holder or to the nearest police station.

Temporary receipt for a certificate of registration or certificate of fitness taken into possession by a competent authority:- (1) When the holder of a certificate of registration and a certificate of fitness of a transport vehicle has submitted them to a registering authority or other authority for any purpose under the Ordinance or these rules and neither the certificate of registration nor the certificate of fitness has been suspended or cancelled, the registering authority shall furnish him with a receipt for the certificate of registration in Form R Tem. and during such time as the receipt shall be specified to remain in force it may be produced in place of the certificate of registration or the certificate of fitness under sub-section (2) of section 90.

(2) Any authority granting a receipt under the preceding sub-rule may at his discretion extend the term thereof by order endorsed thereon.

(3) No fee shall be payable in respect of a receipt given under this rule.

Registration fees:- (1) The fee for the registration of a motor vehicle shall be:

(a) in respect of a motor cycle and an invalid carriage or a trailer not having more than two wheels and not weighing more than one ton unladen. Five Rupees.

(b) in respect of a heavy transport vehicle. Thirty-two rupees.

(c) in respect of any other vehicle. Sixteen rupees.

(d) in respect of temporary registration of Five Rupees. any vehicle.

Exemption from payment of registration fees:- No fee shall be charged for the registration of a vehicle in the following cases:-

(a) tractors or trailers and locomotives used solely for agricultural purposes;



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(b) such motor ambulances used solely for the conveyance of the dead body or sick or injured, as may be notified by government from time to time;

(c) any motor vehicle belonging to Foreign Missions, Foreign Consular Officer and staff of the United Nations, including its various organs and specialised agencies in Pakistan and any other person or vehicle exempted by Government by a special order.

Maintenance of record of motor vehicles by registering authority:- (1) The registering authority shall maintain record of all motor vehicles registered under the Ordinance and such record shall contain the name and address of the owner together with a description of the vehicle.

(2) Person applying for copies of particulars of any vehicle entered in the said record shall pay fifty paisa for each copy with a maximum of rupees three when copies of particulars of more than one vehicle are applied for by the same person and at the same time.

(3) in addition to the fee prescribed under sub-rule (2) a copying fee at the rate of six paisa for copies of particulars of three vehicles or less shall be payable.

Authority to suspend certificate of registration:- Any police Officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent and any Motor Vehicles Examiner may after giving the owner an opportunity of being heard suspend the certificate of registration of a motor vehicle under section 34.

Hire purchase agreements:- (1) When in an application for the registration of a motor vehicle the parties to an agreement of hire purchase declare, in the form of the note endorsed on Form F, that the vehicle is the subject of such an agreement, the registering authority shall complete and affix his signature to the note appended to Form G but shall not be required to satisfy himself as to the title of the two parties in the vehicle nor shall the note endorsed on Form G in any way affect the title of any party.

(2) If, upon termination of an agreement of hire-purchase or otherwise, the registered owner and the other party desire that the note on Form G relating to such an agreement shall be



cancelled, they shall apply in Form H.P. Ter. to the registering authority by whom the vehicle was registered or by whom a new registration mark has been assigned to the vehicle under section 30 and the registering authority shall thereupon cancel the note endorsed on Form G.

(3) Nothing contained in this rule shall, prevent a registering authority from recording a change of the address of the registered owner on the certificate of registration as provided in section 30, nor shall the registering authority be required to inform the other party to an agreement of hire-purchase of any intimation of change of address, but the registering authority shall not record any transfer of ownership of a motor vehicle under section 32 so long as the certificate of registration contains the note of an agreement of hire-purchase, unless the other party to that agreement signifies his consent to such transfer by endorsement upon Form T.O.

(4) If the other party to an agreement of hire-purchase satisfied the registering authority that he has taken possession of the vehicle owing to the default of the owner under the provisions of the agreement, and that the owner has absconded or refuses to deliver the certificate of registration, the registering authority, may, after giving the owner an opportunity of being heard and notwithstanding, that the certificate of registration is not produced, cancel the certificate of registration and issue a duplicate certificate of registration and deliver the same to the other party.

(5) The owner shall be deemed to have been given an opportunity of being heard within the meaning of the preceding sub-rule if a notice has been duly served on him by registered post to the address stated in the certificate of registration and he fails to appear before the registering authority on the due date to show cause against the cancellation of the certificate.

(6) If a note in respect of an agreement of hire-purchase is to be endorsed on a certificate of registration, there shall be payable in addition to the registration fee a further fee of rupees ten. No fee shall be payable in respect of the cancellation of the note under sub-rule (2). There shall be payable for recording transfer of ownership a further fee of rupees five when the transfer is of a vehicle which is the subject of a hire-purchase agreement.

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Transfer of ownership:- (1) Application for transfer of ownership of a motor vehicle under sub-section (1) of section 32 shall be made in Form T.O. and shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees five.

(2) Communication of transfer to the original registering authority under sub-section (2) of section 31 shall be in Form C.R.T.L.

New Registration marks:- (1) Application for a new registration mark under section 29 shall be made in Form R.M.A. and shall accompanied by a fee of rupees five.

(2) The registering authority assigning a new registration mark to a motor vehicle shall intimate the fact to the owner and the other party, if any, to an agreement of hire-purchase specified in the note on the certificate, and shall apply to the original registering authority for transfer of the records of the vehicle in Form R.M.I.

Application for change of address and alteration in motor vehicle:- (1) Application for change of address under section 31, shall be made, in Form C.A. and shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees five.

(2) Application for alteration in a motor vehicle under section 33 shall be made in Form A.M. and shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees five.

Vehicles entering the State from outside:- (1) When any motor vehicle which is not registered in the State/Azad Kashmir has been kept therein for a period exceeding fourteen days, the owner or other person-in-charge of the vehicle shall send intimation to the registering authority of the district in which the motor vehicle is at the time of making the report and shall intimate:-

(a) his name and permanent address, and his address for the time being;

(b) the registration mark of the vehicle;

(c) the make and description of the vehicle; and



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(d) in the case of a transport vehicle the name of the authority within the State/Azad Kashmir by whom the permit has been issued or countersigned;

Provided that in the case of a transport vehicle covered by a permit having validity in the province, it shall be necessary to make a report under this sub-rule upon the occasion of first entry only.

(2) Nothing in this rule shall apply to a motor vehicle which is exempted from registration under the provisions of rule 51.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall apply to any vehicle registered under section 40 or under section 41.

Hiring agreement:- (1) When possession of a motor vehicle is transferred by the registered owner to another person under a hiring agreement, the registered owner shall forthwith intimate the fact and the full name and address of the transferee to the registering authority of the area in which the said owner has his residence or place of business.

(2) Nothing in the preceding sub-rule shall make it necessary to give intimation of a hiring agreement when the vehicle is to be used thereunder as a stage carriage.

Exemption of vehicles in the possession of manufacturers or dealers:- (1) Section 23 shall not apply to a motor vehicle in the possession of a manufacturer of, or dealer in, motor vehicles in the course of the business of the manufacture or dealer so long as it is used under the authorisation of a trade certificate granted by the registering authority within whose area the manufacturer or dealer has his place of business.

(3) The fee for trade certificate shall be rupees one hundred in respect of any number of certificates upto ten, and rupees fifty in respect of each additional number of five or less certificates. The fee shall be payable annually in advance.

(4) If the registering authority declines to issue a trade certificate or issue a less number of certificates than the number specified in the application, the fee or a proportion of the fee determined in accordance with sub-rule (3), as the case may be, shall be refunded to the applicant.

(5) Upon the receipt of an application for trade certificates as aforesaid the registering authority shall, if satisfied that the number of certificates applied for is reasonable in relation to the business of the applicant, issue the certificates in Form T.C. accordingly and assign to the applicant a series of trade registration marks consisting of the two letters of the registration mark specified in the Sixth Schedule to the Ordinance followed by not more than three figures and followed by one letter of the alphabet in respect of each certificate.

(6) The trade certificate shall be attached to the registration mark in a weather proof holder, in the manner set out hereunder:

Certificate

Tax Token

KA-55A

(7) Not more than one vehicle shall be used in a public place at any one time under any one trade certificate.

(8) No person to whom a trade certificate is granted shall cause or allow it to be used upon any motor vehicle other than motor cycle unless the holder of the certificate or a bona fide employee of the holder is present in the vehicle or for any purpose other than one of the purposes set out below:-

- a. For test during the course of or after completion of construction or repairs.
- b. For proceeding to or returning from a weigh bridge for or after weighing, or to or from any place for its registration.
- c. For reasonable trail by or for the benefit of a prospective purchaser and for proceeding to or returning from the place where such person intends to keep it.
- d. For proceeding for the purpose of delivery to or from the premises of the dealer and from such premises to the premises of a purchaser or of another dealer.

For proceeding to or returning from a workshop with the object of fitting a body to the vehicle or of painting or for repairs.

For proceeding to or from a railway station or wharf for or after being transported.

For proceeding to or returning from an exhibition of motor vehicles or any place at which the vehicle is to be or has been offered for sale.

(9) No vehicle carrying a trade registration mark and certificate shall be used as a transport vehicle under the authorisation of any permit or otherwise.

(10) (a) Every holder of a trade certificate shall keep a register in

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Form T.C.R. and enter or cause to be entered in duplicate in such register full and true particulars of the purposes for which every vehicle leaves his premises under a trade certificate of the driver-in-charge and of the period during which the vehicle was on the road under the trade certificate.

The register shall be in the form of foil in a bound book, the pages of which shall be numbered serially. The necessary particulars, except in regard to the time of return, shall be entered in it by the holder of the certificate or his agent before the commencement of each trip. The register shall be open to inspection on demand by any Police Officer not below the rank of sub-Inspector.

The foil containing the entries made prior to the commencement of the trip shall be carried by the driver of the vehicle and the counterfoil shall be retained for a period of thirty days after the trip has been completed and shall be exhibited on demand by any Police Officer authorised to inspect the register.

(11) \_ If at any time the registering authority is satisfied that the holder of a trade certificate has contravened any of provisions of this rule, he may, after giving the holder an opportunity of making any representation which he may wish to make suspend or cancel any or all of the trade certificates held by him.

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(12) When a trade certificate has been lost, destroyed or mutilated through negligence of the holder or by accident or passage of time, the holder may apply to the registering authority for the issue of a duplicate certificate, and the registering authority shall, if satisfied, about such loss, destruction or mutilation, issue a duplicate certificate.

(13) A duplicate certificate shall be issued with the words "DUPLICATE" in bold red letters written or stamped across it.

(14) | The fee for the issue of duplicate trade certificate shall be rupee one irrespective of the fact whether the original certificate was lost, destroyed or mutilated due to negligence of the holder's accident or its replacement is occasioned by the passage of time.

Exemption of road rollers, graders and deliver vans:- (1)  
Nothing contained in Chapter III of the Ordinance shall apply to road rollers, graders and other road making and cleaning plant save that every tractor capable of other use shall be registered and shall require a certificate of fitness.

(2) The provision of section 39 shall not apply to delivery vans.

#### CHAPTER IV CONTROL OF TRANSPORT VEHICLES

Terms of appointment of Members of the Provincial Transport Authority and Regional Transport Authorities:-  
Any Government Officer appointed as a member of Provincial Transport Authority or a Regional Transport Authority shall continue as such until such time as Government may otherwise order.

Meeting of the Provincial Transport Authority:- (1) The Provincial Transport Authority shall meet at such times and at such places as the Chairman may appoint:

Provided that the Authority shall meet not less than once in

each of the calendar quarters January to March, April to June, July to September and October to December.

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(2) Not less than ten days notice shall be given of any meeting of the Provincial Transport Authority.

(3) Two members shall constitute a quorum, provided that Secretary Member shall not be counted for the purpose of quorum.

(4) The Chairman, if unable to attend a meeting, shall nominate a member to act as Chairman at the meeting.

(5) The Chairman, or the acting Chairman nominated under the proceeding sub-rule, shall have a second or casting vote.

Meeting of Regional Transport Authority:- (1) The Chairman may, in case of an emergent meeting, dispense with the requirements of sub-rule (2) or any by-law framed under rule 56:

Provided that the Authority shall meet not less than once in two months unless the Provincial Transport Authority otherwise directs.

(2) Two members shall constitute a quorum, provided that Secretary Member shall not be counted for the purpose of quorum.

(3) The Chairman, if unable to attend a meeting shall nominate a member to act as Chairman at the meeting.

(4) The Chairman, or the Acting Chairman nominated under the proceeding sub-rule, shall have a second or casting vote.

Conduct of business of Transport Authorities:- (1) Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance and these rules a Provincial or a Regional Transport Authority shall have power to make by-laws to regulate the conduct of its business and shall likewise have power to amend such by-laws, and the business of such Authority shall be conducted accordingly under the direction of the Chairman:

Provided that the bye-laws made by a Regional Transport

Authority shall be subject to the approval of the Provincial Transport Authority.

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(2) The Secretary shall lay before the Regional or the Provincial Transport Authority as the case may be, the agenda to be considered at any meeting.

(3) Save in the case of the hearing of an objection to the grant of a stage carriage permit and in the case of the hearing of a representation under sub-section (6) of section 58 a Provincial or a Regional Transport Authority as the case may be, may decide any matter without holding a meeting by the majority of the votes of members recorded in writing and sent to the Secretary, (hereinafter referred to as procedure by circulation).

(4) In the event of procedure by circulation the Secretary shall send to each member of the Authority such particulars of the matter as may be reasonably necessary in order to enable the member to arrive at a decision and shall specify the date by which the votes of members are to be received in the office of the Authority. Upon receipt of the votes of members as aforesaid, the Secretary shall lay the papers before the Chairman, who shall record the decision by endorsement on the form of application or other document, as the case may be, according to the votes received and the vote or votes, cast by the Chairman. The record of the votes cast shall be kept by the Secretary and shall not be available for inspection by any person save by a member of the Authority at a regular constituted meeting of the Authority. No decision shall be made upon procedure by circulation if before the date by which the votes of members are required to reach the office of the Authority, not less than one-third of the members of the Authority by notice in writing to the Secretary demand that the matter be referred to a meeting of the Authority.

(5) The number of votes, excluding the Chairman's second or casting vote, necessary for a decision to be taken upon procedure by circulation shall not be less than the number necessary to constitute a quorum.

(6) The Provincial or the Regional Transport Authority, as the case may be, may summon any applicant for a permit to appear before it and may decline to grant the permit until the applicant has furnished such information as may reasonably be required by the authority in connection with the application.

(7) Nothing in this rule shall prevent a Provincial or a Regional Transport Authority from deciding upon procedure by

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circulation any matter which has been considered at a meeting or has been the subject of a hearing and upon which a decision has been reserved.

(8) When a matter is decided by votes of members present at a meeting of a Provincial or Regional Transport Authority, no person other than a member of the Authority shall be entitled to be present and no record of the voting shall be kept save of the number of votes cast on either side:

Provided that when any matter is decided by the exercise of the second or casting vote of the Chairman the fact shall be recorded.

Classification of routes for stage carriage permits:- The Provincial Transport Authority shall demarcate routes into 'A' 'B' and 'C' categories for stage carriage permits on the basis of density of traffic and condition of the roads.

Refusal to accept applications for permit:- When a Regional Transport Authority has in the exercise of its powers under the Ordinance imposed limit upon the number of permits of any class which may granted for a specified route or a specified area and has already granted such number of that class the Authority may decline to consider further applications for such permits in respect of any such route or area.

Survey of routes before inviting applications for stage carriage permits:- (1) In pursuance of the provision of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 49, the Provincial or a Regional Transport Authority shall have a thorough survey carried out of the route or routes, as the case may be, in the manner hereinafter prescribed before it takes a decision to invite applications for granting stage carriage permits on the specified route or routes.

(a) A Survey Committee consisting of two or more members shall be appointed by the Chairman, Azad Kashmir Transport Authority for each specific route requiring survey.

(b) The Survey Committee shall submit its report in writing to the Transport Authority concerned within the specified period.

(c) The survey report shall be in detail giving reasons for additional or fresh stage carriage services and shall also



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contain the number of existing services operating on the whole and parts of the route concerned.

The Survey Committee shall consult the District Magistrate or District Magistrate concerned regarding the adequacy or otherwise of the existing services on the route or routes and shall record his or their views in the survey report, as the case may be.

The Survey report shall be placed before the Transport Authority concerned in its regularly constituted meeting for consideration and deciding at its discretion as to whether the route or routes in question should be declared open or not. In the former case the number of permits decided to be issued shall be mentioned.

If the Survey report submitted by the Survey Committee is not a unanimous one, then the Transport Authority may consider all the different reports and decide at its discretion as to whether the route or routes in question should be declared open for fresh or additional stage carriage services. In that case, the number of permits decided to be issued shall be mentioned.

(2) (a) In case of the routes falling in more than one region an

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Inter-Regional Survey Committee consisting of one or more Members of the respective Regional Transport Authority and the Provincial Transport Authority shall be appointed by the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority, provided one of the Members shall be Secretary of each Authority.

The Inter-Regional Survey Committee shall prepare its survey report in accordance with sub-rule (1) which shall be placed before the Provincial Transport Authority for consideration and decision as to how many permits are to be issued and by which Regional Transport Authority.

The decision arrived at by the Provincial Transport Authority shall be intimated to the respective Regional Transport Authorities.

(3) The Provincial Transport Authority may allow the respective Regional Transport Authorities to conduct joint survey of a specific inter-regional routes, and for such survey the following

procedure shall be followed:-

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(a) Any Inter-Regional Survey Committee consisting of two or more members of each Transport Authority shall be appointed by the Chairman of the respective Regional Transport Authority provided that one of the members shall be the Secretary of each Authority.

(b) The Inter-Regional Survey Committee shall prepare its survey report in accordance with sub-rule (1) which shall be placed before the Provincial Transport Authority for consideration and decision.

Procedure for inviting applications for stage carriage permits:- When a Regional Transport Authority in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 58 appoints a date for the receipt of applications for stage carriage permits for any specified route, the Secretary of the Authority shall post a notice showing particulars of the route and the date by which applications may be submitted, on a notice board outside the office of the Authority and shall also have the notice published in the Official Gazette as well as in the newspaper of standing circulation in the region not less than fifteen days before the date appointed for the receipt of application.

Publication of Application:- (1) In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of Section 58, upon receipt of an application for a stage carriage permit the Secretary of the Regional Transport Authority or the Provincial Transport Authority as the case may be, shall paste a copy of the application, together with the notice of the date before which representation may be submitted and of the date appointed for consideration, on a notice board outside the office of the Authority.

(2) It shall be a sufficient compliance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 57, if the particulars specified in that subsection are published at the cost of the applicant in a newspaper of standing circulation in the region and are pasted on a notice board outside the office of the Authority not less than fifteen days before the date appointed for the receipt of representations.

(3) If upon publication of particulars of an application in respect of a stage carriage permit as aforesaid, no representation is received in connection therewith within the specified period, the application may, if the Chairman so directs, be submitted for the decision of the Authority by procedure by circulation.

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Delegation of powers to Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority, or Secretary Provincial Transport Authority:- A Regional Transport Authority may by general or special resolution recorded in its proceedings and subject to the restrictions, limitations and conditions herein specified, delegate to the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority all or any of its powers, namely:-

- (i) Power under section 16 to disqualify for holding or obtaining a licence to drive a transport vehicle;
- (ii) Power under sections 44 and 52 to grant a contract carriage permit;
- (iii) Power under section 44 and 53 to refuse a contract carriage permit, in cases where no representations are received to grant with or without modifications such an application, and attach conditions to the permit;
- (iv) Power under section 54 to grant a private carrier permit;
- (v) Power under sections 44 and 57 to grant with or without modifications a public carrier's and power to attach conditions under section 57 or vary the conditions thereof;
- (vi) Power to attach to a stage carriage permit conditions under sub-section (1) of section 50 or to vary the conditions thereof;
- (vii) Power to renew private carriers permits, public carrier's permits contract carriage permits and stage carriage permits under section 60 and to renew counter signatures, of any such permits.
- (viii) Powers under sub-section (2) of section 61 to permit the replacement of one vehicle by another;
- (ix) Power under section 62 to suspend a permit, or
- (x) Power under section 64 and under sub-section (4) of section 65 to grant temporary permit:

Provided that the Chairman, Provincial Transport

Authority or the Secretary, Provincial Transport Authority concerned, as the case may be, shall:-

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(i) keep informed the Regional Transport Authority from time to time of the action taken by him in pursuance of the delegated power; and ;

(ii) arrange to paste on a notice board on the premises of the office of the Regional Transport Authority a copy of every resolution of that Transport Authority delegating its power to him.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, a Provincial Transport Authority may, from time to time, issue instructions as to the manner in which the powers delegated shall be exercised by the officer concerned.

Hearing of applications or objections:- (1) When an application for any permit is considered at a meeting of a Provincial or a Regional Transport Authority and the applicant desires to be heard in support of his application or has been summoned to appear under the provisions of sub-rule (6) of rule 56, the applicant may either appear and conduct his case in person or may be represented by any person authorised by him in writing in this behalf.

(2) Any person or Authority who has made a representation under the provisions of section 51 may appear before the Provincial Transport Authority upon the date appointed for hearing the representation either in person or by a representative authorised by him or by it, as the case may be, in writing in this behalf:

Provided that nothing in this sub-rule shall be deemed to require the Provincial Transport Authority to give a hearing to any representation made under the provisions of section 51 read with sub-section (6) of section 58 if the Authority is satisfied that the representation is frivolous or vexatious or relates to a matter upon which the Authority has already recorded a decision after giving the parties concerned as opportunity of being heard.

Forms of applications for permits:- (1) Every application for a permit in respect of a transport vehicle shall be in one of the following forms, that is to say:

(a) in respect of particular stage carriage. Form P.St.P.A.

(b) in respect of a service of stage carriage. Form P.St.S.A.

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- (c) in respect of a contract carriage. Form P.Co.P.A.
- (d) in respect of a private carrier's permit. Form P.Pr.C.A.
- (e) in respect of a public carrier's permit. Form P.Pu.C.A.
- (f) in respect of a temporary permit. Form P.Tem.A.

(2) The application shall be addressed to the Provincial Transport Authority and accompanied by a fee of one hundred rupees for every copy of Part B of the permit applied for or a temporary permit which shall not be refundable:

Provided that:

(a) a reduced fee of rupees ten shall be levied in respect of an application for temporary route permit (for a single or return journey) for:

- (i) a period shorter than one week.
- (ii) taking an empty vehicle from one place at another.
- (iii) carrying household effects of a Government servant on his transfer, or :
- (iv) taking a vehicle from one place to another for purposes of repairs;

(b) a reduce fee of rupees twenty shall be levied in respect of an application for temporary permit (for multiple journey) valid for a period shorter than one week;

(c) no fee shall be levied in respect of an application for permit to carry dead bodies.

(3) In granting any permit the Provincial Transport Authority shall have power to modify the terms of the application in a reasonable degree, and in such a case the application shall be deemed to be an application for a permit in the form granted.

Forms of Permits:- (1) Every permit shall be in one of the following forms that is to say:-

- (i) in respect of a particular stage carriage. Form P. St. P.

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- (ii) in respect of a service of stage carriage. Form P. St. P.
- (iii) a contract carriage permit. Form P. Co. P.
- (iv) a private carrier's permit. Form P. Pr. C.
- (v) a private carrier's permit. Form P. Pu. C.
- (vi) a temporary permit. Form P. Tem.

(2) Save in the case of a temporary permit every permit shall be in two parts, A and B. In the case of a permit other than a permit for a service of stage carriages, one copy only of each part shall be issued. In the case of a service of stage carriages, one copy of part A shall be issued, together with a number of copies of Part B equal to the number of vehicles which the holder of the permit is permitted to have in use on the road at any one time. Each such copy shall carry in addition to the number of the permit a separate serial number contained in brackets after the number of 117 the permit, and shall be sealed and signed by the authority by which the 137 permit is issued and by the authority by which the permit 142 is countersigned.

(3) The holder of a permit shall cause the relevant copy of Part B thereof or the temporary permit, as the case may be to be carried in frame or other suitable container affixed to the inside of one of the doors used by passengers for gaining access to the vehicle and shall maintain it in a clean and legible condition.

Manner of carrying certain documents on vehicles:- The owner of a transport vehicle shall fit to the vehicle a suitable container on the inside of the driver's door and its driver shall keep in it the Insurance Certificate, certificates of registration and fitness of the vehicle and complaint book or log book, as the case may be.

Entry of Registration marks on permit:- (1) Save in the case of a temporary permit, where the registration mark of the vehicle is to be entered on the permit and the applicant is not at the date of application in possession of the vehicle duly registered, then the applicant shall within one month of the sanction of the application by the Provincial Transport Authority, or such longer period as the Authority may specify, produce the certificate of registration of the vehicle before that Authority in order that particulars of the registration mark may be entered, in the permit.

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(2) No permit shall be issued until the registration mark of the vehicles to which it related has, if the form of the permit so requires been entered therein, and in the event of any applicant failing to produce certificate of registration within the prescribed period, the Provincial Transport Authority may either revoke its sanction of the application or in lieu thereof, may order payment of a fee according to the scale, laid down in sub-rule (3) before the permit is issued.

(3) The scale of fees for the purposes of this rule shall be as follows:-

Certificate of registration produced within the Rs. 25.00 prescribed period.

Certificate of registration produced after two months and before the expiry of three months. Rs. 35.00

Certificate of registration produced after three Rs. 45.00 months and before the expiry of four months.

An additional sum of rupees ten being chargeable for every additional month of delay in producing the certificate of registration.

Temporary permits:- (1) A temporary permit may be granted to any person whether he is the registered owner of the vehicle or vehicles to be used thereunder or not.

(2) If, at the time of application for a temporary permit, the applicant is not in possession of the vehicle or vehicles or has not entered into a contract to hire the vehicle or vehicles or otherwise satisfies the authority concerned that he is for good and sufficient reason unable to specify the registration mark or marks of the vehicle or vehicles to be used under the permit applied for, an authority competent to issue a temporary permit may, if it is satisfied that undue inconvenience would otherwise be caused, issue a temporary permit in which the registration mark of the vehicles not set out, and may if it thinks fit require as a condition of the permit that the applicant shall within twenty-four hours, or such longer period as the authority may specify, of the commencement of the first journey under the authorisation of the temporary permit furnish to the authority particulars of the registration mark.

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(3) No temporary permit shall be deemed to authorise the use of any vehicle which is not duly registered or in respect of which there is not existence a valid certificate of fitness or which otherwise contravene any of the provisions of the Ordinance or these rules.

Special passes for contract carriages:- (1) In granting a contract carriage permit or stage carriage permit a Regional Transport Authority may, subject to the control of the Provincial Transport Authority, attach thereto a condition enabling the vehicle to be used as a contract carriage outside the region or other area in respect of which the permit has been granted or countersigned, provided that on each occasion when the holder of the permit seeks so to use the vehicle he obtains a Special pass from the officer in charge of the tehsil or sub-tehsil in which he has his principal place of business or other authority appointed, by the Provincial Transport Authority for the purpose.

(2) No condition included in a permit under the preceding sub-rule shall authorise the issue of a special pass valid for more than one outward and return trip or of more than one special pass at any one time, or allow the holder to enter into an engagement with a fresh hirer in respect of the return journey.

(3) The provisions of the Ordinance and of these rules regarding the carriage and production of permits shall apply equally to any special pass issued in conformity with a condition included in a permit in pursuance of sub-rule (1).

Extension of area validity of permits:- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 65 a Provincial Transport Authority which issues a permit (hereinafter referred to as original transport authority) may extend the effect of the permit to any other region within the Province in accordance with any general or special resolution recorded by any other Provincial Transport Authority, and any permit so issued shall be of like effect in the region of the other Transport Authority so if it were issued by that Transport Authority.

(2) A Transport Authority outside the Province, may, with the concurrence of the Provincial Transport Authority and subject to any conditions which may be mutually agreed upon by the two Provincial Transport Authorities concerned, extend the effect of

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any permit to the whole of the Province or to any route or area therein.

(3) The original transport authority which issues a permit with effect in any other region shall send a copy of the permit to the Authority of the other region.

(4) Nothing in this rule shall affect the right of the holder of any permit to any Provincial Transport Authority for counter signature of a permit.

70. Fee for permits and for countersignatures or extension in the operational area:- (1) The following fees shall be payable for the issue and renewal of permits and for the countersignature or extension in operational area of permits under sections 54, 56 and 64:

#### FEES FOR PASSENGER VEHICLES

Fee payable in Fee for a counter respect of the signature or extension in regional area in operational area which the vehicle is allowing a vehicle first given a permit. already issued with a

permit for one region to operate in any sub-sequent region.

Heavy P.S.Vs.- For 1st year 45.00 Rs. 45.00 for any sub-

(Stage and A.K. Region. sequents region in Contract carriages Pakistan. with R.L.W.

Light P.S.Vs.- For 1st year. 35.00 Rs. 35.00 subsequent (Stage and for region region.

Contract Carriages A.K.

with R.L.W. upto

14,500 Lbs.)

#### FEES FOR GOODS VEHICLES

(Public and Private Carrier's permits) Rs. 100.00 A.K. Fee for three years for the 1st Region. Region.

Fee for countersignatures for three

years for 2nd Region. 95.00

Fee for countersignatures for three years for Rs. 80.00 for subse-

3rd Region (for subsequent regions). quent region in  
Pakistan.

(2) Where the permit of a vehicle is countersigned under section 65 for more than one additional region, a fee at the rate shown in the preceding sub-rule as payable for a countersignature shall be levied in respect of each additional region.

(3) In cases where an original (Regional) Transport Authority acting under rule 69 extends the effect of a permit to an area or route in another region, a supplementary fee shall be payable at the same rates as if the permit had been countersigned for the second region:

Provided that if the additional area to which the permit is so extended is a part and not the whole of a region, the original (Regional) Transport Authority may at its discretion, and subject to any directions that may be issued by the Provincial Transport Authority, declare that no supplementary fee shall be payable:

(4) In case when a Transport Authority of an other Province acting under sub-rule (2) of rule 69 extends the effects of a permit to a route or area in the Province, a supplementary fee shall be payable at the same rate as for a countersignature in the Province:

Provided that a Regional Transport Authority may at its discretion, and subject to any agreement which may have been reached with the other Transport Authority concerned, declare that no supplementary fee or a reduced supplementary fee shall be payable.

(5) In the case of a service of stage carriages the fees payable shall be calculated on the Maximum number of vehicles which the permit holder is authorised to have in operation at any one time in the region concerned.

(6) Fee for original permits shall be paid in full in advance and fees for countersignature be paid in advance to the Regional Transport Authority by a period of not less than one year and in counter signing a Regional Transport Authority or a Provincial

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Transport Authority, as the case may be, may attach thereto a condition that the holder shall pay all fees by the due date.

(7) An application in Form R.P.F.A. for the payment of permit fee or the countersignature of a permit shall be made to the Regional Transport Authority issuing the permit who shall prepare a receipt in Form R.P.R. for each Part B of the permit and deliver a copy thereof to the person tendering the fee.

(8) The receipt for the last fee paid shall be attached to and displayed with Part B of the permit.

(9) If a permit holder for a transport vehicle, other than a goods vehicle has paid in advance fees for more than one year and his permit is subsequently cancelled, he shall be entitled to a refund of the amount paid, less the full fee for the first year following the date of payment and for any subsequent year which may have begun to run before the cancellation is ordered. In case of a goods vehicle, the refund of amount for un-expired portion per year shall be worked by dividing the total amount of fee paid for three years by 3 and rounding of paisas 50 or above to a rupee. Fraction less than 50 paisa shall be ignored.

(10) — Save as provided in the preceding sub-rule no refund of fees shall be allowed in any case where a permit is cancelled.

Fee for temporary permits:- For a temporary permit authorising the use of a transport vehicle outside the region or regions or the route or routes to which it is ordinarily restricted, a fee shall be payable at the following rates:-

a. (if there is in force in respect of the vehicle a regular permit from a Regional Transport Authority in the Province):-

For a temporary permit valid not more than two days. Two rupees.

For a temporary permit valid for more than two days.

For the first week. Five rupees.

For each subsequent week. Three rupees.

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b. (if there is not in force in respect of the vehicle a regular permit issued by a Regional Transport Authority in the Province):-

For a temporary permit not valid for more than two days.  
Three rupees.

For a temporary permit valid for more than two days.

For the first week. Seven  
rupees.

For each subsequent week upto four weeks. Five  
rupees.

For each month after the first four weeks. Fifty  
rupees.

Limitation of capacity of stage carriages and contract carriages:-(1) Save with the special permission of Government, no permit or countersignature on a permit shall authorise the conveyance of passengers in any stage carriage or contract carriage in excess of the maximum number that can be seated in accordance with the provisions of rules 182 and 184.

(2) Stage carriage used exclusively for the operation of a local service in an urban area with an internal height of not less than six feet may, in addition to the passengers carried in accordance with sub-rule (1), carry :-

a. eight standing passengers where the registered seating capacity does not exceed 28 passengers;

b. ten standing passengers where the registered seating capacity is not less than twenty-nine and not more than thirty-two passengers;

c. twenty where the registered seating capacity is more than thirty-two; and

d. twelve standing passengers in the lower saloon of a double decker vehicle.

(3) When in any stage carriage some seats have been reserved for ladies the space in the region of such seats shall be reserved for lady standing passengers and no male passenger shall stand in that portion.

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Traveling of a Checker or Inspector in stage carriages:- (1)

Notwithstanding the provisions of rule 72, a Checker or an Inspector employed by a transport concern to check vehicles enroute may travel in the vehicle for not more than six miles at a stretch for the purpose of checking: provided that such an employee is in possession of an identity card, in the form appended to this rule, issued by his employer and countersigned by the Motor Vehicles Examiner of the area concerned:

Provided further that on a long route in an isolated and desperately populated area for which only one service operates the Checker or the Inspector, as the case may be, may travel in the vehicles upto the next bus stop, if such a bus stop falls at a distance of more than six miles.

(2) The Checker or the Inspector shall on demand by a Magistrate or an officer of the Police or Transport Department produce the identity card for inspection. In case no such identity card is produced the Checker or the Inspector shall be counted as a passenger.

(3) When the employee ceases to hold the office of a Checker or an Inspector, as the case may be, shall return the identity card to the employer.

FORM OF IDENTITY CARD

1. Name of the transport concern (employer).
2. Full name and address of the holder.
3. Designation.
4. Signature or thumb-impression of the holder.
5. Age of the holder.
6. Height of the holder.
7. Visible identification mark.

PHOTOGRAPH.

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Signature and designation of the employer

Attested

Signature of the Motor Vehicles Examiner.

Carriage of goods in stage and contract carriages:- (1) No goods shall be carried on the top deck of a double decked stage carriage.

(2) No goods liable to foul the interior of the vehicle or render it insanitary shall be carried at any time in any stage carriage or contract carriage.

(3) A Regional Transport Authority may specify in any permit the goods which shall not be carried in a stage carriage or contract carriage or the conditions subject to which certain classes of goods may be so carried.

(4) Subject to the provisions of the preceding sub-rules, goods may be carried in stage carriage or contract carriage at any time in accordance with the conditions specified in the permit, if the obligation of the holder to carry passengers in accordance with the terms of the permit is discharged.

(5) If the holder of a stage carriage permit uses a vehicle authorised by the permit for the carriage of goods to the detriment of the public convenience by failing thereby to meet the demand for passenger transport, the Regional Transport Authority, may, after giving the holder an opportunity of being heard, declare that a breach of the conditions of the permit has occurred and may thereafter proceed under the provisions of section 61.

(6) When goods are carried in a stage carriage in addition to passengers, the goods shall be of such a nature and shall be so packed and secured on the vehicle that no danger, inconvenience or discomfort is caused to any passenger. Such number of seats as may be specified in the permit shall be kept free and unimpeded for the use of passengers and the access to the entrance to and exits from the vehicle required under Chapter VI of these rules shall be unobstructed.

(7) The weight in pounds of goods and personal luggage (other than the luggage and effects allowed under sub-rule (1) of rule

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75 carried in a stage carriage or motor cab shall not exceed  $(N=X) \times 160$ , the letters in the formula signifying-

N- Maximum number of passengers for which the vehicle might be registered under these rules;

X- The number of passengers carried on the vehicle, or the number of passengers for whom seats are kept free and unimpeded by goods, whichever is greater.

In applying the formula to a double-decked vehicle, account shall be taken of the number of passengers, carried in the lower deck, and the number of seats in the lower deck only.

Carriage of personal luggage in stage or contract carriages:-

(1)(a) The luggage and personal effects of each passenger, subject to the limits given below, shall be carried free in a stage carriage:-

(a) Sixty pounds for each passenger occupying an upper class seat-upper class seats being those declared as such by the Motor Vehicle's Examiner.

(b) Thirty pounds for each passenger occupying a lower class seat.

(ii) No luggage or personal effects of any passenger shall be carried in excess of these limits, save as permitted by sub-rule (7) of rule 74.

(iii) Small articles, such as over-coats, handbags, shall not be weighed.

(2) Subject to any directions issued by the Provincial Transport Authority, a Regional Transport Authority may impose on the use of any contract carriage conditions in regard to the weight of luggage and goods which may be carried therein, generally or in any specified area:

Provided that in the case of a contract carriage other than a motor cab the weight of goods allowed shall not exceed that

permitted under rules in the case of a stage carriage.

Obligation to carry a conductor:- (1) A Regional Transport Authority may attach to any stage carriage permit a condition

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that a conductor shall be carried on the vehicle at all times or at any specified times.

(2) A condition included in a permit under sub-rule (1) may direct that conductor shall also be carried when the vehicle is being used as a contract carriage.

Carriage of mails in a stage carriage:- A Regional Transport Authority may attach to any stage permit a condition that the holder shall, if required, carry mail at such rates as may be fixed by the Regional Transport Authority in consultation with the Postal Authorities concerned.

Further Conditions that may be attached to a stage carriage permit:- A Regional Transport Authority may attach to any stage carriage permit or contract carriage permit any one or more of the following conditions namely:-

(a) that any passengers or goods that may be taken up within the limits of a particular municipality or any other specified area shall be conveyed out side and shall not be set down within those limits or within that area;

(b) that in passing along any specified route (to be referred to as a "corridor") in any specified area no passengers or goods shall be taken up or set down within that area;

(c) that stage carriage which is permitted to ply on a particular route must complete the journey between the two terminals;

(d) that in order to maintain the service and to provide for special occasion and breakdowns, a permit holder shall, over and above the number of vehicles for which permit in Part B has been issued, keep in reserve 25 per cent of such number in the case of a pacca route and 33/4 percent of such number in the case of a kacha or pacca-cum-kacha route, subject to a minimum of one vehicle in any case:

Provided that a Regional Transport Authority which issued the permit in respect of the service of stage carriage, may with the previous permission of the Provincial Transport Authority, direct a larger number of vehicles to be so kept in reserve for any particular route;

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(e) that on a notification being issued by Government in the official Gazette for the formation of Transport Companies with not less than fifty vehicles, the permit holder shall in accordance with the said notification join any transport operator or operators so as to form a Transport Company with the requisite number of vehicles;

(f) that the permit-holder shall:-

(i) construct bus stands providing amenities to the passengers in accordance with the instruction of the Transport Department; and

(ii) when so required by the Transport Department, build garages, workshops, inspection ramps, washing and servicing stations in accordance with the specifications laid down by that Department and provide necessary machinery and equipment therein;

Provided that conditions (e) and (f) shall be operative only during a War Emergency declared by the Government of Pakistan;

(g) that the permit holder shall be liable to action under section 62 if the driver of the vehicle covered by the permit has been found involved in rash and negligent driving;

(h) that the permit holder shall place the vehicle covered by the permit at the disposal of the Government during any emergency declared by Government.

Regulation of Arrival and departure of stage carriages:-  
Where stage carriage permits issued under section 49 in respect of stage carriage services contain regulations for the timings of arrival or departure of stage carriages in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 49, save with the permission in writing of the Regional Transport Authority issuing any such permit, not more than one stage carriage at a time in any service shall be permitted to arrive or departure from any particular place in accordance with such regulations.

Restriction on the Picking up of passenger by a motor cab outside the area which the vehicle is primarily intended to serve:-A Regional Transport Authority may at any time include

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in the permit of any motor cab a condition that no passenger shall be taken into the motor cab at any place outside the headquarters area of the motor cab unless the passenger has applied and has contracted to be carried in the motor cab the whole way from that place to some place within the headquarters area aforesaid; and in such case the Regional Transport Authority shall specify in the permit the limits of the said headquarters area.

Conditions that may be attached, to a permit:- A Regional Transport Authority may attach to any stage carriage permit or contract carriage permit a condition that the holder shall exercise such supervision over the work of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably with the Ordinance and the rules and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and safety of the public and of any passengers carried.

Conditions that may be attached to a public carriage permit:- A Regional Transport Authority may attach to any public carrier's permit any or all of the following conditions:-

(a) that in passing along any specified route (to be referred to as a corridor) in any specified area no goods shall be taken or set down within that area;

(b) restricting the type and the ownership of goods which may be carried;

(c) that the permit holder shall be liable to action under section 61, if the driver of vehicle covered by the permit has been found involved in rash and negligent driving;

(d) that the permit holder shall place the vehicle covered with the permit at the disposal of the Government during any emergency declared by Government.

Cancellation of redundant permits:- When a permit has been granted on first application by one Regional Transport Authority in respect of a particular vehicle or service of vehicles and it appears that permit has also been granted by another Regional Transport Authority-

(a) in respect of the same vehicle; or

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(b) In respect of a service of vehicles requiring the use of a greater number of vehicles than the holder of the permits possessed at the time of application, the Regional Transport Authority, by which one of the permits was issued may in consultation with the other authority after giving the permit holder an opportunity of being heard forthwith cancel or modify the permit in such manner as it may deem fit.

Renewal of permits:- (1) No application for the renewal of a permit shall be entertained unless it is made in writing to the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit was issued not less than one month before the expiry of the permit. Every application for renewal shall be accompanied by Part A to the permit and the application for prescribed in sub-rule (1) of rule 63, and shall state the period for which the renewal is desired.

(2) A Regional Transport Authority may at its discretion entertain an application for renewal preferred after the prescribed date, in which case a progressively increasing fee at the rate of Rupees fifty for each month or part of a month, the application due, shall be charged. As application made after the original permit has expired will be treated on the same basis.

(3) The Regional Transport Authority renewing a permit shall call upon the holder to produce Part A or Part B thereof, as the case may be, and shall endorse Part A and B accordingly and shall return them to the holder.

Renewal of countersignatures on permits:- (1) Subject to the provisions of rule 86, application for the renewal of a countersignature on a permit shall be made in writing to the Regional Transport Authority concerned and within the appropriate periods prescribed in rule 84 and shall, subject to the provisions of sub-rule (2), be accompanied by Part A of the permit. The application shall set forth the period for which the renewal of the countersignature is required.

(2) If at the time of application for renewal of a countersignature of a permit, Part A of the permit is not available, being under renewal by the authority by which it was issued, the application shall mention the fact and shall state the number and date of the permit, the name of the authority by which it was granted, the date of its expiry and the number and date of the countersignature to be renewed.

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(3) The Regional Transport Authority granting the renewal of a countersignature shall call upon the holder to produce Part A of the permit, if it has not been produced, and Part B, or Parts B, of the permit and shall endorse the Parts A and B accordingly and return them to the holder.

Power of authority renewing a permit to renew any countersignature thereon:- (1) The authority by which a permit is renewed may, unless any authority by which the permit has been counter-signed has by general or special order otherwise directed, likewise renew any countersignature on the permit (by endorsement of the permit in the manner set forth in the appropriate Form) and shall in such case intimate the fact of the renewal to the authority which first gave the countersignature.

(2) Unless Part A and B of permit have been endorsed as provided in sub-rule (1), or the period of validity of the countersignature has been extended by the authority which first gave it, the countersignature shall cease to have effect on expiry of the period for which it was originally operative.

Permit authorising the replacement of vehicle:- (1) If the holder of a permit relating to a particular vehicle desires at any time to replace the vehicle with another, he shall forward Part A of the permit and apply in writing to the Transport Authority by which the permit was issued stating the reasons why the replacement is desired, and shall:

(i) If the new vehicle is in his possession, forward the certificate of registration; or

(ii) if the new vehicle is not in his possession, state any material particulars in respect of which the new vehicle will differ from the old.

(2) Upon receipt of an application under sub-rule (1), the Regional Transport Authority may in its discretion reject the application:

(i) if it has prior to the application given notice of its intention to reduce the number of transport vehicles of that class generally or in respect of the route or area to which the permit applies; or

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(ii) the new vehicle proposed differs in material respects from the old; or

(iii) if the holder of the permit has contravened the provisions thereof or has been deprived of possession of the old vehicle under the provisions of a hire-purchase agreement:

Provided that in considering applications for new permits within its areas the Regional Transport Authority shall, other things being equal give preference to an applicant who has been deprived of a permit by the operation of clause (i) of this sub-rule.

(3) If the Regional Transport Authority grants an application for the replacement of vehicle under this rule, it shall call upon the holder of the permit to produce Part B of the permit and the certificate of registration of the new vehicle, if not previously delivered to it, and shall correct Part A and B of the permit accordingly under its seal and signature and return them to the holder.

(4) No fee shall be chargeable for the replacement of a vehicle under this rule.

Permit for the replacement of a vehicle forming part of a service:- (1) If the holder of a permit relating to a service of stage carriages or contract carriages desires at any time to replace any vehicle covered by the permit by a vehicle of a different type or capacity, he shall forward Part A of the permit with an application in writing to the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit was issued, stating the reasons why the replacement is desired and shall intimate the relevant particulars of the vehicle to be replaced and of the new vehicle.

(2) Upon receipt of an application under sub-rule (1), the Regional Transport Authority may in its discretion reject the application:

(i) if it has prior to the application given notice of its intention to reduce the number of transport vehicles of the class generally or in respect of the route or area to which the permit applies; or

(ii) if the new vehicle differs in material respects from the old; or

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(iii) if the holder of the permit has contravened any of its provisions.

(3) If the Regional Transport Authority grants an application for the replacement of a vehicle under this rule, it shall call upon the holder of the permit to produce the appropriate Part B of the permit and shall correct Part A and B of the permit accordingly under its seal and signature and return them to the holder.

(4) No fee shall be chargeable for the replacement of a vehicle under this rule.

Treatment of any countersignatures on the permit of a replaced vehicle:- (1) The Authority granting permission for the replacement of a vehicle under rules 87 and 88 shall, unless the authority by which the permit was countersigned has by general or special resolution otherwise directed, endorse on the correction made to Parts A and B of permit the words "Valid also for....." inserting the name of the authority concerned, and shall intimate the particulars of the replacement to such authority.

(2) Unless the permit has been endorsed, as provided in sub-rule (1) or unless the alteration has been approved by an endorsement by the countersigning authority the countersignature on a permit shall not be valid in respect of any new vehicle.

Procedure on cancellation, suspension or expiry of permit:-

(1) The holder of a permit may at any time surrender the permit to the Regional Transport Authority by which it was granted and the Regional Transport Authority shall forthwith cancel any permit so surrendered.

(2) When a Regional Transport Authority suspends or cancels any permit-

(i) the holder shall surrender Parts A and B of the permit within seven days of receipt of a demand in writing by the Regional Transport Authority, and

(ii) the authority suspending or cancelling the permit shall send

intimation to any other authority by which the permit has been extended under rule 69.

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(3) Within fourteen days of the expiry of any permit by the efflux of time, the holder shall deliver Part A and Part B or Parts B to the Regional Transport Authority by which it was issued. The Regional Transport authority receiving any such permit shall intimate the fact to the authority or authorities by which it may have been countersigned and to any authority to whose area the validity has been extended under rule 69.

Transfer of a permit:- (1) When the holder of a permit desires to transfer the permit to some other person under sub-section (1) of section 60, he and the person to whom he desires to make the transfer shall make a joint application in writing to the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit was issued, setting forth the reasons for the proposed transfer and stating whether any premium, payment or other consideration arising out of the transfer is to pass or has passed between them and the nature and amount of any such premium, payment or consideration. Every such application shall be accompanied by a fee of rupees one hundred only which shall not be refundable.

(2) If a Regional Transport Authority having sanctioned any transfer of a permit is subsequently satisfied that the contents of the application on which the transfer was approved were false or incomplete in respect of the matter specified in sub-rule (1) or any other material particular, it may declare the transfer to be void, and the permit shall, thereupon, without prejudice to any other penalty to which the parties may be liable, cease to have validity.

(3) The Regional Transport Authority may summon both the parties to the application, to appear before it and may, if it deems fit deal with the application as if it were an application for a permit.

(4) @) If the regional Transport Authority is satisfied that the transfer of permit may properly be made, it shall call upon the holder of the permit in writing to surrender Part A and B of the permit within seven days of the receipt of the order and shall likewise call upon the person to whom the permit is to be transferred to deposit the sum of rupees five as transfer fee.

(ii) Upon receipt of Parts A and B of the permit and of the prescribed fee the Regional Transport Authority shall cancel

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the particulars of the holder thereon and endorse particulars of the transferee and shall return the permit to the transferee.

(iii) The Regional Transport Authority making a transfer of a permit as aforesaid may, unless any other Regional Transport Authority by which the permit has been countersigned has by general or special order otherwise required endorse Parts A and B of the permit with the words "Valid for....." inserting the name of the extra area or route for which the permit has been countersigned.

(iv) Unless Parts A and B of the permit have been endorsed as provided in sub-rule (2), or unless the transfer of the permit has been approved by endorsement by the authority which countersigned the permit, the countersignature shall be of no effect after the date of transfer.

(5) The Regional Transport Authority may delegate to the Chairman powers to accept or reject applications for transfer of permits without obtaining its prior approval in each case, provided that the power so delegated shall be exercised subject to the condition that any such action taken by the Chairman shall be put up at the subsequent meeting or the Regional Transport Authority for confirmation.

Issue of duplicate permits:- (1) When Part A or Part B of any permit has been lost or destroyed, the holder shall forthwith intimate the fact to the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit was issued and shall deposit prescribed fee for the issue of a duplicate, and in the case of the loss or destruction of Part B shall also forward Part A of the permit.

(2) The Regional Transport Authority shall upon receipt of an application in accordance with sub-rule (1), issue a duplicate permit or part or parts of a permit, as the case may be, and to the extent that it is able to verify the facts may endorse thereon certified copies of any countersignature by other authority, intimating the fact to that authority.

(3) A duplicate permit or duplicate part of a permit issued under this rule shall be clearly stamped "Duplicate" in a red ink and the certified copy of any countersignature by any other Regional Transport Authority on a permit or a part of a permit made under this rule shall be valid in the region of that other authority as if it were a countersignature.

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(4) When 78 a permit or part of a permit has become so dirty, torn or defaced as in the opinion of the Regional transport Authority 88 to be illegible, the holder thereof shall surrender the permit or 99 part of the permit, 104 as the case may be, to the 110 Regional Transport Authority 113 and apply for the issue of a duplicate permit or part of a permit in accordance with this rule.

(5) The fee for the issue of a duplicate permit or part of a permit shall be rupees five for Part A and rupees two for each copy of Part B.

(6) Any permit or part of permit which is found by any person shall be delivered by that person to the nearest police station or to the holder or to the Regional Transport Authority by which it was issued and if the holder finds or receives any permit or part of permit in respect of which a duplicate has been issued, he shall return the original to the Regional Transport Authority by which it was issued.

(7) The Regional Transport Authority may delegate to the Chairman or Secretary, powers to issue duplicate permits: provided that the power so delegated shall be exercised subject to the condition that the cases decided shall be put up at the subsequent meeting of the Regional Transport Authority for confirmation.

Variation of permits:- (1) Upon application made in writing by the holder of any permit, the Regional Transport Authority may at any time in its discretion vary the permit or any of the conditions thereof subject to the provisions of the following sub-rules.

(2) Where a representation has been made by any person in connection with the grant of a stage carriage permit under subsection (1) of section 48 the Regional Transport Authority shall not, subsequent to the issue of the permit vary the permit or any condition thereof in a manner prejudicial to any person by whom such representation has been made unless the said author has afforded such person a reasonable opportunity of making representation in respect of the proposed variation.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (2), a Regional Transport Authority may vary any stage carriage permit without

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affording any person an opportunity of making a representation if in the opinion of the Regional Transport Authority the representation made by such person in respect of the issue of the permit was frivolous or vexatious, or if the variation of the permit or any condition thereof is in accordance with any particular or general direction issued by the Provincial Transport Authority under sub-section (6) of section 46 or involves a question of principle which has already been decided by a ruling of the Regional Transport Authority or of the Provincial Transport Authority which has not been modified upon appeal.

Production of permits:- (1) Part A of a permit shall be produced on demand made at any reasonable time by any member of a Regional Transport Authority or any police officer not below the rank of Sergeant or sub-Inspector.

(2) Any police officer in uniform may mount any transport vehicle for the purpose of inspecting Part B of the permit.

Appeal against orders of Regional Transport Authority:- The Authority (hereinafter referred to as the appellate authority) to hear and decide an appeal against the orders of a Regional Transport Authority contemplated by clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of Section 66 and section 67-E shall be the Chairman Provincial Transport Authority.

Appeal against the orders of Provincial Transport Authority:- The authority to hear and decide an appeal against the orders of the Provincial Transport Authority shall be the Financial Commissioner.

Procedure in hearing appeals:- (1) Any person desiring to prefer an appeal against the order of the Provincial or Regional Transport Authority referred to in rule 95 shall, within thirty days of the receipt of the orders, prefer a memorandum (in duplicate) to the appellate authority setting forth concisely the grounds of objection to the order of the Provincial or the Regional Transport Authority, as the case may be, together with a certified copy of that order.

(2) Upon receipt of an appeal in accordance with sub-rule (1), the appellate authority shall appoint time and place for hearing of the appeal giving the appellant not less than thirty days notice and shall order the appellant to deposit such fee, not exceeding rupees twenty-five as the appellate authority may specify.



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(3) Any person preferring an appeal under this rule shall be entitled to obtain a copy of any document filed with the Provincial or the Regional Transport Authority, as the case may be, in connection with any order against which he is appealing, on payment of a fee at the rate of fifty paise per page.

Conduct and duties of drivers of public service vehicles:- The driver of a public service vehicle:-

shall not cause or allow any person, animal or thing to be placed

or to be in the space reserved for the driver's seat in accordance

with rule 161 or otherwise in such a way as to impede his vision of the road or proper control of the vehicle;

(ii) shall not shout in order to attract a passenger;

(iii) shall, subject to any rules or regulations in force prohibiting the taking up or setting down of passengers at, or except at certain specified places, bring the vehicle to rest for a sufficient period of time in a safe and convenient position upon the demand or signal of the conductor or of any passenger desiring to alight from the vehicle, and unless there is no accommodation in the vehicle, upon the demand or signal of any person desiring to become passenger;

(iv) shall not, when bringing his vehicle to rest for the purpose of picking up or setting down any passenger at or near the place where another public service vehicle is at rest for the same purpose drive the vehicle so as to endanger, cause inconvenience or interfere with the driver or the conductor of the other vehicle or any person mounting or preparing to mount thereon or alighting there from, and shall bring his vehicle to rest in front of or behind the other vehicle and on the left hand side of the road or place;

(v) shall at all times exercise all reasonable care and diligence to maintain his vehicle in a fit and proper condition and shall not knowingly drive the vehicle when it, or any brake, tyre or lamp thereof, is in a defective condition likely to endanger any passenger or other person or when there is not sufficient petrol or diesel oil in the tank of the vehicle to enable him to reach the next petrol filling station on the route;

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(vi) shall not, except in the case of a motor cab, fill the tanks of the vehicle with petrol or other liquid fuel so long as any passengers are seated in it; and

(vii) shall issue a ticket to a passenger immediately on payment of the fare or freight except where arrangement outside the vehicle for the issue of tickets in advance to the intending passengers on payment of the fare or freight exists and the passenger has in his possession such a ticket.

Duties of drivers and conductors of public service vehicles:-

The driver and the conductor of a public service vehicle:-

(i) shall, as far as may be reasonably possible having regard to his duties, be responsible for the due observance of the provisions of the Ordinance and of these rules and of any conditions of the permit relating to the vehicle;

(ii) shall not smoke in or on a vehicle during a journey or when it has passengers on boards;

(iii) shall behave in a civil and orderly manner to passengers and intending passengers;

(iv) shall be cleanly dressed in such a manner as the Regional Transport Authority may specify;

(v) shall maintain the vehicle in a clean and sanitary condition;

(vi) shall not interfere with persons mounting or preparing to mount upon any other vehicle;

(vii) shall not allow any person to be carried in any public service vehicle in excess of the seating capacity specified in the certificate of registration of the vehicle, and any additional number permitted under the terms of the permit to be carried standing in the vehicle;

(viii) shall not solicit custom save in a civil or quiet manner;

(ix) shall not willfully deceive or refuse to inform any passenger

or intending passenger as to the destination or route of the vehicle or as to the fare for any journey;

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(x) shall not, save for good and sufficient reason, refuse to carry any person tending the legal fare;

(xi) shall, where goods are carried on the vehicle in addition to passengers, take all reasonable precautions to ensure that passengers are not endangered or unduly inconvenienced by the presence of the goods;

(xii) shall not, save for good and sufficient reasons, enquire any person who has paid the legal fare to alight from the vehicle before the conclusion of the journey;

(xiii) shall not loiter or unduly delay upon any journey but shall proceed to his destination as near as may be in accordance with the time table pertaining to the vehicle or where there is no such time table, with all reasonable dispatch;

(xiv) shall, in the event of a stage carriage being unable to proceed to its destination on account of mechanical breakdown or other cause beyond the control of the driver or the conductor, arrange to convey the passenger to their destination in some other similar vehicle, or, if unable so to arrange within a period of half an hour after the failure of the vehicle, shall on demand refund to each passenger a proper proportion of the fare relating to the completion of the journey for which the passenger had paid the fare;

(xv) shall not, in the case of a stage carriage, cause or allow anything to be placed in the vehicle in such a manner as to obstruct the entry or exit of passengers;

(xvi) shall, when using a stand, pay the fees fixed under sub-rule (5) of rule 228 and comply with any relevant condition subject to which the place is authorised as a stand; and

(xvii) shall take due care for the safe carriage of luggage belonging to the passengers.

Lost property:-The conductor of a stage carriage or where there is no conductor, the driver, shall at the conclusion of any journey make search in the vehicle for anything left by any passenger and shall take into his custody anything so found, and upon the first opportunity make over the same to a responsible person at any office or station of the permit holder who shall keep or cause it to be kept for a maximum period of three days, unless it is

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delivered to the rightful claimant, after which period anything so found shall be handed over to an officer at the nearest police station. He shall also maintain a register in form L.P.R. entering all such vehicles.

Conduct of passengers in stage carriages:- If at any time a passenger in a stage carriage:-

- (i) behaves in a disorderly manner; or
- (ii) behaves in a manner likely to cause annoyance to any female passenger; or
- (iii) uses abusive language; or
- (iv) molests any other passenger; or
- (v) smokes, when smoking is prohibited, or when the vehicle is being re-fuelled; or
- (vi) spits, or
- (vii) obstructs the conductor in the execution of his duties; or
- (viii) is unable to pay the fare; or
- (ix) refuses to pay the fare or travels without a valid ticket; or
- (x) interferes without due cause with the conduct or driving of the vehicle; or
- (xi) refuses to show any ticket on demand by any authorised person or surrender any ticket held by him in completing of the journey for which it was issued; or
- (xii) uses or attempts to use any ticket which has been altered or defaced or (in the case of a ticket bearing an indication that it is not transferable) issued to another person; or
- (xiii) is reasonably suspected to be suffering from any contagious or infectious disease; or
- (xiv) commits or abets any offence under the Ordinance.

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the driver and conductor, if any, may require such passenger to alight from the vehicle forthwith and may stop the vehicle and keep it standing until the passenger has alighted. Such passenger shall not be entitled to the refund of any fare which he may have paid, and any passenger failing to comply forthwith with such a requirement may be forcibly removed by the conductor or the driver and shall be guilty of an offence.

Carriage of children and infants in a public service vehicle:-

In relation to the number of persons permitted to be carried in a public service vehicle:-

(i) a child of not more than twelve years of age shall be reckoned as a half; and

(ii) a child of not more than three years of age shall not be reckoned.

Licensing of conductors:- (1) No person shall work as a conductor of a stage carriage and no employer shall so employ any person on any route or in any area specified by a Regional Transport Authority, unless such person holds a conductor's licence in Form L. Con. granted by a licensing authority.

(2) A conductor's licence shall be valid for a period of not less than one year and not more than three years from the date of issue or renewal and shall be effective throughout the Azad Kashmir/State.

(3) Applications for the grant of a conductor's licence shall be made in writing to the licensing authority of the district where the applicant resides or normally works, in Form L. Con. A, and shall be accompanied by two clear copies of a recent photograph of the applicant and the prescribed fee.

(4) In the case of an application of the grant of licence, if the licensing authority has reason to suppose that the applicant is physically unfit to perform the duties of a conductor the authority may call upon him to produce a medical certificate of fitness in Form M.C. Con. signed by a registered medical practitioner, and in such case, the applicant shall furnish a third copy of the photograph prescribed in sub-rule (3) which shall be firmly affixed to the medical certificate of fitness and shall be signed or sealed by the registered medical practitioner.

(5) No person under the age of eighteen years shall hold a conductor's licence.

(6) The fee for a conductor's licence and for the renewal of a conductor's licence shall be rupee one for each period of one year for which the licence is granted or renewed.

(7) Application for the renewal of a conductor's licence shall be made by letter enclosing the licence, accompanied by the prescribed fee, addressed to the licensing authority by which the conductor's licence was issued.

(8) If at any time a conductor's licence is lost or destroyed or becomes illegible or the photograph attached thereto ceases in the opinion of the authority by which the licence was granted to be of a reasonable likeness of the holder, that authority shall proceed as if the conductor's licence were a driving licence.

(9) A licensing authority may decline to issue a conductor's licence if be satisfied.

(i) that the applicant's knowledge of the provisions of the Ordinance and of these rules and of the duties and powers of a conductor thereunder is inadequate to enable him to perform the duties of a conductor; or

(ii) that the applicant was at any time the holder of a conductor's or a driving licence which has been cancelled for misconduct; or

(iii) that the character or physique of the applicant is such as to render him as unsuitable person to hold a conductor's licence; and may likewise decline to renew a conductor's licence.

(10) A licensing authority may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, suspend or cancel a conductor's licence issued by itself or any other licensing authority. Where a licensing authority suspends or cancels a licence granted by another authority, it shall communicate the particulars to that authority.

(11) Any Court by which a conductor is convicted of any offence in connection with his duty as conductor may cancel the conductor's licence.

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(12) A conductor of a stage carriage shall on demand by any police officer in uniform produce his conductor's licence for inspection: provided that if at the time his licence is demanded he is displaying the badge prescribed in rule 104 it shall be sufficient compliance with this sub-rule if he produces the licence within forty-eight hours at any police-station which he specified to the police officer making the demand.

(13) No person shall hold more than one conductor's licence; effective in the same region.

(14) The licensing authority may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare that such of these rules as are applicable to drivers or to driver's licenses as may be specified in the said notification shall apply to conductor's or to conductor's licenses, as the case may be.

(15) In all matters relating to the grant, suspension and cancellation of conductor's licenses, the licensing authority shall act under the control of the Asstt. Inspector General of Police of the area.

Driver's badge:- (1) The driver of a public service vehicle shall display on his left breast or left arm a metal badges in the form illustrated in the Third Schedule to these rules issued to him by and inscribed with the name of the authority by which an authorisation to drive a public service vehicle has been granted and the word "Driver", together with an identification number.

(2) A driver of a public service vehicle shall not hold more than one such badge issued by an authority in the Azad Kashmir/State.

(3) The fee for issue of a badge as aforesaid shall be rupee one. If badge is lost or destroyed a duplicate badge shall be issued by the authority by which it was issued on payment of rupees two. Upon the return to the issuing authority of a badge or of a duplicate badge the driver shall be entitled to a refund of rupee one.

(4) if at any time the authorisation on a driver's licence entitling him to drive a public service vehicle is suspended or revoked by any authority or by any Court or it ceases to be valid by the efflux of time the driver shall within seven days surrender the badge to the authority by which it was issued.

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Conductor's badge:- (1) The conductor of a stage carriage shall display on his left breast or left arm metal badge in the form illustrated in the Third Schedule to these rules issued by and inscribed with the name of authority by which the conductor's licence as granted and the word conductor together with an identification number.

(2) A conductor shall not hold more than one such badge issued by an authority in the Province, A.K.

(3) The fee for the issue of a conductor's badge as aforesaid shall be rupee one. If the badge is lost or destroyed a duplicate badge shall be issued by the authority which issued it, on payment of rupees two. Upon return to the issuing authority of a badge or a duplicate badge, the conductor shall be entitled to a refund of rupee one.

(4) If at any time a conductor's licence is suspended or cancelled by competent authority or by any Court or it ceases to be valid by the efflux of time, the conductor shall within seven days surrender the badge to the authority by which it was issued.

Badge not to be transferred:- (1) No driver and no conductor shall lend or transfer the badge prescribed in these rules to any other person, and no driver or conductor shall wear a badge other than one issued to him by the authority referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 103 or sub-rule (1) rule 104.

(2) Any person finding a driver's or a conductor's badge shall, unless he turns the same to the holder, forthwith surrender it to the authority by which it was issued or to a police officer.

Prohibition on use of force to collect passengers:- No driver or conductor of a public service vehicle or agent for the sale of tickets shall touch any one or use force to any person with the object of inducing that person or any other to travel in any public service vehicle, or shout loudly or use any horn, bell gong whistle gramophone, loud speaker musical instrument or other device for creating a loud noise with the object to attracting passengers.

Sale of tickets:- In any district or other area to which this rule may be applied by Government, no driver or conductor of a public service vehicle or agent for the sale of ticket in a public



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service vehicle shall sell or attempt to sell tickets or solicit custom in any place which has been notified by the District Magistrate by public proclamation or in such other manner as he may find convenient, as a place in which such sale soliciting is not permitted.

Licensing of tickets agent in certain areas:- (1) In any district or other area to which this rule may be applied by Government, no person shall act as an agent for the sale of tickets for travel by a public service vehicle, otherwise than the vehicle itself or in affixed office, unless he has obtained from the licensing authority a licence permitting him to do so.

(2) For the purpose of the preceding sub-rule, any person soliciting or attempting to persuade another person to travel in a vehicle, shall be deemed to be acting as an agent for the sale of tickets or travel thereby.

Issue of ticket agent's licence:- (1) Licences under the preceding rule shall consist of:-

(a) a permit in form T.A.P. and

(b) a metal badge of the kind illustrated in the First Schedule to these rules.

(2) No licence shall be issued to any agent except on the application of the person or company, being he holder of a permit for one or more public service vehicles for whom the agent is to act. The person or company making the application (hereinafter called the "principal" shall be required to complete and authenticate the first part of the permit in Form T.A.P., the other entries being completed by or under the orders of the licensing authority.

(3) The fee for the issue of a ticket agent's badge as aforesaid shall be such as fixed by the Provincial Transport Authority from time to time. If a badge is lost or destroyed, a duplicate badge shall be issued by the authority, which issued it on payment of such amount as may be fixed from time to time.

Cancellation of ticket agent's licence:- (1) The licensing authority shall forthwith cancel any licence issued under rule 108 upon request made to him by the Principal on whose application it was granted.



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(2) A Principal proposing to apply for the cancellation of a licence issued to an agent of his application may call on the agent to surrender the permit and badge, and the agent shall be bound forthwith to surrender the same to the principal.

(3) Where a principal requires any agent to surrender his badge and permit under the preceding sub-rule he shall forward the same, with his application for the cancellation of the licence to the licensing authority with the least possible delay and in any case within forty-eight hours.

Term of ticket agent's licence:- Unless a shorter term is appointed, an agent's licence shall be good for one year from the date of issue or renewal but may be cancelled at any time by the licensing authority if it appears to him that the conduct of the agent in his relations with the public has been unsatisfactory or that the agent is not a suitable person to continue as such:

Provided that before canceling the licence the authority shall give the agent an opportunity of showing cause against the proposed action.

Badge to be exhibited:-(1) An agent licensed under rule 108 shall carry his badge and permit on his person at all times when he is engaged in his duties, the badge being displayed prominently on the left breast.

(2) The agent shall be bound to exhibit his permit on the demand of any person whose custom he has sought to secure or of any police officer in uniform of or above the rank of head constable.

(3) If any person, not having been appointed an agent under rule 108 or his licence to act as an agent has been cancelled or has otherwise ceased to be valid exhibits a badge or permit of the kind prescribed on sub-rule (1) of rule 109 or any colourable imitation of such badge or permit he shall be punishable for a contravention of these rule.

Appeals:- (1) All orders made by a licensing authority under rule 109, 110 or 111 shall be appealable to the Asstt. Inspector General of Police of the area whose decision shall be final.

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(2) The Asstt. Inspector General shall, before passing an order under sub-rule (1), give an opportunity to the appellant of being heard.

Prohibition of the carriage in public service vehicles of persons suffering from infections or Contagious diseases:-(1)  
No driver and no conductor of a public service vehicle shall cause or allow to be placed or carried in the vehicle any person whom he knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, or the corpse of any person whom he knows or has reason to believe to have been suffering from any such disease.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (1), the driver and the conductor may upon application in writing by a registered medical practitioner allow a person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease to be carried in a public service vehicle provided that no other person, save a person or persons in attendance on the sick person, shall be carried in the vehicle at the same time.

(3) When a person suffering from an infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any such person has been carried in a public service vehicle, the driver and the conductor of the vehicle shall be responsible that the fact is reported to a medical officer of health and to the owner of the vehicle, and neither the owner nor the driver nor the conductor shall cause or allow any person to use the vehicle until the driver and the conductor, and the vehicle have been disinfected in such manner as the said medical officer may specify and a certificate to this effect has been obtained from the said medical officer.

Carriage of persons in goods vehicles:- (1) Save in the case of vehicle which is being used for the carriage of troops or police or in the case of a stage carriage in which goods are being carried in addition to passengers, no person shall be carried in a goods vehicle other than a bonafide employee of the owner or the hirer of the vehicle, and except in accordance with this rule, the owner of a goods vehicle may also travel in it for a purpose connected with bonafide business of the vehicle.

(2) No person shall be carried in the cab of a goods vehicle beyond the number for which there is seating accommodation at the rate of fifteen inches measured along the seat excluding the space reserved for the driver for each person and not more than

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six persons in all in addition to the driver shall be carried in any goods vehicle.

(3) No person shall be carried upon the goods or otherwise in such a manner that such person is in danger of falling from the vehicle, and in no case shall any person be carried in a goods vehicle in such a manner that any part of his person, when he is in sitting position, is at a height exceeding ten feet from the surface upon which the vehicle rests.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (2), a Regional Transport Authority may, as a condition of a permit granted for any goods vehicle, specify the conditions subject to which a large number of persons may be carried in the vehicle: provided that such number shall not exceed the area in square feet of the floor of the vehicle divided by seven.

(5) Nothing contained in this rule shall be deemed to authorise the carriage of any person for hire or reward in any vehicle, unless there is in force in respect of the vehicle a permit authorising the use of the vehicle for such purpose, and save in accordance with the provisions of such permit.

(6) The driver of every goods vehicle other than a delivery van shall at all times carry an attendant at the rear of the vehicle. The attendant shall sit towards the rear of the vehicle and shall communicate with the driver by pressing the bell button or by other means about a vehicle approaching from the rear and desirous of overtaking or going ahead.

(7) The provisions of this rule shall not apply to motor vehicles registered under section 39 or 40.

Log books and complained books to be maintained by the drivers of certain transport vehicles:- (1) The driver of every contract carriage other than a motor cab, and of every goods vehicle for which a public carrier's permit has been granted shall maintain a log book and shall enter particulars of every hiring therein.

(2) The particulars to be entered in the log book shall be:

(i) in the case of a contract carriage:-

(ii)

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(a) the name of the hirer, with sufficient particulars to enable him to be identified;

(b) the approximate number of persons included in the Party;

(c) the starting point and finishing point of the trip and the route to be followed;

(d) the date and time from which the hiring has effect;

(e) the date and time when the journey is expected to be completed; and

(f) the nature and weight of any good carried; in the case of goods vehicle:

(a) serial number;

(b) description and weight of goods;

(c) place and time with date of dispatch;

(d) destination with probable time of arrival;

(e) distance;

(f) amount of freight charged;

(g) name and address of the consigner;

(h) name and address of the consignee;

(i) signature and designation of inspecting officer; and

Gj) Remarks:

Provided that in the case of vehicle carrying, miscellaneous goods belonging to a number of owners

the record of each consignment shall be kept in the standard way-bill form in the following form:-

Name of the Company.

Driver's Name..... ccc cece eeeeeee ee ee teense eeeee

VEHICLE NO.

Consigner Consignee From To Nature Distance Freight Remarks  
of goods  
and  
weight  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7

(3) The particulars required by the preceding sub-rule shall be entered in the log book before the passengers or goods are taken into the vehicle and before the journey is begun.

(4) The provisions of this rule shall apply also to any stage carriage authorised for use as a contract vehicle or for the carriage of goods, in so far as the vehicle is used for either of those purposes.

(5) Log-books required to be maintained under this rule shall be produced by the driver at any time when the vehicle is on the road or at any reasonable time on the demand of any police officer not below the rank of head constable.

(6) The entries in the log books required by this rule shall be made in English, or vernacular script.

(7) G) A complaint book in the form sub-joining this sub-rule shall be kept at the expense of the permit holders in every public service vehicle in a clean and tidy condition by the person immediately in charge of the vehicle and shall be produced by him on demand to any passenger;

(ii) The complaint book shall contain fifty sheets of half foolscap size with pages serially numbered and properly bound.

(iii) The permit holder or his agent shall not taper with any

complaint recorded in the complaint book nor shall he remove any sheet therefrom.

(iv) The permit holder shall check up the complaint book at least

(vy)

once a week for taking appropriate action on the complaints recorded therein and intimating to the complainant and the secretary, Regional Transport Authority concerned the action taken thereon.

The complaint book shall be called for by the Secretary Regional Transport Authority as suitable intervals to satisfy himself that appropriate action has been taken by the permit holder on the complaints recorded therein. In case the Secretary, Regional Transport Authority is dissatisfied with any action on a certain complaint, he shall proceed to take such disciplinary or penal action as deemed fit.

(iv) The Secretary Regional Transport Authority shall initial and

put date on the last entry in the complaint book at the time of its inspection.

(vii) When finished, the complaint book shall be surrendered to

the Regional Transport Authority concerned.

Form of complaint book for a Public Service Vehicle.

Date of complaint.	Name and address of complainant.	Details of the complaint.	Action taken by permit holder.	Signature of the complainant.

117. Other records to be maintained:- (1) A Regional Transport

Authority may, by general or special order, require the holder of a permit in respect of any transport vehicle to maintain records and submit returns in respect of the vehicle in such form as the authority may specify, and such records and returns may include particulars of the daily use of the vehicle in respect of:-

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(i) the name and licence number of the driver and conductor and other attendant, if any;

(ii) the route upon which or the area within which the vehicle was used;

(iii) the number of miles traveled;

(iv) the time of commencement and termination of a journey and of any halts on a journey when the driver obtained rest;

(v) the weight of goods carried between specified places and the nature of the goods;

(vi) in the case of goods carried in a stage carriage, the number of trips and the mileage when goods were carried solely and when goods were carried in additions to passengers, and in the latter case, the number of the seats available for passengers.

(2) No owner or other person shall cause or allow any person to drive a transport vehicle unless the owner or other person has in his possession a record in writing of the name and address of the driver as set forth in his driving licence, the number of the licence and the name of the authority by which it was issued.

Change of address of permit holder:-(1) If the holder of a permit cases to reside or to have his place of business, as the case may be, at the address set forth in the permit, he shall within fourteen days send Part A of the permit to the Transport Authority by which the permit was issued intimating the new address.

(2) Upon receipt of intimation under sub-rule (1), the Regional Transport Authority shall, after making such enquiries as it deems fit, enter in the permit the new address and shall intimate the particulars to the authority of any region in which the permit is valid by virtue of countersignature or otherwise.

Intimation of damage to or failure of a public service vehicle:- (1) The holder of any stage carriage or contract carriage permit shall, within seven days of the occurrence, report in writing to the Transport Authority by which the permit was issued any failure of, or damage to, such vehicle or to any part thereof, if the failure or damage is of such a nature as to render

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the vehicle unfit for use in accordance with the conditions of the permit for a period exceeding three days.

(2) The holder of any permit in respect of a service of stage carriages shall, within seven days the occurrence report in writing to the Transport Authority by which the permit was issued, any failure of, or damage to any vehicle, used by him under the authority of permit, of such a nature as to prevent the holder from complying with any of the provisions or conditions of the permit for a period exceeding three days.

(3) Upon receipt of a report under the preceding sub-rules, the Transport Authority by which the permit was issued may, subject to the provisions of rule 87 and 88:

(i) direct the holder of the permit within such period, not exceeding two months from the date of the occurrence, as the authority may specify either to make good the damage to or failure of, the vehicle or to provide a substitute vehicle; or

(ii) if the damage to or failure of the vehicle is such that in the opinion of the said authority it cannot be made good within a period of two months from the date, of the occurrence, the authority may direct the holder of the permit to provide a substitute vehicle; and

when holder of the permit fails to comply with such direction, may suspend, cancel or vary the permit accordingly.

(4) The Transport Authority giving a direction, or suspending, canceling or varying a permit under sub-rule (3) shall send intimation of the fact to the Transport Authority of any other region in which the permit is valid by virtue of countersignature or otherwise.

Alteration to motor vehicle:- (1) The owner of a transport vehicle or if the owner is not the holder of the permit, the holder of the permit shall, at the time when the report required by section 33 is made to the Registering Authority, forward a copy thereof to the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit relating to the vehicle was granted, or in the case of a permit relating a service of stage carriages, to the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit was granted under which the vehicle is being used.

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(2) Upon receipt of a report under sub-rule (1), the Regional Transport Authority by which the permit was issued may, if the alteration is such as to contravene any of the provisions or conditions of the permit:-

(i) vary the permit accordingly; or

(ii) require the permit holder to provide substitute vehicle within such period as the authority may specify, and if the holder fails to comply with such requirement, cancel or suspend the permit.

(3) A Regional Transport Authority varying, suspending or canceling a permit or causing another vehicle to be substituted for a vehicle covered by a permit, shall intimate particulars to the Regional Transport Authority of any other region in which the permit is valid by virtue of countersignature or otherwise.

Provision as to trailer:- (1) No trailer other than the trailing half of an articulated vehicle shall be attached to a public service vehicle:

Provided that a Regional Transport Authority granting or countersigning a stage or contract carriage permit may subject to the provision or rule 211, allow the towing of a trailer of a specified description by the vehicle on specified routes where proper facilities for the carriage of goods do not exist.

(2) Save in the case of a trailer being used for the carriage of troops or police, no person other than the attendant or attendants required by rule 212 shall be carried on a trailer.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-rule (4), all the provisions of these rules relating to a private carrier's permit or to a public earner's permit shall apply to any trailer used for the purposes or a private carrier or a public carrier, as the case may be.

(4) A Regional Transport Authority granting or countersigning a private carrier's permit or a public carrier's permit may require, as a condition of the permit or the countersignature, as the case may be, that no trailer or that not more than one trailer or that no trailer of a specified description shall be attached to any transport vehicle covered by the permit.

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Inspection of transport vehicles and their contents:- (1) Any police officer in uniform not below the rank of Assistant Sub-Inspector, may at any time when the vehicle is in a public place call upon the driver of goods vehicle to stop the vehicle and to keep it at rest for such time as may be necessary to enable the police officer to make a reasonable examination of the contents of the vehicle.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (2), the police officer shall not be entitled to examine the contents of any goods vehicle unless:-

(i) the permit in respect of the vehicle contains a provision of condition in respect of the goods which may or which may not be carried on the vehicle;

(ii) the police officer has reason to suppose that the vehicle is being used in contravention of the provisions of the Ordinance or these rules.

(3) Any police officer in uniform not below the rank of head constable may at any time when the vehicle is in a public place call upon the driver of a public service vehicle to stop the vehicle and to keep it at rest for such time as may be necessary to enable the police officer to make reasonable examination of the number of passengers and other contents of the vehicle so as to satisfy himself that the provisions of the Ordinance and these rules and the provisions and conditions of the permit in respect of the vehicle are being complied with.

Taxi-meter:- (1) Where a Regional Transport Authority requires that a motor cab or a motor cab rickshaw shall be fitted with a taxi-meter, the taxi-meter shall be of pattern approved by the Provincial Transport Authority and shall be fitted in conformity with any instructions that may be issued by the Provincial Transport Authority in this regard.

(2) A permit holder required to fit a taxi-meter shall produce the taxi-meter fitted to vehicle before the Motor Vehicles Examiner, so that it may be tested and sealed, and shall produce the taxi-meter for examination subsequently whenever the vehicle to which it is attached is inspected or whenever for any reason it has become necessary to break a seal.

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(3) No person shall drive or cause or permit to be driven any vehicle in respect of which an order has been made under sub-clause (vii) of clause (c) of section 53, if the taxi-meter is not attached to the vehicle and sealed or if he knows or has reason to believe that it is not accurate or in proper working order.

Power of officers to inspect taxi-meter:- Any police officer or any Motor Vehicle Examiner, or any Secretary, Regional Transport Authority, if he has reason to believe that a motor cab or a motor cab rickshaw fitted with a taxi-meter has been or is being plying with a meter which is defective or has been tampered with, stop such motor cab or a motor cab rickshaw and, in order to test such taxi-meter direct the driver or the person in charge of such motor cab or motor cab rickshaw to proceed to the officer or Motor Vehicle Examiner or other place and take or cause to be taken such other steps as he may consider proper for the

purpose.

#### CHAPTER V

#### CONSTRUCTION, EQUIPMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF

125.

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#### MOTOR VEHICLES

General:- (1) No person shall use and no person shall cause or allow to be in any public place any motor vehicle which does not comply with the rules contained in this Chapter, or with any order thereunder made by competent authority.

(2) Nothing in this rule shall apply to a motor vehicle which has been damaged in an accident while at the place of the accident or to a vehicle so damaged or otherwise defective while being removed to the nearest reasonable place of repair or disposal:

Provided that where a motor vehicle can no longer remain under the effective control of the person driving the same it shall not be moved except by towing.

Lamps:- (1) Save as hereinafter provided, every motor vehicle while in a public place during the period between half an hour after sun set and half an hour before sun rise and at any other time when there is not sufficient light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles, on the road at a distance of five hundred feet ahead, shall carry the following lamps (hereinafter referred to as "obligatory front lamps"):-



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(a) save in the cases of a motor cycle, motor cab rickshaw,

(b)

(c)

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motor cycle rickshaw and an invalid carriage, two lamps showing to the front a white light visible from a distance of five hundred feet;

in the case of a motor cycle, motor cab rickshaw, motor cycle rickshaw and invalid carriage, one lamp showing to the front light visible from a distance of five hundred feet and, where the registration mark exhibited at the front of the vehicle is exhibited on both sides of plate in the manner prescribed in sub-rule (5) of rule 31, so fixed as to illuminate both sides of the plate;

in the case of side-car attached to motor cycle:-

(i) a lamp affixed to the extreme left hand side of the side car showing to the front a white light visible from a distance of five hundred feet, in addition to the lamp required by clause (b) to be carried on the motor cycle;

(ii) one lamp showing to the front a white light fixed on the central line of the vehicle so that it illuminates the front registration plate on both sides, and is forwarded of and attached to the steering mechanism in such manner as to be visible from a distance of five hundred feet and movable at all times in conjunction with any steering movement;

(iii) one Obligatory white front lamp fixed to each side at a height not exceeding three feet six inches and not less than two feet measured from the surface on which the vehicle rests so that each lies:-

(a) within the overall width of the vehicle and, as far as possible, to the extreme outer edge of the body; and

(b) along a line perpendicular to the longitudinal axis which passes through the centre of the rear axle;

and shall in every case also carry:-

(i) one lamp (hereinafter referred to as the "rear

lamp") showing to the rear a red light visible; from a distance of five hundred feet; and



(ii) a lamp, which may be the rear lamp or some other device illuminating with a white light, the whole of the registration mark exhibited on the rear of the vehicle, so as to render it legible from a distance of fifty feet to the rear; and shall in the case of a motor cab rickshaw, or a motor cycle rickshaw also carry two red rear lights to be fixed within the overall width not more than four inches each from the extreme outside of the body at a height not exceeding two feet six inches and not less than one foot six inches measured from the surface on which the vehicle rests:

Provided that when a motor vehicle is drawing another vehicle or vehicles and the distance between such vehicles does not exceed five feet, it shall not, subject to any other provision of these rules, be necessary for the drawn vehicles to carry obligatory front lamps or for any save the last drawn vehicle to carry a rear lamp or a lamp illuminating the rear registration mark.

(2) Every lamp required under sub-rule (1) to be carried shall during the aforesaid period be kept properly lighted and in an efficient condition.

(3) Obligatory front lamps shall be as nearly as possible of the same power and at the height from ground.

(4) No lamp showing a light to the front shall be so fixed that the centre of the lamp is more than five feet from the ground; provided that this provision shall not apply to the internal lighting of any motor vehicle or to any light necessary to illuminate the route board of a public service vehicle.

(5) The rear lamp shall be fixed either on the centre line of the vehicle or to the right-hand side and, save in the case of a transport vehicle, at a height of not more than three feet six inches from the ground. In the case of a transport vehicle the rear light may be fixed at such a level as may be necessary to illuminate, the registration mark.

(6) Where a trailer is being drawn by a Motor vehicle, other than the drawn part of an articulated vehicle, a lamp of as nearly as possible the same size and power as the rear lamp and showing red light to the rear shall be affixed to the trailer vertically above or below the rear lamp at a distance of not less than two feet or more than three feet from the rear lamp.

(7) No motor vehicle shall show a red light to the front or other than red light to the rear provided that this provision shall not apply to the internal lighting of the vehicle or to an amber light if displaced by any direction indicator.

(8) No lamp showing a light to the front shall be used on any vehicle unless such lamp is so constructed, filled and maintained that the beam of light emitted there from:-

(a) is permanently deflected downwards to such an extent that it is at all time incapable of dazzling any person standing on the same horizontal place as the vehicle at a greater distance than twenty-five feet from the lamp, and whose eye-level is not less than three feet six inches above that place; or

(b)

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can be deflected downwards and to the left by the driver in such manner as to render it incapable of dazzling any such person in the circumstances aforesaid; or

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can be extinguished by the operation of a device which at the same time causes a beam of light to be emitted from the lamp which complies with clause (a); or

(d)

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can be extinguished by the operation of a device which at the same time either deflects the beam of light from another lamp downwards or both downwards and to the left in such manner as to render it incapable of dazzling any such person in the circumstances aforesaid, or brings into or leaves in operation a lamp or lamps which complies or comply with clause (a).

(9) Sub-rule (8) shall not apply to any lamp fitted with an electric bulb, if the power of the bulb does not exceed seven watts and the lamp is fitted with frosted glass or other material

which has the effect of diffusing the light.

(10) Nothing in this rule shall apply to any vehicle when actually in use by or on behalf of Military, Police, or Civil Defence

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Department in connection with Military manoeuvres or exercises of quelling of riots, calamities or civil disturbances.

Brakes:-(1) Every motor vehicle shall be fitted with brakes of sufficient strength capable of stopping the vehicle within the distance specified in sub-rule (10) and of holding it at rest in all conditions, and all the brakes with which the motor vehicle is fitted shall at all times be properly connected and shall be maintained in good and efficient condition.

(2) Every motor vehicle, other than an invalid carriage, a trailer, a road roller or a locomotive, shall be equipped with an efficient braking system or systems sufficient to supply two means of operation so designed and constructed that notwithstanding the failure of any part (other than a fixed member or a brake shoe anchor pin) through or by means of which the force necessary to apply the brakes is transmitted, there shall still be available for the driver to apply, to not less than half the number of the wheels of the vehicle, brakes sufficient under the most adverse condition to bring the vehicle to rest within a reasonable distance:

Provided that save in the case of a tractor or a heavy motor vehicle, in the event of such failure as aforesaid it shall not be necessary for brakes to be available for application by the driver:

(a) in the case of a motor vehicle registered in any district or State now forming part of Azad Kashmir before the first day of April, 1940, to more than two wheels; and

(b) in the case of a motor vehicle having less than four wheels to more than one wheel.

(3) The application of one means of operation shall not affect or operate the pedal or hand lever of the other means of operation.

(4) in the case of vehicles registered in any district or State now forming part of Azad Kashmir on or after the first days of April, 1940, no braking system shall be dependent upon the rotation of the engine:

Provided that this sub-rule shall not apply in the case of a vehicle referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (8) or to the braking system of any trailer or of the trailing half of any articulated vehicle.

(5) The brakes of a motor vehicle which are operated by one of the means of operation shall be capable of being applied by direct mechanical action without the intervention of any hydraulic, electric or pneumatic device.

(6) In the case of a motor vehicle with more than three wheels, other than an invalid carriage, a road roller or a locomotive, where any brake shoe is capable of being applied by more than one means of operation, all the wheels shall be fitted with brakes, all of which are operated by one of the means of operation:

Provided that except in the case of a tractor:-

(a) where a motor vehicle has more than six wheels, at least four of which are steering wheels, it shall be sufficient compliance with this sub-rule if brakes are fitted to all the wheels other than two steering wheels which are situated on opposite sides of the vehicle, and all such brakes are operated by one of the means of operation;

(b) where a motor vehicle has more than four wheels and the drive is transmitted to all wheels other than the steering wheels without the interposition of a differential driving gear or similar mechanism between the axles carrying the driving wheels, it shall be deemed to be a sufficient compliance with this sub-rule if one of the means of operation operates the brakes on two driving wheels situated on opposite sides of the vehicle and the other means of operation operate brakes on all the other wheels required to be fitted with brakes by this sub-rule:

Provided further that where means of operation are provided in addition to those prescribed by this rule, such additional means of operation may be disregarded for the purposes of this sub-rule.

(7) One at least of the means of operation shall be capable of causing brakes to be applied directly and not through the transmission gear to all the wheels of the vehicle:

Provided that in the case of a motor vehicle registered in any district or State now forming part of Azad Kashmir before the first day of April, 1940, it shall be deemed to be a sufficient compliance with this sub-rule if one of the means of operation

applies brakes directly and not through the transmission gear to not less than two of the wheels of the vehicle:

Provided further that where a motor vehicle has more than four wheels and the drive is transmitted to all wheels other than the steering wheels without the interposition of a differential driving gear or similar mechanism between the axles carrying the driving wheels, it shall be deemed to be a sufficient compliance with this sub-rule if the brakes applied by one means of operation act directly on two driving wheels on opposite side of the vehicle and the brakes applied by the other means of operation act directly on all other driving wheels.

(8) For the purposes of this rule:-

(a) in the case of a motor vehicle other than an invalid carriage, a road roller or a locomotive:-

(i) except in the case of a motor vehicle the unladen weight of which does not exceed, 2,240 pounds or which is a passenger vehicle constructed or adapted to carry more than ten passengers exclusive of the driver, not more than one front wheels shall be taken into account in deciding whether the condition in sub-rule (2) is fulfilled, that brakes must be available which can be applied to half the number of wheels of the vehicle; and

(ii) every moving shaft to which any part of a braking system or any means of operation thereof is connected or by which it is supported shall be deemed to be part of that system;

(b) in case of a motor vehicle propelled by steam and not used as a public service vehicle, the engine shall be deemed to be an efficient braking system with one means of operation if the engine is capable of being reserved and is incapable of being disconnected from any of the driving wheels of the vehicle except by the sustained action of the driver.

(9) Every locomotive shall have an efficient braking system, the brakes of which act upon all the wheels of the locomotive other than the steering wheels: provided that this provision shall not apply to a locomotive registered in any district, if the locomotive is propelled by steam and the engine thereof is capable of being reserved.

(10) The braking system operated by one of the means of operation shall, according to whether the vehicle is laden or unladen be capable of bringing it to rest when traveling at the speed specified in the table below within the distance therein specified when, at the time of the application of the brakes, the vehicle is traveling over a hard dry level road in good condition with top gear and clutch engaged, or when in the same conditions the efficiency of the brakes as determined by a brake-testing meter approved by government is not less than thirty percent when the vehicle is laden and not less than forty percent when the vehicle is unladen:-

SPEED DISTANCE IN FEET TO STOP FROM  
APPLICATION OF BRAKES

Miles per hour Vehicle laden Vehicles unladen

20 45 33.5

15 25 19

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(11) For the purpose of the preceding sub-rule a vehicle shall be held to be laden when it carries not less than fifty percent of the full load for which it is constructed.

Reversing:- Every motor vehicle other than a motor cycle shall be capable of moving forward and backward under its own power.

Horns:- (1) Every motor vehicle shall be fitted with a horn or other approved device available for immediate use by the driver of the vehicle and capable of giving audible and sufficient warning of the approach or position of the vehicle.

(2) No motor vehicle shall be fitted with any multitoned horn giving a succession of different note or with any other sound producing device giving an unduly harsh, shrill, loud or alarming noise.

(3) Nothing in sub-rule (2) shall prevent the use on vehicle used as ambulances or for fire fighting or salvage purposes, or on vehicle used by police officers in the course of their duties, or on other similar vehicles of such sound signals as may be approved by Government.

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(4) Every transport vehicle shall be fitted with a bulb horn.

**Silencers:-** (1) Every motor vehicle shall be fitted with a device (herein referred to as a silencer) which by means of an expansion chamber or otherwise reduces as far as may be reasonable and practicable the noise that would otherwise be made by the escape of exhaust gases from the engine.

(2) every motor vehicle shall be so constructed or equipped that the exhaust gases from the engine are not discharged downwards so as to impinge on the road surface.

**Mirror:-** Every transport vehicle, other than motor cab, shall be fitted externally, and every other motor vehicle except a motorcycle having not more than two wheels and to which a side-car is not attached, shall be fitted either internally or externally, with a mirror so placed as to enable the driver to be or become aware of the presence, in the rear of any other vehicle the driver of which is desirous of passing such motor vehicle.

**Dangerous projections:-** (1) No mascot or other similar fitting or device shall be carried on any motor vehicle registered in any district or State now forming part of Azad Kashmir after the 1st day of April, 1941 in any position where it is likely to strike any person with whom the vehicle may collide unless the mascot is unlikely to cause injury to any person by reason of any projection thereon.

(2) No motor vehicle shall be permitted to be used which is so constructed that any axle hub cap projects laterally more than four inches beyond the rim of the wheel to which it is attached, unless the hub or hub cap does not project laterally beyond the body or wings if the vehicle is provided with an adequate guard.

**Noise:-** Every motor vehicle shall be so constructed and maintained as not to cause undue noise when in motion.

**Safety Glass:-**(1) The glass of wind screen and the covered portions besides the wind screen or windows facing to the front on the outside of every motor vehicle except glass fitted to the upper deck of a double-decked vehicle shall be safety glass.

(2) for the purpose of this rule:-



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(a) "safety glass" means glass so constructed or treated that if fractured it does not fly into fragments capable of causing severe cuts;

(b) any wind screen or window at the front of the vehicle the inner surface of which is at an angle exceeding thirty degree to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle shall be deemed the face to the front.

(3) this rule shall not apply to a motor vehicle registered in any district or State now forming part of Azad Kashmir before the first day of April, 1940.

Arrangement and maintenance of glass:- The glass of the front wind screen, side and rear window of every motor vehicle shall be such and shall be maintained in such condition as to be clearly transparent and allow the driver a clear vision to the front and of the sides and through the prescribed mirror to the rear of the vehicle.

Wind screen wiper:- (1) An efficient automatic wind-screen wiper shall be fitted to every motor vehicle which is so constructed that the driver cannot by opening the wind-screen or otherwise obtain an adequate view to the front of the vehicle without looking through the wind-screen.

(2) This rule shall not apply to a motor vehicle registered in any district or State now forming part of Azad Kashmir before the first day of April, 1940.

Tyres:- (1) The pneumatic tyres of every motor vehicle shall be kept properly inflated and in good and sound condition.

(2) A tyre shall be deemed to be not in good and sound condition if:-

(a) any of the fabrics of the casing or breaker-strip is exposed by wear of the tread or by any unvulcanised cut or abrasion of

any part; or

(b) the tyre shows signs of incipient failure by local deformation or swelling; or

(c) the tyre has been patched or repaired by an outside gaiter or patch other than a properly vulcanised repair;



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Provided that clause (c) shall not apply to a temporary repair effected to enable that vehicle to be moved to the nearest reasonable place where the tyre can be repaired or replaced.

(3) No motor vehicle other than a track-laying vehicle shall be driven at a speed in excess of six miles per hour unless it is fitted with pneumatic tyres on all wheels.

Emission of smoke vapour of Grease:- (1) Every motor vehicle shall be so constructed, shall be maintained in such condition, and shall be so driven and used that there shall not be emitted there from any smoke, visible vapour, grit, sparks, ashes, cinders, or oily substance the emission of which could be prevented or avoided by the taking of reasonable steps or the exercise of reasonable care or the emission or which might cause damage or annoyance to other persons or property or endanger the safety or any other users of the road.

Speedometer:- (1) Every motor vehicle, other than an invalid carriage or a vehicle which may not, under the provisions of the Eighth Schedule to the Ordinance, at any time be driven at a rate of speed in excess of six miles per hour, shall be fitted with an instrument (hereinafter referred to as a "speedometer") so constructed and in such a position as at all times readily to indicate to the driver the speed at which the vehicle is traveling.

(2) A speedometer shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of this rule if upon test it is found to be accurate within ten percent above or below the speed specified for the vehicle in the Eighth Schedule to the Ordinance, or if no speed is so specified, then above or below a speed of thirty miles an hour.

Springing:- Every motor vehicle and every trailer drawn thereby shall be equipped with suitable and sufficient means of springing adequately maintained in good and sound condition between the road wheels and the frame of the vehicle:

Provided that this rule shall not apply to:-

(a) any motor vehicle registered in any district of Azad

Kashmir, if any means of springing with which it is fitted are adequately maintained in good and sound condition;

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(b) any tractor not exceeding ten thousand pounds in weight unladen if all the unstrung wheels of the tractor are fitted with pneumatic tyre;

(c) any land locomotive, and tractor, and implement, agricultural trailer, or any trailer used solely for the haulage of the felled trees;

(d) motor cycle;

(e) vehicles designed for use in works or in private premises and used on a road only in passing from one part of the works or premises to another or to works or premises within a distance of two miles.

Steering:- The steering mechanism of every motor vehicle shall be adequately maintained in good and sound condition, free from backlash exceeding forty-five degrees on the steering wheel. All roads and arms shall be adequately protected by bumpers or otherwise from damage and where the connections are secured with bolts or pins, the bolts or pins shall be effectively locked. All connections made with pins shall be such that when they are in any position other than horizontal the head of the pin shall be uppermost.

Overall width:- The overall width of every motor vehicle measured at right angle to the axis of the motor vehicle between perpendicular planes enclosing the extreme points shall not exceed-

(a) in the case of a motor vehicle, other than a transport vehicle (but including a motor cab), seven feet and two inches;

(b) in the case of a transport vehicle, other than a motor cab, eight feet;

Provided that the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority, may, after taking into consideration the local conditions, restrict the use of a vehicle with a maximum overall width of eight feet or less on a specified route or routes or in a specified areas within the State:

Provided further that no vehicle with overall width exceeding eight feet, registered in the State before the 1st July,

1965, shall be restricted under the provisions of this rule.

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(c) in the case of a motor cab rickshaw, four feet eight inches.

Overall length:- (1) The overall length of every motor vehicle other than a trailer shall not exceed-

(a) in the case of a vehicle having not more than two axles, thirty feet;

(b) in the case of a rigid framed vehicle having more than two axles, thirty feet;

(c) in the case of an articulated vehicle having more than two axles thirty three feet (including the rear part of trailer);

(d) in the case of a motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw, nine feet six inches.

(2) This rule shall not apply in the case of an articulated vehicle constructed and normally used for the conveyance of indivisible loads of exceptional length:-

(a) if all the wheels of the vehicle are fitted with pneumatic tyre;  
or

(b) if all the wheels of the vehicle are not fitted with pneumatic tyres, so long as the vehicle is not driven at a speed exceeding twelve miles per hour.

(3) In this rule overall length means the length of the vehicle measured between parallel planes passing through the extreme projecting points of the vehicle exclusive of:-

(a) any starting handle;

(b) any hood when down;

(c) any ladder forming part of a turnable fire escape fixed to the vehicle;

(d) any post office letter box the length of which measured parallel to the axis of the vehicle does not exceed twelve inches;

(e) any steps giving access to the interior of the vehicle in the case of a single-decked vehicle;

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(f) any light ladder giving access to the roof of the vehicle.

Overall height:- (1) The overall height of a motor vehicle (other than a double decked motor vehicle) a motor cab rickshaw, and a motor cycle rickshaw measured from the surface on which the motor vehicle rests shall not exceed eleven feet.

(2) The overall height of double-decked motor vehicle shall not exceed fifteen feet six inches.

(3) The overall height of a motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw measured from the surface whereon the vehicle rests to its highest point inclusive of any hood when in raised position, shall not exceed six feet.

(4) This rule shall not apply to fire escapes twice wagons and other special purpose vehicles exempted by the general or special order of the District Magistrate.

Overhang:- (1) The overhang of a tractor or locomotive shall not exceed six feet.

(2) The overhang of a motor cab rickshaw shall not exceed two feet, unless the chassis has a luggage carrier attached to it. The side overhang of motor cab rickshaw shall not exceed four inches. For the purposes of this sub-rule "side overhang" means for any one side the distance measured laterally between the extreme outer side of the tyre of the wheel constituting that end of the traverse base, and the perpendicular plane enclosing the extreme points of that side from which the overall width is measured. In the case of dual wheels, reference shall be made to the tyre of the outer wheel.

(3) The overhang of a motor vehicle other than a tractor or locomotive or a motor cab rickshaw, shall not exceed fifty and forty-five percent for plain road and hill roads in Schedule I, respectively, of the distance between the plane perpendicular to the axis of the motor vehicle which passes through the centre or centres of the front wheel or wheels and the foremost vertical plane from which the overhang is to be measured as defined in sub-rule (4).

(4) For the purposes of this rule "overhang" means the distance measured horizontally and parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle between two-vertical planes at right angles to such axis

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passing through the two points specified in paragraphs I and II of this definition, respectively.

I. The rear most point of the vehicle exclusive of:-

(a) any hood when down;

(b) any post office letter box, the length of which measured parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle does not

exceed twelve inches;

(c) any ladder forming part of a turnable fire escape fixed to a vehicle;

(d) any steps giving access to the interior of the vehicle in the case of single-decked vehicle;

(e) any light ladder giving access to the roof of the vehicle;

(f) any luggage carrier fitted to a motor vehicle constructed solely for the carriage of a passengers and their effects and adapted to carry not more than seven passengers exclusive of the driver;

II. (a) In the case of a motor vehicle having only two axles, the

front axle alone being at steering axle, the center point of the rear axle; or

(b

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in the case of a motor vehicle having only three axles where the front axle is the only steering axle, a point four inches in rear of the centre of a straight line joining the centre points of the rear and middle axles; or

(5) In the case of any vehicle registered in any district, it shall suffice if the overhang does not exceed fifty-five percent of the wheel base of the vehicle.

Turning circle:- A motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw shall be so constructed as to be capable of turning in either direction in a circle not exceeding sixteen feet in diameter: provided that in no case shall be motor cab rickshaw be capable of turning in the aforesaid manner in a circle less than twelve feet in diameter. For the purposes of this rule the diameter of circle shall be determined by reference to the extreme outer wheel track.



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Direction indicators and stop lights:- (1) For the purpose of the proviso to section 83 the signal of an intention to turn to the right or left may be given by a mechanical or electrical direction indicator and during the period between half an hour after sunset and half an hour before sunrise, the signal of an intention to stop may be given by an electrical stop-light as hereinafter specified.

(2) Every direction indicator shall when in operation be in either of the two forms prescribed below:-

(a) An illuminated sign of amber colour with a minimum illuminated length of six inches and a maximum illuminated breadth not exceeding one-fourth of the illuminated length, the illuminated surface being visible, both from front and rear of the vehicle, or during the period between half an hour before sunrise and half an hour after sunset, in the form of an arrow not less than six inches in length, presenting a white surface visible both from the front and rear of the vehicle,

(b)

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Blinking or flasher light unit consisting of right and left hand front and rear signal lamps, the front lamps coloured amber or white and the rear lamps coloured red. This unit when operated shall flash neither slower than 60 not faster than 120 times a minute under average operating conditions.

(3) A direction indicator, in form (a) described in sub-rule (2), intended to indicate a right-hand turn shall be fitted on the right side, and a direction indicator intended to indicate a left hand turn, shall be fitted on the left side of the vehicle, and except as provided in sub-rule (6) every direction indicator shall be so designed and fitted that-

(a) it is not more than four feet towards the rear from the base of the windscreen ;

(b) it is not more than six feet and six inches above the level of the ground;

(c) when in operation to indicate a turn:-

(i) it assumes a horizontal position projecting transversally from the body of the vehicle;

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(ii) the distance between its outermost point and the vertical cross section passing through the central longitudinal axis of the vehicle shall be more than the distance between the outer-most point on the latter part of the vehicle and the said cross section by at least six inches; and

(iii) it remains steady.

(d) the driver of the vehicle when in driving seat may be readily aware that it is operating correctly:

Provided that clause (a) shall not apply in the case of a pillar less saloon motor car if the direction indicator is not situated behind the widest part of the body.

(4) For the purpose of this rule 'pillar less saloon motor car' means a motor vehicle which is constructed solely for the carriage of passengers and their effects and is adapted to carry not more than ten persons exclusive of the driver and which has-

(a) an enclosed body with four doors; and

(b) no vertical dividing pillar between the doors on either side of the vehicle.

(5) A direction indicator in form (b) described in sub-rule (2), shall be so designed and fitted that-

(a) the flashing signal lamps are mounted as high on the vehicle as practicable and the common axis of the front and rear signal lamps on either side are substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle;

(b)

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the signals in the front and the rear are so mounted as to be visible from directly in front or rear to 45 degrees to the left for the left lamps and 45 degrees to the right for the right lamps (right or left as viewed from the driver's seat);

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within the horizontal angles specified in (b) above, all signals are visible from 10 degrees above to 10 degrees below the horizontal;

(d) the front and the rear flasher units are placed as far apart laterally as practicable, but in no case is the spacing less than



three feet for commercial vehicles and two feet for noncommercial vehicles;

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the location of front signal lamps in such as to make them clearly indicative from a distance of at least 100 feet under normal sunlight and darkness and when the head lamps are lighted on the lower beam.

(6) Additional direction indicators in form (a) described in sub-tule (2), may be fitted at the rear of any vehicle, provided that:-

(a) they are only used co-incidentally with those fitted in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (3), and

(b) they are visible at a reasonable distance from any point in the rear of the vehicle.

(7) Every direction indicator shall be so fitted that when not in operation will not be likely to mislead the driver of any other vehicle or any person controlling traffic.

(8) Every stop light shall be fitted at the rear of the vehicle and not to the left of the centre thereof and when in operation shall show a red or amber light:

Provided that nothing in this rule shall prevent the fitting of an additional stop light on the left side of the vehicle which comes into operation at the same time as the stop light fitted at the centre or on the right side of the vehicle.

(9) Every light shown by a direction indicator or stop-light shall be diffused by means of frosted glass or other adequate means and in case a direction indicator in form (a) described in sub-rule (2), and a stop-light, shall be a steady light.

(10) Every direction indicator and every stop light shall be such as to be readily operated by the driver of the motor vehicle at all times when sitting in a normal driving position.

(11) In the case of a motor vehicle fitted with right hand steering control, nothing in this rule shall be taken to require that a direction indicator or a stop light shall be fitted. In the case of a motor vehicle with left hand steering control a direction indicator as specified in this rule is compulsory.

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(12) No left hand drive control vehicle shall be registered or used or permitted or caused to be used without exhibiting a distinctive triangular plate exhibiting the words "Left hand Drive" on the extreme right hand side of the rear of a vehicle at a level at least three inches higher than the registration number plate of the vehicle in a conspicuous manner in the form illustrated in the following diagram:-

DIAGRAM

1"  
10+"

- (1) Each side of the triangular plate shall be 10' inches.
- (2) The surface of the plate shall be white with a red border of 1 inch on each side.
- (3) The letters of the words "left Hand Drive" shall be 1 inch high and 1/8 inch thick at any part.
- (4) The words "Left Hand Drive" shall be depicted in block 1 letters in black in two lines as shown in the diagram.

Wings:- (1) Every motor vehicle except a locomotive, a tractor or a trailer shall, unless adequate protection is afforded by the body of the motor vehicle, be provided with wings or other similar fittings to catch, so far as practicable, mud or water thrown up by the rotation of the wheels.

(2) The rear wheels of every trailer except a trailer drawn by a locomotive shall be provided with wings as aforesaid.

Side-car wheel:- Every side-car attached to a motor cycle shall be so attached, at the left hand side of the motor cycle, that the wheel thereof is not wholly outside perpendicular planes at right angles to the longitudinal axis of the motor cycle passing through

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the extreme projecting points in front and in the rear of the motor cycle.

Communication with driver:- Every motor vehicle for the use of passengers in which the driver's seat is separated from any passengers compartment by a fixed partition which is not capable of being readily opened, shall be furnished with efficient means to enable the passengers in such compartment and the conductor, if any, to signal to the driver to stop the vehicle.

Marks to be exhibited on vehicles being driven to a place of registration:- (1) When on the authority of sub-section (2) of section 23, a motor vehicle is driven to or from a place of registration without a registration mark the following particulars shall be exhibited thereon namely:

(a) the name of the owner;

(b) the designation of the firm from which the vehicle has been; purchased, if it has been newly acquired by the owner.

(c) the date and time (to be ascertained by a previous inquiry from the registering authority) when the registration is to be carried out.

(2) The particulars required by the preceding sub-rule shall be exhibited on boards in front and rear of the vehicle in letters and figures not less than two inches high.

Special marks to be exhibited on a stage carriage when in use as a contract carriage:- (1) No stage carriage or vehicle forming part of a service of stage carriage shall be used as a contract carriage unless a board is affixed on each side of the vehicle showing that it is for the time being in use as such and not as a stage carriage.

(2) The boards required by the preceding sub-rule shall exhibit the words "ON CONTRACT" in red letters on a white ground, the letters being of a size not less than as prescribed for the numerals of a registration mark, and shall be affixed in a prominent and un-obscured position at or near roof level.

(3) The boards required by sub-rule (1) shall be affixed before the commencement of any trip for which the vehicle is being

used as a contract carriage and shall be kept affixed throughout



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the whole of the trip, and any boards or marks indicating the route or routes on which the vehicle is operated at other times shall be removed or covered up throughout the trip.

### SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO ALL PUBLIC SERVICE-

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### VEHICLES

General:- Every public service vehicle, and all parts thereof including paint work or varnish, shall be maintained in a clean and sound condition, and the engine, mechanism and all working parts in reliable working order.

Painting of Public Service Vehicles:- Every company or co-operative society which operates a fleet of transport vehicles shall paint such vehicles according to the pattern and a particular colour scheme approved and registered before hand. by the Regional Transport Authority concerned. The particulars of the colour, scheme shall be entered in the permits and no other company or society shall be entitled to paint its vehicles according to a colour scheme adopted by the Road Transport Corporation, another company or society in Azad Jammu and Kashmir.

Stability:- (1) The stability of a double-decked public service vehicle shall be such that when loaded with weights of 130 pounds per person placed in the correct relative positions to represent the driver and conductor (if carried) and a full compliment of passengers on the upper deck only, if the surface on which the vehicle stands were tilted to either side to an angle of twenty-eight degrees from the horizontal the point at which overturning occurs would not be reached.

(2) The stability of a single-decked public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, shall be such that under any conditions of load, at an allowance of 160 pounds for every passengers for which the vehicle is registered, if the surface on which the vehicle stands were tilted to either side to an angle of thirty-five degrees from the horizontal the point at which overturning occurs would not be reached.

(3) For the purpose of conducting tests of stability, the height of any stop used to prevent a wheel of the vehicle from slipping sideways shall not be greater than two-thirds of the distance between the surface upon which the vehicle stands before it is tilted, and that part of the rim of that wheel which is then nearest



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to such surface when the wheel is loaded in accordance with the requirements of this rule.

Side overhang:- In the case of a vehicle used as a stage carriage, no part of the vehicle other than a direction indicator, when in operation, or a driving mirror shall project laterally more than fourteen inches, beyond the centre line of the rear wheels in the case of single rear wheels or more than six inches beyond the extreme outer tyre in the case of dual rear wheels.

Seating room:- (1) In every public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, there shall be provided for each passenger a reasonably comfortable seating space of not less than fifteen inches square measured on straight lines along and at right angles to the front of each seat, and

(a) when the seats are placed, along with vehicle, the backs of the seats on one side shall be at least fifty-four inches distance from the backs of the seats on the other side;

(b) When the seats are placed across the vehicles and are facing in the same direction there shall be everywhere a clear space of not less than twenty-five inches between the front of the seat back and the back of the seat in front of it, measured horizontally at seat level;

(c) when seats are placed across the vehicle and are facing each other there shall be everywhere a clear space of not less than fifty inches between the backs on facing seats; and

(d) when seat is facing a partition bulkhead or other obstruction there shall be a clear space of not less than thirty-one inches between the front of the seat back and the face of the partition and if the partition bulk-head or obstruction is recessed at the bottom in such a manner as to allow a full width foot space not less than six inches high and six inches deep, the clear space aforesaid shall not be less than twenty-five inches and the distance between the front edge of the seat and the partition bulk-head or other obstruction not less than ten inches.

(2) The backs of all seats shall be closed to a height of sixteen inches above seat level.

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(3) Sub-rules (1) and (2) of this rule shall not apply to any vehicle registered in any district: provided that the number of passengers for which the vehicle was licensed initially is not exceeded.

(4) (a) In a motor cab rickshaw there shall be provided for each

(b)

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passenger a reasonably comfortable seating space of not less than fifteen inches square measured in straight lines along and at right angles to the front of each seat and so constructed that:-

(i) the overall height of each seat measured from the passenger's platform shall not be less than twelve inches; and

(ii) there shall be clear space not less than fifteen inches wide in front of and at right angles to the perpendicular plane passing through the front of each seat.

The back of the passenger's seat shall be fitted with a back rest which shall be:-

(i) enclosed upto a height fifteen inches above seat level; and

(ii) inclined to the rear making an angle of 5 degrees or more but not exceeding 10 degrees with the vertical plane passing through the back line of the seat.

The passenger's seat and back rest shall be provided with fixed cushions covered with leather cloth of good quality or other suitable material capable of being kept in a clean and sanitary condition.

(d) G@) The side of the passenger's seat shall be closed with a

rigid side guard constructed of wood or other suitable materials, to a height of ten inches above overall seat level:

Provided that where one seat is in continuation of the other it shall be sufficient compliance with this rule, if side guard is fitted only to the outer most side of each seat; and



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(ii) the inner side of each side guard shall be so padded and covered with leather cloth of good quality or other suitable materials that it is not liable to injure any passenger.

(c) The passengers seat and back rests as aforesaid shall be so fixed as to lie across the vehicle and shall face forward.

Gangway:- (1) In every compartment of every public service vehicle the entrance to which compartment is from the front or rear there shall be a gangway along the vehicle,

(a) where seats are placed across the vehicle there shall be as gangway a clear space of not less than twenty-four inches measured between the fronts of the seats; and

(b) where seats are placed across the vehicle there shall be as gangway, clear space of not less than eleven inches between any part of adjoining seats or the supports.

(2) Where the vehicle has seats across the full width of the body with separate doors to each seat, a gangway from front to rear of the vehicle shall not be required.

Limit of seating capacity:- No withstanding anything contained in these rules, no public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, shall be registered for a number of passengers in excess of the number obtained by subtracting two hundred and sixty pounds from the difference in pounds between the registered laden and unladen weight of the vehicle and dividing the resulting figure by 160 in the case of a single decked vehicle and by 130 in the case of a double decked vehicle or for such number of passengers that when the vehicle is loaded in a normal manner, the axle weight of any axle will exceed the registered axle weight for that axle.

Head-room:- Except in so far as this rule may be modified by Government in any particular case, every public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, shall have the following internal height or head-room measured along the centre of the vehicle from the top of the floor boards or battens to the underside of the roof supports:-

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(a) in the case of a single-decked vehicle with permanent top, not less than four feet and six inches and not more than six feet;

(b) in the case of a single-decked vehicle with a movable hood, not less than four feet and six inches;

(c) in the case of a double-decked vehicle such measurements as Government may determine in each particular case;

(d) in the case of a vehicle allowed to carry standing passengers and plying exclusively within an urban area, not less than six feet.

Driver's seat:- (1) No public service vehicle shall be driven otherwise than from the right hand side of the vehicle.

(2) On every public service vehicle space shall be reserved for the driver's seat such as to allow him to exercise full and unimpeded control of the vehicle, and in particular:-

(a) the part of the seat against which the driver's back rests shall not be less than eleven inches from the nearest point on the

steering wheel;

(b)

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the width across the vehicle shall be not less than twenty-seven inches and shall extend to the left of the centre of the steering column in no case of less than ten inches and so that a line drawn parallel to the axis of the vehicle through the centre of any gear lever, brake lever or other suitable partition to a height not less than twelve inches above the seat, and continued forward of the seat at an adequate height above the floor of the vehicle.

(3) No public service vehicle shall be so constructed that any person may sit or any luggage may be carried on the right hand side of the driver.

(4) Every public service vehicle shall be so constructed that save for the front pillar of the body, the driver shall have a clear vision both to the front and through angle of ninety degrees to his right hand side. The front pillar of the body shall be so constructed as to obstruct the vision of the driver to the least possible extent.



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(5) (a) No motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw shall be driven otherwise than from a fixed driver's seat positioned forward of the passenger's seats and so constructed as to allow the driver to have full and unimpeded control of the vehicle.

(b)

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No driver's seat shall be so constructed that any person may sit or any luggage may be carried by the side of or forwarded of the driver.

Driver's seat in a motor cab rickshaw, or a motor cycle rickshaw:- A motor cab rickshaw or a motor cycle rickshaw shall be provided with a closed partition of wood or other suitable material, so fitted forward to the passengers seat and behind the driver's seat as to be capable of preventing the passengers from being thrown forward in the event of a sudden emergent stop. The partition shall be placed across the vehicle and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis. Its height, measured from the passenger's platform shall not be less than the total length of the passenger's seats. In order to provide at all times a hold for the passengers when entering or leaving the vehicle, on the partition shall be fitted a hand rail equal in length to the passengers seats and in no case less than three inches from the top of the partition or three inches from its surface towards the passengers seats.

Width of doors:- (1) Except in the case of a vehicle registered before the first day of April, 1940, every entrance and exit of a public service vehicle other than a motor cab shall be at least twenty-one inches in width and of sufficient height.

(2) The entrance and exit of a motor cab rickshaw shall be so constructed that:-

(i) the height measured from the lowest level of such entrance shall not be less than two feet six inches; and

(ii) the width at any level shall not be less than twelve inches.

Grab-rail:- (1) A grab rail shall be fitted to every entrance or exit, other than emergency exit, of a public service vehicle, other

than a motor cab, to assist passengers in boarding or alighting from the vehicle.



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(2) This rule shall not apply to a vehicle registered in any district now forming part of Azad Kashmir before the first day of April, 1940.

Steps:-(1) In every public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, the top of the trend of the lowest step for any entrance or exit other than an emergency exit, shall not be more than seventeen inches or less than twelve inches above the ground when the vehicle is empty. Fixed steps shall not be less than nine inches wide and shall in no case project laterally beyond the body of the vehicle unless they are so protected by the front wings or otherwise that they are not liable to injure pedestrians.

(2) In the case of a double-decked vehicle:-

(a) the risers of all steps leading from the lower to the upper deck shall be closed, and no unguarded aperture shall be left at the top landing board;

(b) all steps leading from the lower to the upper deck shall be fitted with non-slip treads;

(c) the horizontal distance from the nearest point of the riser of the top step to the vertical line passing through the nearest point of the seat opposite to the top tread of the staircase excluding any grab rail which does not project more than three inches from the back of the seat, shall not be less than twenty-six inches.

(d) the outer stringer of an outside staircase shall be so constructed or a band shall be so placed, as to act as a screen to persons ascending or descending, and the height of the outer guard rail shall not be less than three feet three inches above the front of the tread of each step.

(3) (a) In every motor cab rickshaw the top of the tread of any step for entrance or exit, where no step is provided, the lowest level of such entrance or exit, shall not, when the vehicle is empty, be more than eighteen inches or less than twelve inches above the ground.

(b) Where a step is provided it shall not be less than eight inches

long and six inches deep and shall in no case project laterally beyond the overall width of the body of the vehicle.

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(c) The steps or if no steps are provided, the entrance platform shall be fitted with non-slip treads.

(4) This rule shall not apply to a vehicle registered in any district now forming part of Azad Kashmir before the First day of April, 1940.

Cushions:- Where seats of a public service vehicle are provided with fixed or moveable cushions, the cushions shall be covered with leather cloth of good quality or other material of such a kind that they are capable of being kept in a clean and sanitary condition.

Body dimensions and guard rails:- (1) Every public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, shall be so constructed that:-

(a) in the case of a single decked vehicle with an enclosed body:

(i) the height of the body sides from the floor or the height to the sills of the windows, as the case may be, shall not be less than two feet four inches;

(ii) if the height of the side of the body or the sills of the windows as the case may be, above the highest part of any seat is less than eighteen inches, provision is made by means of guard rail or otherwise to prevent the arms of seated passengers being thrust through and being injured by passing vehicles, of the extent to which the side windows or Venetians can be lowered is such that when lowered their top edge is not less than eighteen inches above the highest part of any seat;

(b) in the case of a single-decked vehicle with open sides, guard rails shall be provided along the right hand side of the vehicle to prevent any person other than driver from mounting or alighting from the vehicle on that side;

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in the case of a double-decked vehicle with an uncovered top deck, the top deck shall be provided with side and end rails the top of which shall be at least three feet above the deck boards or battens at the sides and eighteen inches above the highest part of any seat, and the top of the front and back rails shall be at least three feet three inches above the deck boards or battens and shall follow the camber of the deck.



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(2) For the purposes of this rule the seat back shall not be deemed to be part of the seat.

Protection of passengers from weather:- (1) Every public service vehicle other than a double-decked vehicle, shall be either constructed with a fixed and watertight roof or equipped with a water-tight hood that may be raised or lowered as required.

(2) Save in the case of the uncovered top deck of a double-decked vehicle, every public service vehicle have suitable windows, Venetians or screens capable at all times of protecting the passengers from the weather without preventing adequate ventilation of the vehicle. When the screens are made of fabric, the whole of them shall at all times be fastened securely to the vehicle.

(3) Where glass windows or Venetians are used, they must be provided with effective means to prevent their rattling.

(4) (a) In the case of a motor cab rickshaw the water-tight roof or hood shall be so constructed as to completely cover, when raised, the area enclosed by the partition, back rests and side guards of the passengers body and shall be extended at the rear to meet the rear body panel.

(b)

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The water-tight roof or hood shall be provided with a water proof flap-screen of good quality so fixed to the leading edge of the roof or hood as to be capable of being lowered when required and be secured to the partition referred to in rule 162. The length of every flap screen shall in no case be less than the total length of the passenger's seats.

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The internal height of the roof or hood measured from overall seat level to any point vertically above each seat shall not be less than two feet ten inches.

Protection of luggage:- The driver of every public service vehicle, other than a double-decker vehicle, shall carry a suitable

waterproof tarpauline and during rain, cover or cause to be covered the luggage of passengers carried on the roof of the vehicle with the aforesaid tarpauline.

Prohibition on the fitting of mirrors:- No mirror or frame, covered with breakable glass, for displaying advertisements or

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other writings shall be fitted inside or outside the body of any public service vehicle:

Provided that nothing herein shall prohibit the fitting of any mirror which may be necessary to enable the driver to obtain a view of the road in the rear of the vehicle or a view of the interior of the vehicle.

Internal Lighting:- Every public service vehicle, other than a motor cab, having a permanent roof, shall be furnished with, one or more electric lights adequate to give reasonable illumination throughout the passengers compartment or compartments but of such power or so screened as not to impair the forward vision of the driver.

Body Construction:- (1) The body of every public service and goods vehicle including trailer shall be so constructed and so fastened to the frame of the vehicle as to comply with such direction as may be issued by the Provincial Transport Authority from time to time.

(2) No body shall be fastened to a public service or goods vehicle which has not been constructed by a person holding a motor vehicle body-builders licence from the Provincial Transport Authority in Form B.B.L.

(3) Applications for a motor vehicle body-builders licence shall be made in Form B.B.L.A. and shall be addressed to the Provincial Transport Authority at its office.

(4) On receipt of an application in Form B.B.L.A. the Provincial Transport Authority may, after such enquiry as it may in any case deem necessary, either reject the application or grant a licence in Form B.B.L. on the conditions specified therein.

(5) A licence granted under the preceding sub-rule may be cancelled by the Provincial Transport Authority at any time for any breach of its conditions.

(6) The Provincial Transport Authority may, by an order in writing (authorize the Chairman of the Provincial Transport Authority or the Chairman of any Regional Transport Authority to grant and renew the body-builders licence under this rule.

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Lighting to be by Electricity:- No light other than an electric light shall be fitted to any public service vehicle.

Fuel tanks:- (1) No fuel tanks shall be placed in any public service vehicle under any part of any gangway which is within two feet of any entrance or exit of a single-decked vehicle or the lower deck of a double-decked vehicle.

(2) The fuel tanks of all goods vehicles shall either be mounted on the near side or off side chassis frame side-members or on the frame overhang to the rear of the back axle, and in any case shall be underneath the body of the vehicle.

(3) The fuel tank of every public service vehicle shall be so placed that no over-flow there from shall fall up in any woodwork or accumulate where it can be readily ignited. The filling points of all fuel tanks shall be outside the body of the vehicle, and the filler caps shall be so designed and constructed that they can be securely fixed in position.

(4) Sub-rule (2) shall not apply to any vehicle registered before the first day of April, 1940.

Carburetors:- In every public service vehicle any carburetor and apparatus associated therewith shall be so placed and shielded that no fuel leaking there from shall fall upon any part or fitting that is capable of igniting it or into any receptacle where it might accumulate.

Exhaust pipe:- The exhaust pipe of every public service vehicle shall be so fitted or shielded that no inflammable material can be thrown upon it from any other part of the vehicle and that it is not likely to cause a fire through proximity to any inflammable material on the vehicle; the outlet thereof shall be placed far enough to the rear to prevent, so far as, practicable, fumes from entering the vehicle and in the case of a vehicle registered after the first day of April, 1940, on the right hand side of vehicle.

Electric wires:- All electric wires or leads shall be adequately insulated.

Fire Extinguishers:- Subject to any directions that may be issued by the Provincial Transport Authority, a Regional Transport Authority may as a condition of the grant of a permit, require any public service vehicle to be equipped with a fire

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extinguisher of a type specified by the said authority and may require that such fire extinguishers shall be inspected at such periods and by such persons as the authority may specify.

Lacking of nuts:- All moving parts of every public service vehicle and all parts subject to sever vibration connected by bolts or studs and nuts shall be fastened by locknuts or by nuts with efficient spring or locknut washers or by castellated nuts and split pins or by some other efficient device so as to prevent them working loose.

Floor Boards:- (1) The floor boards of every public service vehicle shall be strong and so closely fitted or so covered with a suitable material as to exclude as far as possible draughts and dust.

(2) The floor boards may be pierced for the purpose of drainage but for no other purpose.

Spare wheel and tools:- (1) Save as otherwise specified by the Regional Transport Authority in respect of municipal or cantonment areas, every public vehicle shall at all times be equipped with not less than spare wheel or rim fitted with a pneumatic tyre in good and sound condition ready inflated, and mounted in such a way that it can be readily dismantled and fitted to the vehicle in the place of any of the road wheels.

(2) Sub-rule (1) shall not apply to a public service vehicle during the completion of any journey during which it has been necessary to bring the spare wheel or rim and tyre into use.

(3) Every public service vehicle shall at all time be furnished with an efficient jack and other tools necessary to change a wheel or rim and tyre and with the equipment necessary to pair a puncture, including the following :-

Spanners to fit every nut on the vehicle.

One screw driver.

One pair pliers.

One hammer.

Two tyre levers.

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Tyre pump.

Wheel jack.

One spare headlight bulb.

One spare rear-lamp bulb.

A supply of fuses.

(4) Every transport vehicle, other than a motor cab, authorised to operate regularly on any road included in the First Schedule to these rules shall be furnished with a suitably fashioned block, attached by chain to the vehicle, to be used as a chock when the vehicle is halted on slope.

Advertisement and other markings on public service vehicles:- (1) No advertising device, figure or writing shall be exhibited on any public service vehicle or a goods vehicle covered by a public carrier, permit save as may be permitted by the Provincial Transport Authority by general or specific order.

(2) A public service vehicle when regularly used for carrying Government mail by or under a contract with the Posts and Telegraphs Department may exhibit in conspicuous place upon plate or a plane surface of the motor vehicle the words "AZAD KASHMIR STATE MAIL" in red on a white ground, each letter being not less than six inches in height and of a uniform thickness of three quarters of an inch.

(3) Save as aforesaid, no motor vehicle shall display any sign or inscription which includes the word "MAIL".

Route Board:- No public service vehicle other than a contract carriage, shall be applied for hire unless it clearly exhibits route boards in the form and manner illustrated below:-

MUZAFFARABAD MIRPUR  
VIA RAWALPINDI

The route board shall be fitted in a box to be constructed as an extension of the front part of the roof of the vehicle and shall be of such a material as to make the letters and figures written on it clearly visible in day light and at night when the board is either lit from behind or the front. In case the said board is lit from the

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front, two lamps shall be mounted in such a manner that their lights is shaded so as not to be visible from outside but is dispersed on the entire surface of the board.

(2) The letters and figures shall be white on black background.

(3) The place of destination only shall be displayed in English and in Urdu on the board. The letters in English shall be written above the letters in Urdu and shall be 3% inches in height and 7 inch in thickness. The letters in Urdu shall be 4 inches in height and not more than % inch in thickness. The letters shall be arranged and painted neatly so as to give balanced appearance to the board.

(4) On the right hand top corner from the front of the board as shown in the above diagram a route number to be allocated by the Provincial Transport Authority, shall be displayed in a straight line inside a circle with a maximum diameter of 6% inches, the line of the circle being '4 inch in thickness. The figures within the circle shall be 3-inches in height and 3/8 inches in thickness.

(5) Ordinarily it will not be necessary to indicate the names of prominent places lying on the route, on the board, but where the Provincial Transport Authority so directs, the names of these places shall be displayed underneath the name of the destinations place, in letters measuring 2 inches in height and 4 inch in thickness. The names of such places shall be given both in English and Urdu and they shall be preceded by the word "via" and "barasta" respectively as indicated in the above diagram.

#### SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO GOODS VEHICLES

Protection of goods against weather:- Every vehicle in respect of which a public carrier permit is held shall be equipped at all time with a suitable tarpauline for the protection of the goods carried on the vehicle against weather.

Exhibition of the word "Private":- A Provincial Transport Authority may impose condition on private carriers to exhibit the word "Private" in front of the vehicle at the top in red letters measuring 3 inches in height on a white background.

Driver's seat:- (1) Rule 161 shall apply to every goods vehicle other than a delivery van.



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(2) Government may, by order in writing, exempt any goods vehicle from the operation of the preceding sub-rule.

(3) Where a registering authority registers a goods vehicle in respect of which, or belonging to a class in respect of which, an order under sub-rule (2) has been made, he shall note in the certificate of registration the fact that nothing in rule 186 in regard to and consequent upon the provision requiring that the vehicle shall be driven from the right hand side shall apply to the vehicle.

### SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO TRAILERS

Overall Length:- (1) The overall length of a trailer excluding any draw-bar, shall not exceed twenty-two feet.

(2) This rule shall not apply to:-

(a) a trailer constructed and normally used for the conveyance of indivisible loads of abnormal length;

(b) any agricultural or road-making implement;

(c) the trailing part of any articulated vehicle;

(d) to any incompletely assembled or otherwise disabled motor vehicle which is being drawn by a motor vehicle in consequence of the disablement.

Brakes:- Save as provided in sub-rule (2), every trailer exceeding 1,100 pound in weight laden shall have an efficient braking system, the brakes of which are capable of being applied when it is being drawn-

(a) in the case of a trailer having not more than two axles, to at least all the wheels of one axle; or

(b) in the case of a trailer having more than two axles, to all wheels of the two axles:

Provided always that in the case of a trailer registered in any district now forming part of Azad Kashmir after the 1st day of April, 1940, the brakes as aforesaid shall be capable of being applied to not than half the wheels of the trailer; and so constructed that:-

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(i) the brakes can be applied either by the driver of the drawing vehicle or by some other person on such vehicle or the trailer:

Provided that this clause shall not apply in the case of a trailer not exceeding 2,240 pounds in weight unladen or in the case of a trailer not constructed or adapted to carry any load other than a plant or other special appliance or apparatus which is a permanent or essentially permanent fixture case and not exceeding 4,480 pounds in total weight, if in either case the brakes of the trailer automatically come into operation on the overrun of the trailer; and

(ii) the brakes are capable of being set so as effectively to prevent two at least of the wheels from revolving when the trailer, whether it is attached to the drawing vehicle or not, is not being drawn.

(2) Sub rule (1) shall not apply to:-

(a) any land implement drawn by a motor vehicle;

(b) any trailer designed for use and used by a local authority for street cleaning;

Provided that the trailer does not carry any load other than its necessary gear and equipment; or

(c) any disabled vehicle which is being drawn by a motor vehicle in consequence of the disablement.

(3) In the case of trailers registered in any district now forming part of Azad Kashmir the braking system shall be so constructed that it is not dependent upon rotation of the engine of the drawing vehicle.

Exemption of military vehicles:- The provisions of the rules specified in the first column of the table below shall not, to the extent specified in the corresponding entries in the second column thereof, apply to any military motor vehicle registered under section 40:-

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Rule Extent not applicable

126 (a) Clause (i) of sub-rule (1) and sub-rule (5) and (7).

(b) The Superintendent of Police may by order in writing and subject to any conditions authorise the driving at night without lights of motor vehicles, registered under section 40 during the hours and on the route or routes or in the area, within his jurisdiction specified in the order.

29 Sub-rule (4).

39 The whole, in its application to vehicles registered before the first day of April, 1940.

40 The whole.

44 The whole.

47 The whole.

87 The whole.

88 The whole.

Exemption of road plant:- Nothing contained in rules 126, 129, 30, 131, 132, 133, 140, 142, 143, 145, 146, 148, and 188, shall

apply to road rollers and other machines specially constructed or adopted for the construction or maintenance of roads which are the property of the Azad Kashmir Government or of any local authority.

### CHAPTER VI CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

Limitation on the use of heavy transport vehicles:- (1) No transport vehicle shall be driven within the State in such a state that the total weight of the vehicle and its load, including the weight of any trailer drawn by the vehicles and the load carried thereon, exceeds ten tons, or in such a state that the weight carried on any one axle of the vehicle or trailer exceeds six tons.

(2) For the purpose of the preceding sub-rule all persons carried on the vehicle shall be included in the load.

(3) Government may, by order in writing, exempt any motor vehicle or class of motor vehicles from the operation of sub-rule

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Signaling devices:- (1) Subject to the succeeding sub-rules, the signaling device required by section 80 shall be a direction indicator as prescribed in rule 147 and shall be fitted to both sides of the vehicle.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), a motor vehicle, other than a transport vehicle, obtained through the Disposals Organization of the Government equipped with electric lighting, may be fitted with a mechanical direction indicator complying with the requirements of rule 147 on the right hand side of the vehicle only.

(3) The Provincial Transport Authority may, by order in writing, direct that the provisions of sub-rule (2) shall apply to any transport vehicle or class of transport vehicles equipped with electric lighting specified in the order.

(4) Where a registering authority registers a transport vehicle in respect of which, or belonging to a class in respect of which an order under sub-rule (3) has been made, he shall note in the certificate of registration the fact that the vehicle may be fitted with a mechanical direction indicator on the right hand side only.

Vehicle abandoned on the road:- (1) If any motor vehicle is allowed to stand in any place other than a duly appointed parking place in such a way as to cause obstruction to traffic or danger to any person, any police officer may:-

(a) forthwith cause the vehicle to be moved under its own power or otherwise to the nearest place where the vehicle will not cause undue obstruction or danger;

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unless it is moved to a position where it will not cause obstruction or danger take all reasonable precautions to indicate the presence of the vehicle; and

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if the vehicle has been stationary in one place for a continuous period of twenty-four hours and adequate steps have not been taken for its repair or removal by the owner or his representative, remove the vehicle and its contents to the nearest place of safe custody.

(2) If a motor vehicle has been stationary in a duly appointed parking place for a period exceeding that specified by competent authority in respect of the said place, or if no such period has

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been specified, for a period exceeding six hours, any police officer may remove the vehicle to the nearest place of safe custody.

(3) Notwithstanding any fine or penalty which may be imposed upon any person upon conviction for the contravention of the provisions of section 82, or of any regulation made by a competent authority in relation to the use of duly appointed parking places, the owner of the motor vehicle or his heirs or assigns shall be liable to make good any expense incurred by any police officer in connection with the moving, lighting, watching, or removal of a vehicle or its contents in accordance with sub-rules (1) and (2), and any police officer, or any person into whose custody the vehicle has been entrusted by any police officer, shall be entitled to detain the vehicle until he has received payment accordingly and shall upon receiving such payment, give a receipt to the person making the payment. .

(a) Use of weighing devices:- (1) A weighing device for the purpose of section 74, may be a weigh-bridge installed and maintained at any place by or under the orders of Government or a local authority;

(b) a weigh bridge installed and maintained by any person and certified by the registering authority to be a weighing device for the purpose of the Ordinance and these rules; or

(c) a portable wheel-weigher of any kind approved by Government.

(2) The driver of any goods vehicle shall upon demand by a competent authority so drive and manipulate the vehicle as to place it or any wheel thereof, as the case may be, upon any weigh-bridge or wheel weigher in such a manner that the weight of the vehicle or the weight transmitted by any wheel or wheels may be exhibited by the weigh-bridge or wheel-weigher.

(3) If the driver of a motor vehicle fails within a reasonable time to comply with a requisition under sub-rule (2), a person authorised under section 74, may cause any person, being the holder of a licence authorising him to drive the vehicle, so to drive and manipulate the vehicle.

(4) When the weight or axle weight of a motor vehicle is determined by separate and independent determination of the

weight transmitted by any wheel or wheels of the vehicle, the axle weight and the laden weight of the vehicle shall be deemed to be the sum of the weight transmitted by the wheels or any axle or by all the wheels of the vehicle, as the case may be.

(5) Upon the weighing of a vehicle in accordance with section 74 and this rule, the person who has required the weighing or the person in charge of the weighing device, shall deliver to the driver or other person in charge of the vehicle a statement in writing of the weight of the vehicle and of any axle, the weight of which is separately determined.

(6) The driver or other person in charge of, or the owner of a vehicle which has been so weighed, may challenge the accuracy of the weighing device, by a statement in writing accompanied by a deposit of rupees ten delivered:-

(a) within one hour of the receipt of the statement referred to in sub-rule (5), to the person by whom the statement was delivered to him; or

(b) within fourteen days of service on him of notice of proceedings against him under section 74 of the Ordinance, to the Court issuing such notice.

(7) Upon receipt of a statement challenging the accuracy of a weighing device under sub-rule (6), the person or the Court by whom the statement is received shall apply to the registering authority for the weighing device to be tested by such person as the registering authority may appoint and the certificate of such person as may be so appointed regarding the accuracy of the weighing device shall be final.

(8) If upon the testing of a weighing device under-rule (7), the weighing device is certified to be accurate or to be inaccurate to an extent less than any weight by which the laden weight or unladen weight or any axle weight of the vehicle is shown in the statement referred to in sub-rule (5) to have exceeded the registered laden weight or the registered unladen weight or the registered axle weight, as the case may be, a contravention of sub-section (3) of section 73 shall be deemed to have been proved.

(9) If upon the testing of a weighing device as aforesaid, the weighing device is certified to be inaccurate to an extent greater than weight by which the laden weight or unladen weight or any

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axle weight of the vehicle is shown in the statement referred of in sub-rule (5) to have exceeded the registered axle weight as the case may be, no further proceedings shall be taken in respect of any such laden weight or unladen weight or axle weight and if the device is certified to be inaccurate to the said extent in respect of every such laden weight, unladen weight or axle weight actually weighed, the deposit prescribed in sub-rule (6) shall be refunded.

(10) No person shall, by reason or having challenged the accuracy of any weighing device under sub-rule (6) be entitled to refuse to comply with any order in writing under section 74.

Restriction on driving with gear disengaged:- Within the limits specified in the First Schedule to these rules and elsewhere on any hill marked by traffic sign No. 10 in Part B of the Ninth Schedule to the Ordinance, no person shall drive a transport vehicle with the clutch pedal depressed or with any free wheel or other device in operation which frees the engine from driving wheels and prevents the engine from acting as a brake when the vehicle is travelling down an incline.

Prohibition on mounting or taking hold of vehicle in motion:-

(1) No person shall mount or attempt to mount on, or dismount from, any motor vehicle, when the motor vehicle is in motion.

(2) No person shall take hold of, and no driver of a motor vehicle shall cause or allow any person to take hold of, any motor vehicle when in motion for the purpose of being towed or drawn upon some other wheeled vehicle or otherwise.

Towing:- (1) No vehicle, other than a mechanically disabled or incompletely assembled motor vehicle or a registered trailer, shall be drawn or towed by any motor vehicle.

(2) No motor vehicle, other than a registered trailer, shall be drawn or towed by any other motor vehicle unless there is in the driver's seat of the motor vehicle being drawn or towed a person holding a licence authorising him to drive the vehicle or unless the steering wheels of the motor vehicle being towed are firmly and securely supported clear of the road surface by some crane or other device on the vehicle which is drawing or towing it.

(3) When a motor vehicle, the clear distance between the rear of the front vehicle and the front of the rear vehicle shall at no time exceed fifteen feet. Steps shall be taken to render the tow rope or



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chain easily distinguishable by other users of the road, and there shall be clearly displayed on the rear of the vehicle being towed in black letters not less than three inches high and on a white ground the words "ON TOW":

Provided that no person shall be liable to be convicted for the contravention of this sub-rule for failure to display the words "ON TOW" if the motor vehicle which is towing the other is not a motor vehicle adapted and ordinarily used for the purpose and so long as the vehicle is being towed between the place of the break down and the nearest place on the route at which the necessary materials can be obtained.

(4) No motor vehicle when towing another vehicle other than a trailer or side car shall be driven at speed exceeding fifteen miles per hour.

Traffic segregation:- Where any road or street is provided with foot-paths, or tracks reserved for cycles or specified classes of other traffic, no person shall, save with the sanction of a police officer in uniform, drive any motor vehicle or cause or allow any motor vehicle to be driven on any such foot-path or track.

Projection of loads:- (1) Nothing shall be placed or carried upon the outside of the roof of a double decked public service vehicle.

(2) No person shall drive, and no person shall cause or allow to be driven, in any public place any motor vehicle which is loaded in a manner likely to cause danger to any person or in such a manner that the load or any part thereof or anything extends:-

(a) laterally beyond the side of the body or beyond a vertical plane in prolongation of the side of the body;

(b) to the front beyond the foremost part of the vehicle;

(c) to the rear to a distance exceeding four feet beyond the nearest part of the vehicle excluding any luggage carrier; and

(d) in height by a distance which exceeds eleven feet from the surface upon which the motor vehicle rests.

(3) Clause (c) of sub-rule (2) shall not apply to a goods motor vehicle when loaded with any pole or other projecting thing so

long as:-

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- (a) the projecting load falls within the limits of the body of a trailer being drawn by the goods vehicle; or
- (b) the distance by which the pole or other thing projects beyond

the rearmost point of the motor vehicle does not exceed six feet; and

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there is attached to the rear of such pole or other thing in such a way as to be clearly visible from the rear at all times a white circular disc of not less than fifteen inches in diameter, and at night, a lamp in addition to the prescribed lamps on the vehicle, so arranged as show a red light to the rear,

(4) A Provincial Transport Authority or any of its officers if so authorised by it, may by order in writing, in emergent cases, exempt any motor vehicle for such period and subject to such conditions as may be specified from any or all of the provisions of this rule.

Carriage of dangerous substances:- (1) Except for the fuel and lubricants necessary for the use of the vehicle, no explosive, highly inflammable or otherwise dangerous substance, shall be carried on any public service vehicle unless it is so packed that even in the case of an accident to the vehicle, it is unlikely to cause damage or injury to the vehicle or persons carried thereon.

(2) If, in the opinion of a police officer not below the rank of sub-Inspector any public service vehicle is at any time loaded in contravention of this rule he may order the driver or other person in charge of the motor vehicle to remove or repack the inflammable or dangerous substance.

Sound Signals:- (1) No driver of a motor vehicle shall sound the horn or other device for giving audible warning with which the other vehicle is equipped, or shall cause or allow any person to do so continuously or to an extent beyond what is necessary to ensure safety.

(2) The District Magistrate may by notification in the official Gazette, or in one or more newspapers circulating in the said district, and by the erection in suitable places of traffic sign No. 7 as set forth in Part A of the Ninth schedule to the Ordinance, prohibit the use by drivers of motor vehicles of any horn, gong or other device for giving audible warning in any area within the



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district and during such hours as may be specified in the notification:

Provided that when the District Magistrate prohibits the use of any horn, gong or other device for giving audible warning during certain specified hours, he shall cause a suitable notice, in Urdu English and in the script of the district, to be affixed below the traffic sign setting forth the hours within which such use is prohibited.

Cut-outs:- No driver of a motor vehicle shall in any public place make use of any cut-out or other device by means of which the exhaust gases of the engine are released save through the silencer.

Restrictions on travelling backwards:- No driver of a motor vehicle shall cause the vehicle to travel backward without first satisfying himself that he will not thereby cause danger or undue inconvenience to any person, or in any circumstances, save in the case of a road roller for any greater distance or period of time than may be reasonably necessary in order to turn the vehicle round.

Use of lamps when a vehicle is at rest:- (1) If, within the limits of any municipality or cantonment, a motor vehicle is at rest within the hours during which lights are required at the left hand side of any road or street or elsewhere in any duly appointed parking place, it shall not be necessary for the motor vehicle to exhibit any light save as may be required generally or specifically by the District Magistrate.

(2) Outside the limits of a municipality or cantonment, if a motor vehicle is at rest within the hours during which lights are required in such a position as not to cause danger or undue inconvenience to other users of the road, it shall not be necessary for the motor vehicle to display any lights.

Dazzling lights:- (1) The driver of a motor vehicle shall at all times when the lights of the motor vehicle are in use so manipulate them that danger or undue inconvenience is not caused to any person by dazzle.

(2) The District Magistrate may, by notification in the official Gazette, and by the erection of suitable notices in Urdu English and in the local script prohibit the use, within such areas or in



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such places as may be specified in the notification, of lamps giving a powerful or intense light,

Visibility of lamp and registration marks:- (1) No load or other thing shall be placed, on any motor vehicle so as at any time to mask or otherwise interrupt vision of any lamp, registration mark required to be carried by or exhibited on any motor vehicle by or under the provisions of the ordinance unless a duplicate of the lamp so masked or otherwise obscured is exhibited in the manner required by or under the Ordinance for the exhibition of the masked or obscured lamp or mark.

(2) All registration and other mark required to be exhibited on a motor vehicle by or under the provisions of the Ordinance shall at all times be maintained as far as may be reasonably possible in a clear and legible condition.

Stop sign on road surface:- (1) When any line is painted on or inlaid into the surface of any road at the approach to a road junction or to a pedestrian crossing or otherwise, no driver shall drive a motor vehicle so that any part thereof projects beyond that line at any time when a signal to stop is being given by a police officer or by means of traffic control lights or by the temporary display of sign No. 3 A in Part A of the Ninth Schedule to the Ordinance.

(2) A line for the purposes of this rule shall be not less than two inches in width at any part and shall be either in white, black or yellow.

Special rules on hill roads:- On the roads enumerated in the First Schedule to these rules all drivers shall observe the following special rules:-

(a) No motor vehicle shall overtake another, except at a place where the whole road is clearly visible for at least two hundred yards ahead.

(b) when two motor vehicles approach each other in opposite directions at a point where they cannot meet without danger of collision, the vehicle proceeding down-hill shall give way to the vehicle proceeding up-hill. When such meeting takes place in a dip or on a level stretch of road, the vehicle on the inside of the road, that is, the side from which the hill side slopes upwards, shall give way.



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(c) When the driver of any vehicle requires to pass any animals or vehicles drawn by animals, he shall pass them on the outside of the road in whichever direction such animals may be proceeding.

Traffic sign to be observed:- Every driver of a motor vehicle shall drive the vehicle in conformity with any indication given by a traffic sign, the erection of which is permitted under subsection (1) of section 79.

#### SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO TRAILERS

Trailers prohibited with motor cycles:- (1) A motor cycle with not more than two wheels with or without a side-car shall not draw a trailer.

(2) No invalid carriage shall draw a trailer.

Prohibition of attachment of trailer to certain vehicles:- No motor vehicle which exceeds twenty-six feet in length shall draw a trailer:

Provided that this rule shall not apply to any motor vehicle being towed in consequence of disablement.

Attendants on trailers:- (1) When a trailer is or trailers are being drawn by a motor vehicle there shall be carried in the trailer or trailers or on the drawing motor vehicle, as the case may be the following persons, not being less than twenty years of age and competent to discharge their duties, that is to say:-

(a) if the brakes of the trailer or trailers cannot be operated by the driver of the drawing motor vehicle or by some other person carried on that vehicle:

(i) one person on every trailer competent to apply the brakes; and

(ii) one person placed at or near the rear of the last trailer in train in such a position as to be able to have a clear view of the road in rear of the trailer, to signal to the drivers for overtaking vehicles and to communicate with the driver of the drawing motor vehicle;



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(b) if the brakes of the trailer can be operated by the driver of the drawing motor vehicle or by some other person carried on that vehicle, such other person in addition to the driver shall be carried on that vehicle and one person on the last trailer in train in accordance with the provisions of sub-clause (ii) of clause (a);

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if the trailer is or trailers are being drawn by a locomotive, notwithstanding that the brakes of the trailer or trailers can be operated by the driver or some other person on each trailer and not less than two persons on the last trailer in train, one of whom shall be the person required by the provision of sub-clause (ii) of clause (a).

(2) This rule shall not apply:-

(a) to any trailer having not more than two wheels and not exceeding 1,700 pounds in weight laden when used singly and not in a train with other trailers;

(b) to the trailing half of an articulated vehicle;.

(c) to any trailer used solely for carrying water for the purposes of the drawing vehicle when used singly and not in a train with other trailers;

(d) to any agricultural or road-making or road repairing or road-cleaning implement drawn by a motor vehicle;

(e) to any trailer specially constructed or adapted for any purpose, upon which an attendant cannot safely be carried;  
or

(f) to any closed trailer specially constructed for any purpose and specifically exempted from any or all of the provisions of this rule by an order, in writing made by the registering authority to the extent so exempted.

Distinguishing mark for trailers:- (1) No person shall drive or suffer or cause to be driven in any public place any motor vehicle to which a trailer is or trailers are attached unless there is exhibited on the back of the trailer or of the, last trailer in train, as the case may be, a distinguishing mark in the form set out in the diagram contained in the Fourth Schedule to these rules in white on a black ground.



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(2) The mark shall be kept clean and unobscured and shall be so fixed to the trailer that-

(a) the letter on the mark is vertical and easily distinguishable from the rear of the trailer;

(b) the mark is either in the centre or to the right hand side of the back of the trailer; and

(c) no part thereof is at a height exceeding four feet from the ground.

(3) This rule shall not apply to the cases referred to in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e), of sub rule (2) of rule 212.

#### SPECIAL RULES FOR LOCOMOTIVES

Attendant:- Every locomotive shall carry not less than one attendant, being a competent person of over twenty years of age, in addition to the driver, to assist the driver in the management of the locomotive.

#### CHAPTER VII

##### HALTING OF MOTOR VEHICLES IN PUBLIC PLACES CONTROL OF STANDS

Halting of stage carriages:- No stage carriage shall be halted in an urban area for more than five minutes consecutive for the taking up or setting down of passengers or at any time during the course of a run except at stand.

Bus Stops:- (1) The district Magistrate may direct that in any street or any road in an urban area notified by him in this behalf the notification being made by public proclamation or in such other manner as the District Magistrate may deem fit, no stage carriage shall take up or set down passengers except at a place appointed by him as a bus stop or at a place appointed by the Provincial Transport Authority, as a stand.

(2) No stage carriage shall be halted at a bus stop for longer than

is necessary to take up such passengers as are waiting when the vehicle arrives and to set down such passengers as wish to alight.

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Every stage carriage trip to be begun and ended at a stand:-

(1) If the run of any stage carriage starts or finishes in an urban area it shall, unless the District Magistrate specially exempts the vehicle from the provisions of this rule, be begun from or be ended at a stand.

(2) Where a stage carriage is exempted from the provisions of the preceding sub-rule, it shall be a condition of the exemption that no passengers shall be taken up or set down, as the case may be, at any point within a distance of two hundred yards or such other distance as may be named in the order of exemption from the place where the stage carriage is garaged or parked at the start or finish of the run.

(3) In exempting a stage carriage from the provisions of sub-rule (1), the District magistrate may make it a condition that the first passengers shall be taken up, or the last passengers be set down, at a particular bus stop fixed for the purpose in the order of exemption.

(4) An order of exemption made under sub-rule (1), shall remain in force for one year or such lesser period as the District Magistrate may direct, and may be cancelled or modified by him at his discretion at any time:

Provided that the Provincial Transport Authority shall be informed of any such order or any cancellation or modification thereof.

Stage carriages to be properly parked when not in use:- A Provincial Transport Authority may attach to a stage carriage permit a condition that when the vehicle is not in use it shall not be halted in any public place except at a stand or at a parking place appointed by a competent authority under section 77.

Affiliation of public carriers with Forwarding Agents:- (1) A Provincial Transport Authority may attach to a public carrier permit a condition that the vehicle shall not be operated except under the control of a Forwarding Agent and shall not be halted in any public place except under the authority in writing from the Forwarding Agent or at a place specially permitted for the purpose under rule 229.

(2) An applicant for a public carriage permit shall declare in writing the name of the Forwarding Agent under whose control



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the vehicle covered by the permit applied for shall be operated and in case the permit is granted the Provincial Transport Authority shall make an endorsement to that effect on the permit:

Provided that during the term of the permit, the permit holder may apply to the Provincial Transport Authority for the transfer of the vehicle to the control of another Forwarding Agent. On receipt of such an application the said Authority may allow the transfer, after giving the Forwarding Agents concerned an opportunity of being heard:

Provided further that two or more Forwarding Agents may, with the permission of their respective Provincial Transport Authority, enter into a reciprocal agreement to carry on business jointly and in that case any vehicle under the control of any one of them shall be deemed to be under the control of the other or others as well.

Preceding rules not applicable to contract carriages:-  
Nothing in rule 215 or 217 or any direction made under rule 216 shall apply to a stage carriage when it is being used under due authority as a contract carriage or as a vehicle for the carriage of goods without passengers: provided that a board has been affixed to the vehicle bearing the inscription "ON CONTRACT" or "CARRYING GOODS ONLY", as the case may be, and provided particulars of the hiring have been entered in the log-book of the vehicle.

Halting of contract carriages:- Provincial Transport Authority may impose on the use of any contract carriage, or any stage carriage when the same is being used as a contract carriage, a condition that the vehicle shall not be halted for more than ten consecutive minutes in any public place, in an urban area save at a parking place, or in the case of a motor cab, a cab-rank, duly appointed under section 77 or at a stand.

Halting of public carrier for loading and unloading in an urban area:- (1) No motor vehicle used for the carriage of goods for hire or reward shall be halted for loading and unloading in an urban area without an authority in writing in the prescribed Form F.A.P. and form F.A.P.U. from a Forwarding Agent functioning in that area, except at a place specially permitted for the purpose under rule 229.

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(2) A provincial Transport Authority may exempt any public carrier from the applicability of sub-rule (1), Before granting this exemption, the Provincial Transport Authority shall give an opportunity to the Forwarding Agents concerned of being heard.

Parking Places:- All District Magistrates are authorised after consultation with the Superintendent of Police and the local authority having jurisdiction in the area concerned, to make orders determining parking places for motor vehicle under section 77.

Cab-ranks:- (1) In every cab-rank determined under section 77.-

(a) the drivers shall station their motor cabs in the rank in the order in which they arrive, the motor cab which has been waiting longest being stationed in the front position, and the motor cabs being moved up as vacancies occur;

(b) the drivers of the first two motor cabs shall stay by their vehicles ready to be hired by any person;

(c) no motor cab engaged for some future time shall be kept in the rank unless the driver is willing to accept any intermediate hiring that may be offered; and

(d) no disabled motor cab shall be kept in the rank unless the disablement can be and is intended to be remedied forth with.

(2) The Provincial Transport Authority may in the case of any cab-rank relax any or all of the direction in the preceding sub-rule.

(3) Nothing in sub-rule (1) shall render it obligatory on a person wishing to hire a motor cab from a cab-rank to take the first cab or restrict freedom to choose which ever vehicle he prefers.

Responsibility of driver, conductor and permit holder for securing compliance with these rules:- In so far as any rule in this Chapter for any order issued in conformity therewith, directs that a transport vehicle shall or shall not be halted in a certain place or in a certain manner, the rule shall be read as if it included provisions enjoying the driver, and in the case of stage carriage, the conductor to ensure that it is so halted or not halted,



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and requiring the holder of any permit issued in respect of the vehicle to take all measures open to him to secure compliance with the direction.

Involuntary halts:- No person shall be liable to be punished for halting a vehicle in contravention of any of these rules if the stopping of the vehicle was occasioned by a mechanical defect or by any cause beyond the control of the driver or person incharge: Provided that the driver or other person incharge shall continue to be liable for contravening section 85, unless all practicable steps have been taken to dispose of the vehicle in such a way that it shall not cause danger, obstruction or inconvenience to other users of the road.

Prohibition on the use of horns:- Except to avoid an imminent accident no person shall sound the horn or other audible warning device of any motor vehicle within the limits of a stand, parking place or cab rank.

Notification of stands:- (1) Stands shall be classed as follows:-

(a) stands, being General Stands administered by officials of the Government.

(b) Stands, being General Stands entrusted for management, under arrangements made by Provincial Transport Authority, to a private person or Company.

(c) Stands, being General Stands administered by a municipal Committee or other local authority either directly or through the agency of a contractor.

(d) Stands, or Company Stands.

(2) The Provincial Transport Authority may, in consultation with the local authority having jurisdiction in the area concerned, make an order in the prescribed form (Form Stand A, Form Stand B, Form Stand C, Form Stand D) permitting any place to be used as a stand and without such an order no place shall be so used:

Provided always that no place which is privately owned shall

be notified as a stand save on application by or with the written consent of the owner.



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(3) Every order made by a Provincial Transport Authority under the preceding sub-rule, shall show clearly the class of stand which is allowed to be established, and shall be notified by publication in one or more newspapers circulating in the district or by such other means as the provincial Transport Authority may consider appropriate.

(4) No place where:-

(a) arrangements are made for the issue of tickets to passengers;  
or

(b) covered accommodation is provided for waiting passengers;  
or

(c) agents are stationed to marshal waiting passengers; shall be used for the taking up or setting down of passengers unless it has been duly notified as stand under this rule.

(5) The Provincial Transport Authority shall, from time to time, fix the fees or the maximum fees payable at every stand of Class A, B,C.

Place to be used for loading, un-loading or halting of public carriers:- (1) The Provincial Transport Authority may, in consultation with the District Magistrate having jurisdiction in the area concerned make an order in the prescribed form (Form F.A.L.) permitting any place to be used for loading un-loading or halting of motor vehicle used for the carriage of goods for hire or reward:

Provided always that no place shall be notified as such save on application by or with the written consent of its owner.

(2) Every order made by the Provincial Transport Authority under the preceding sub-rule, shall clearly prescribe conditions not inconsistent with these rules under which the place is to be used for the loading, un-loading and halting of goods vehicles and shall also mention the maximum fees as prescribed by the Provincial Transport Authority payable for the purpose.

(3) The Provincial Transport Authority shall not permit a Forwarding Agent to use a place for the loading, or halting of goods vehicles unless the latter satisfies the authority that:-

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(a) he has under his control not less than 30 public carrier's permits, out of which at least five permits are held by him in his own name;

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he shall, at the discretion of the consignor, insure goods and indemnify the consignor for any loss or damage to goods while in his possession; and

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he shall maintain all records prescribed by the Provincial Transport Authority in Form F.A.R.E., Form F.A.R.L, Form F.A.R.A., and Form F.A.R.D., and Form F.A.R.V. These records shall be open to inspection by or on behalf of the said authority.

(4) The Provincial Transport Authority may at any time revoke any order made by it under sub-rule (1), if in its opinion any of the conditions under which a place is to be used for the loading, un-loading or halting of goods vehicles has been contravened or if the continuance of the said order is no longer in the public interest:

Provided that before revoking the order, the Provincial Transport authority shall give the forwarding agent concerned an opportunity of being heard and shall record its reasons in writing.

(5) Any order permitting any place to be used for the loading, un-loading or halting of motor vehicles used for the carriage of goods for hire or reward shall remain in force for three years or such less period as may be mentioned in the order, and may be renewed from time to time by the Provincial Transport Authority for a further period of not less than three years.

(6) The commission fee and other fees in respect of goods vehicles stands shall be fixed by the Provincial Transport Authority from time to time which shall be notified in the Official Gazette.

Considerations governing the location of stands:- (1) In deciding whether to grant permission for the use of any place as a stand or as a place for the loading, un-loading and halting of goods vehicles, the Provincial Transport Authority shall have regard to the following matters:-



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(a) the interest of the public generally and the efficient organization of motor transport;

(b) the suitability of the site from the point of view of traffic control;

(c) the avoidance of annoyance to persons living or having property in the locality;

(d) the suitability of the site in relation to other stands in the same town; and

(c) any other considerations that may appear to be relevant.

(2) In selecting a site for stand, the Provincial Transport Authority shall be guided by any opinion given by the District magistrate and the Superintendent of Police concerned.

Conditions applicable to all stands:- (1) Every order permitting a place to be used as a stand of Class B, C or D shall be subject to the following conditions namely:-

(a) that the land and buildings of the stand shall at all times be kept clean and in a good state of repair;

(b) that the stand shall be administered in a seemly and orderly manner;

(c) that the person, company or authority permitted by the provincial Transport Authority to use the place as a stand shall take all possible precautions to ensure that no breach of the Ordinance or of these rules is committed in respect of any vehicle entering or leaving or halting at the stand and that any such breach is reported to the nearest officer of police;

(d)

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that a board shall be set up in a conspicuous position at the stand showing the fees payable (if an order has been made fixing the fees) and that the full amount of fees due from the owners and drivers of vehicles shall be charged neither more nor less.

(2) In making an order permitting a place to be used as a stand, the Provincial Transport Authority may further attach to it any one or more of the following conditions, namely, that the local authority or person authorised to administer the stand shall:-



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(a) maintain such records as the Provincial Transport Authority may from time to time direct;

(b) employ such staff at the stand as may be specified in the order;

(c) provide waiting rooms for the largest number of passengers that may reasonably be expected to use the stand at any one time, including separate accommodation for women;

(d) provide a suitable lavatories for both sexes;

(e) Provide rests rooms for driver and conductor of the vehicles regularly kept at the stand.

(f) provide an adequate supply of drinking water for passengers, drivers and all persons likely to be employed at the stand;

(g) provide covered accommodation or other form of shelter for all the vehicles regularly kept at the stand or for such percentage of those vehicles as the provincial Transport Authority may specify;

(h) provide for the illumination of the stand at night;

(i) provide, in a separate portion of the stand, facilities for washing and cleaning vehicles and for executing ordinary repairs.

(3) With the approval of the Provincial Transport Authority, the District Magistrate may attach to the order any other condition that may seem to him to be necessary to secure the efficient administration of the stand or otherwise to be in the public interest.

Conditions governing the location of stands for goods vehicles:- Every order permitting a place to be used for loading, un-loading and halting of goods vehicles shall be subject to the following conditions, namely:-

(a) that the land and buildings included in the place shall at all times be kept clean and in good state of repair;

(b) that the place shall be administered in a seemly and orderly manner;

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(c) that the Forwarding Agent permitted to use the place shall take all possible precautions to ensure that no breach of the Ordinance or of these rules is committed in respect of any vehicle entering or leaving or halting and that any such breach is reported to the nearest officer of police;

(d) that a board shall be set up in a conspicuous position at the place showing the fees payable and that the exact amount of fees due from the owners and drivers of the vehicles shall be charged;

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that the Forwarding Agent shall provide to the satisfaction of the Provincial Transport Authority sufficient space for halting the vehicle in an orderly manner and suitable godowns and store houses for the safety of the goods consigned to his care;

(f) that the Forwarding Agent shall not allow any vehicle under his control to load, un-load or halt at any other place, within the urban area concerned, without his permission in writing in the prescribed form.

Stand of Class B:- (1) When an order has been made permitting a place to be used for the establishment of a stand of Class B, the Provincial Transport Authority may enter into an agreement with any person, firm or company (hereinafter referred to as the "manager") to undertake the maintenance and management of the stand and to be responsible for the fulfillment of the conditions attached to the order of sanction and of all the provisions of the Ordinance and these rules which may be applicable.

(2) It shall be a condition of every agreement made under the preceding sub-rule that the manager shall maintain accounts in English Urdu containing such particulars as the Provincial Transport Authority may require; and such accounts shall be open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Provincial Transport Authority or any official or auditor appointed by him.

(3) Every such agreement shall further state whether the manager shall be entitled to retain the whole of the fees collected at the stand or whether some portion thereof or a consolidated sum in lieu shall be payable to Government.

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(4) An agreement under sub-rule (1) may be so framed as to require the manager within a certain time to erect specified building or carry out specified works on the site of the stand, or to fulfill any specified conditions of the kind described in sub-rule (2) of rule 231.

(5) Save the approval of the Provincial Transport Authority, no agreement shall be made under sub-rule (1) with any person who has a financial interest direct or indirect in any of the vehicles likely to be kept at the stand and unless the person with whom the agreement is to be made agrees that he will not employ in the working of the stand any person having such an interest.

Municipal Stands:- (1) A local authority administering a stand of Class G shall maintain separate accounts of the income received and expenditure incurred in respect of it, and these accounts together with the accounts of any manager or contractor employed by the local authority in connection with the stand shall be subject to audit under arrangements made by Government and shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the Provincial Transport Authority and any official appointed by it for the purpose.

(2) It shall be a condition of every order permitting a place to be used as a site for a stand of Class C that the whole of the profits derived from the administration of the stand after deducting such expenditure for the management, lighting and maintenance of the stands as may be incurred with the approval of the Provincial Transport Authority together with the deductions specified in the next following sub-rule shall be devoted by the local authority to defraying the cost of new building and improvements at the stand or providing amenities for the drivers of vehicles for waiting passengers.

(3) In determining the amount to be expended by the local authority under the preceding sub-rule on new buildings, improvements and amenities, a deduction shall be made equal to:

(a) the interest which the local authority may actually be paying on any sum borrowed by it during the preceding twenty years for the purpose or acquiring land or buildings for the stand or if the local authority has during the preceding twenty years expended capital of its own in acquiring land and buildings, a sum representing interest on that capital at the current bank rate;

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(b) any rent which may be due from the local authority to any person on account of the land and buildings included in the stand; and

(c) such additional sum not exceeding three percent of the gross receipts from fees as may be agreed between the Provincial Transport Authority and the local authority.

(4) Save with the approval of the Provincial Transport Authority, the local authority administering a stand of Class C shall not entrust the management of the stand to, or permit to be employed in the working of the stand, any person who has a financial interest direct or indirect in any of the vehicles-likely to be kept there at.

Disposal of money accruing to Government:- Moneys accruing to Government from the administration of stand shall be devoted, subject to the vote of the legislature, to:-

(a) the carrying out of improvement and the provision of amenities at stand;

(b) the acquisition of sites for stands; or

(c) any other object which in the opinion of Government conduces to the welfare of persons employed in the motor transport industry and the traveling public.

General stands to be open to all transport vehicles:- No transport vehicle, the driver or person in-charge of which, offers to pay the proper fees shall be refused admittance to a stand of Class A, B and C unless the sanctioned accommodation at the stand is already fully occupied:

Provided that where the owner of any vehicle has been granted a licence for a stand of Class D or has been given permission to make use of a stand of Class D, his vehicle shall have no right of admission to any general stand situated within five miles of that stand.

Inspection of stands:- Every stand, whether on public or privately owned land, shall be open to any inspection at any time by the District Magistrate or any official deputed by the District Magistrate or the Provincial Transport Authority or any official

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deputed by it in this behalf or by any officer of police not below the rank of head constable.

Company stands:- (1) Orders permitting a place to be used as a stand of Class D shall be in Form Stand D and shall specify clearly the area which may be so used.

(2) Save with the special permission of the Provincial Transport Authority, no such order shall be made unless the person or company applying to use the place as a stand holds permits, being permits in the name of the person or company making the application, for not less than five transport vehicles.

(3) Before giving permission for the establishment of any stand of Class D, the Provincial Transport Authority shall satisfy itself that the proposed site is not in such a location as would give the user an undue advantage over the owners of stage carriages operating in competition with him from the general stand or stands.

(4) No vehicles shall be admitted to any stand of Class D other than vehicles in respect of which a permit is held by the person or company in whose name the stand has been sanctioned, together with any vehicles which may have been specially mentioned in the Provincial Transport Authority's order as entitled to use the stand.

Boundaries of Stands to be demarcated:- The local authority or person entrusted with the administration of stand shall erect and maintain to the satisfaction of the Provincial Transport Authority pillars or other marks of a permanent character clearly indicating the boundaries of the land included in the stand.

Prohibition on use of loud sounding devices at stands:- (1) No horn, gong, bell, whistle, gramophone, loud-speaker, musical instrument or other device for creating a loud noise shall be used to attract passengers to any stand.

(2) In the event of such use, the manager and contractor employed to administer the stand, and the owner, driver and conductor of the vehicle to which the sound was intended to attract custom, shall in addition to the person who used the instrument, be punishable for contravening this rule, unless he can show that the use of the instrument was without his consent.

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Cancellation of orders for the establishment of stands:- (1) A Provincial Transport Authority may at any time revoke any order made by itself permitting the establishment of any stand if in its opinion any of the conditions on which the stand was permitted to be established have been contravened or the stand has not been satisfactorily managed or its continuance is no longer in the public interest.

(2) Before revoking any order under the preceding sub-rule the Provincial Transport Authority shall give the person authorised to administer the stand an opportunity of being heard, and shall record his reasons in writing.

(3) If an order permitting establishment of a stand is not revoked under sub-rule (1) it shall remain in force for three years or such lesser period as may be mentioned in the order and may be renewed from time to time by the Provincial Transport Authority for a further period of not more than three years.

Appellate Authority:- (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Provincial Transport Authority sanctioning the establishment of a stand or revoking or modifying an order permitting the establishment of a stand, may, within thirty days of the receipt of the order, appeal to the appellate authority as prescribed in rule 95, whose orders thereon shall be final and conclusive.

(2) All orders by a Provincial Transport Authority permitting any place to be used for the loading, un-loading or halting of motor vehicles used for carriage of goods for hire or rewards, or revoking or modifying any such order, shall be appealable to the appellate authority as prescribed in rule 95 A, whose orders thereon shall be final and conclusive.

(3) The appellate authority, before passing an order under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2), as the case may be, shall give the appellant or any other person affected by the order, an opportunity of being heard.

Repeals and Savings:- On the commencement of these rules, the corresponding rules of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1940, shall stand repealed:

Provided that anything done or any action taken under any of the said rules so repealed shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules unless such thing or action is inconsistent with any of the provisions of these rules.



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THE FIRST SCHEDULE

[(See rule 103 (1) ]

BADGES FOR DRIVERS CONDUCTORS AND TICKET  
AGENTS DRIVER'S BADGE

AJK

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Public Service

Drivers

Brass Badge of 2 inches diameter. Letters and figures stamped or engraved.

CONDUCTORS BADGE

[(See Rule 104 (1)]

Conductor

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AJK

Rectangular badge 2 inches by 1 inches. Brass Letters and figures stamped or engraved.

TICKET AGENTS BADGE

[(See Rule 109 (1) (b)]

TICKET AGENT

Triangular badge, the bottom side 4 inches long each of the other two 2-inches. Lettering in white on a red ground.

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THE SECOND SCHEDULE  
( [See Rule 213 (1)] )

DISINGUISHING MARK TO BE EXHIBITED ON THE  
REAR OF A TRAILER OR THE LAST TRAILER IN A  
TRAIN OF TRAILERS.

Letter to be in white on a black ground.

Letter to be 7 inches in height and 5 inches in width, the strokes  
being 1-inch bold. Overall measurements of the mark 8 inches

high 7 inches wide.

The above dimensions are minimum. The mark may be exhibited  
in large size, if desired.

FORM L.P.S.A.

(Rule 6 (3) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor vehicles

Rules, 1973)

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORISATION TO DRIVE A  
PUBLIC SERVICE VEHICLE.

To

The Licensing Authority,

I apply for an authorization to drive a public service vehicle on all road through the Azad Kashmir other than Nill Roads (1) and forward herewith the driving licence held by me (NO..... cee cee cee eee eee eee cree date... issued by the licensing Authority of... )

I hereby declare that I have not previously held or applied for an authorisation to drive public service vehicle.

Or (2)

I applied for an authorisation to drive a public service vehicle to the Licensing

Authority we The application was refused, for the reasons stated on the reverse.

Or (2)

1 formerly held an authorisation to drive a public service vehicle. Full particulars of this authorisation and the circumstances in which it ceased to have validity are given on the reverse.

Name of applicant.

(in block letters of clear script)

Present address of applicant...

(Date Signature or thumb-impression of applicant.

Forwarded to the Superintendent of Police. . for favour of

verification of the applicant's statement.

(Date) Licensing Authority.

(1) Ifthe applicant desires that the authorization be validated for Hill Roads, these words should be deleted.

(2) Strike out whichever entry is not applicable.

The above Form, with suitable adaptations, should also be used for application for countersignatures or validations of licences for Hill Roads.

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FORM L.P.S.

(Rule 6 (6) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules 1973)

INTIMATION REGARDING THE GRANT OF  
AUTHORISATION TO DRIVE A PUBLIC SERVICE,  
VEHICLE

To  
The Licensing Authority,

An authorisation to drive a public service vehicle has been issued by me

ODL eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee in respect of driving licence No... dated  
The. eeeeeeeeeeeeeee issued by you in favour Of... cece  
Name of holder.

Father's name

Present address of holder.

Licensing Authority.

FORM L.L.D.

(Rule 13 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles  
Rules, 1973)

INTIMATION OF LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF LICENCE  
AND APPLICATION FOR DUPLICATE

To  
The Licensing Authority,

of (Permanent address  
(Father's name)... . hereby report that  
issued by Licensing Authority. .on or  
AQ. has been lost/destroyed in the

of (present

driving licence No.  
about the  
following circumstance.

2. I hereby apply for a duplicate licence and tender five rupees in the form of  
judicial stamps.

3. attached two clear copies of a recent photograph of myself.

(Date) Signature or thumb-impression  
of applicant.



(For use in the office of the licensing authority)

PART I

(1) Duplicate of driving licence NO. eee first granted

ODL eeeeeeeeeeteeeeeeeeee has been issued by me this day of..... 19...

(2) Application refused in letter Nowe dated the..... to the applicant giving reasons.

Licensing Authority,

(Date)

PART II

Forwarded to the licensing Authority... cece for verification and completion of part II.

Licensing Authority,

(Date)

PART III

Returned to the Licensing Authority... Signature. The

photograph an \*have been compared with my record.

(thumb-impression)

No such licence appears to have been issued by this office.

I am not satisfied that the applicant was the holder of the licence described\*

I am satisfied that the applicant was the holder of a licence issued by the office as follows-

(1) Numbe

(2) Date of issue 9

(3) Last renewed by the Licensing Authority...

(4) Date of expiry... eee 19...

(5) Classes of vehicle

(6) The license:-

(a) Entitled the holder to drive as a paid employee\*

(b) carried an authorisation to drive a public service vehicle

granted DY\* oe eeeeeeeeteeeeeteeteeneeee

(c) carried the following endorsements:

(Date) Licensing

Authority,

\*Strike out alternative not required.

\*Here fill in (a), (b), (c), etc., as specified in section 8 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971.

PART IV

Returned to the Licensing Authority... ee for record. A duplicate licence has been issued by me on the. way Of. 9.

(1) A copy of the photograph affixed thereto is attached.

I have in my letter No.u.,..... eee dated the the duplicate licence applied for, A copy of that letter attached.

declined to issue

Licensing Authority,

\*Strike out alternative not required.

FORM L. Tem.

(Section 90 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and Rule 16 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.)

AZAD GOVERNMENT OF THE STATE OF JAMMU & KASHMIR RECEIPT FOR A DRIVING LICENCE

I have taken possession of the licence hereunder described.

Name of = holder..... 0... cece cee ec cee cence ee eeee este nese eeeeeaes Father's Present

2. Ifthe holder is called upon to produce his licence for examination, he should exhibit this receipt in lieu.

3. This receipt is valid until the... day Of. 19...or, until the licence has been suspended or cancelled by competent authority, whichever is sooner.

(Date)

Signature and designation of the authority granting or extending the receipt.





FORM L. Lr. A.

(Rule 18 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor vehicles Rules, 1973)

APPLICATION FOR A LEARNER'S LICENCE

To

I-Application

The Licensing Authority,

I hereby apply for a licence authorizing me to drive as a learner a vehicle of the

following description:

\*Motor cycle. \*Light transport vehicle.

\*Motor car. \*Heavy transport vehicle.

\*Deliver van.

II-PARTICULARS TO BE FURNISHED BY APPLICANT

1. Full name and name of father..... 0.0.0... cceeccee eee cence ee eeee
2. Permanent address.....c.cccscsesseseeeeesessseseseeeseeeseeeseeeseeesessseseseees
3. Temporary address.....c.cceccceseeeseecsesesseeeteeesteeseeseaseeeeeeseneeeee
4. Age at date of application... ceeseeeeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseees
5. Particulars of any licence previously held by the applicant.

Particulars of any learner' driving permit previously held by the applicant in respect of the description of vehicle to which the application applies.

Signature or thumb-impression of applicant.

(Date) Duplicate signature — or thumb-impression of applicant.

\*Strike out whichever is inapplicable. Add other description, if necessary.

FORM L. E.

(Section 20 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and Rule 19 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.)

INTIMATION BY COURT OF ENDORSEMENT OF LICENCE

Magistrate...

To

has been endorsed by this Court as follows:-

Date of endorsement.....c.cecceseesecsesesesseseeseseeseseesenesesseeseees

Section... of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and rule..... of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

(Date)

by whom the licence

was last renewed on.

(Date)

Magistrate..... Class

FORM L. R.

(Section 12 (5) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971  
and Rule 20 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicle Rules, 1973)

INTIMATION OF RENEWAL OF LICENCE

From

The Licensing Authority

To

The Licensing Authority.

Licensing Authority.

FORM M.S.

(See Rule 22 (3) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicle Rules 1973).

FORM OF LICENCE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A MOTOR DRIVING SCHOOL.

Licence is hereby granted for the establishment of a School for imparting instructions to Motor drivers in the following class of motor vehicles:-

\*(a) Heavy Motor Vehicles.

\*(b) Light Motor Vehicles.

\*(c) Motor Cycles.

by (1)

at (2)

the school being known as the... cccceeseeeeeeeeeeeeee subject to the provisions of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

This licence is valid upto.....00! day Of. 9.

Note:- The licence is subject to the provisions of rule 22 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973. These provisions require the licensee, among other things:-

(a) to obtain prior approval of any change of address of the school;

(b) to allow the school to be inspected, at any reasonable time, by a duly authorised person;

(c) if so required, to obtain the sanction of the licensing authority both to the number of pupil that may be admitted at any one time and to the syllabus;

(d) to maintain an adequate number of vehicles fitted with

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dual control and other necessary apparatus and equipment; and  
(e) to maintain a record, with photographs of the students attending, the duration of their instruction and the dates on which they passed driving test.

The licence is liable to be rescinded at any time if the character of the proprietor or staff, the financial condition of the undertaking or the conduct of the school is

unsatisfactory.

\*Strike out whichever is inapplicable.

(1) Here enter full name of person persons, Company, Association, managing the school.

(2) Address of premises of school.





FORM C. F. sub.

(See Rule 34 (7) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973)

TEMPORARY AUTHORISATION OF USE OF VEHICLES WHEN THE CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS HAS EXPIRED

The certificate of fitness Of (1)... cceeeeeeeeeteteeteeteeteeteeneeee

Registration mark.

Last renewed by.....eeeeeeee

I hereby authorise the use of the vehicle until the. day of... 19. provided that it is forthwith removed with all reasonable dispatch to the area of the authority by whom the certificate of fitness is due to be renewed:

Provided also that while being used under this authorisation, the vehicle shall not (2):-

- (a) carry more than..... persons excluding the driver;
- (b) carry any good (2);
- (c) be driven at a speed in excess of..... miles per hour (2).

Signature and jurisdiction of the Motor Vehicle Examiner

- (1) Here enter brief description of vehicle.
- (2) Strike out if not required.

To The Registering Authority,

I have today.....19..... authorised temporarily the use of motor vehicle No.... Sub-is valid Upto.....ccccceeseeseeseeseescescseseseseeeeeeeeeee

sefOr its PEMOVAL tO... eseeeseeseeseeseesteeeee The C.F. issued



(FORM C.F.C.)

(See Rule 34 (11) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

NOTICE STATING REASONS FOR CANCELLATION OF  
CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS

Dear Sir, Madam,

Whereas I am satisfied that your Motor Vehicle No..... has ceased to comply with the requirements of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973, on account of mechanical defects mentioned below. I hereby cancel the certificate of fitness in accordance with section 38, of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, until such time as it has been repaired and passed as mechanical fit by this office.

Please note that the certificate of registration and any permit granted in respect of this vehicle shall also be deemed to be suspended until a new certificate of fitness

has been obtained.

Yours faithfully,

Motor Vehicles Examiner,

FORM M.V. INS

(See Rule 34 (13) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

INSPECTION REPORT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE

TAXI

INSPECTION REPORT OF TRUCK NO...

BUS

Engine No.....cceececece eee Make..... 0c ee cree eee eee  
Chassis No.....00.00eececece Model.....0..00eccece eee eee

WEIGHMENT PARTICULARS

Type

No. and size, ply rotting.

Front Axle...

Rest Axle....

: Any other Axle...

RAW. cece eee Lbs. No. of seats.....0.: cece

(including driver)

No. of standees...

1. Front Axle and Steering:

- (a) King pins and Bushes.
- (b) Front Wheel Bearings.
- (c) Front Wheel Alignment.
- (d) Steering turning Circle.
- (e) Steering lock.
- (f) Wheel free movement.
- (g) Steering connections.
- (h) Other items.

2. Front Spring:

- (a) Shackle pins and Bushes.
- (b) Clamps and U bolts.
- (c) Camber.
- (d) Hangers and brackets.

3. Fuel System:

- (a) Fuel Tank.
- (b) Fuel lines.

4. Electric System:

- (a) Lamp.
- (b) Wiring.
- (c) Horn,
- (d) Dipper.

5. Engine Performance.

6. Silencer.

7. Transmission:

- (a) Clutch.
- (b) Gear-box.
- (c) Universal joint.
- (d) Propeller Shaft.
- (e) Differential.

8. Rear Springs:

- (a) Shackle pins and Bushes.
- (b) Clamps and U bolts.
- (c) Camber.
- (d) Auxiliary Springs.
- (e) Hangers and brackets.

9. Tyres.

10. Chassis Frame:

- (a) Distorted.
- (b) Welded.
- (c) Cracked.
- (d) Reinforced.

11. Body:

- (a) Paint work.
- (b) Upholstery.
- (c) Painting of weights.
- (d) Rear Wings.
- (e) Dimensions.
- (f) Floor boards.

12. Brakes:

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- (a) Foot.
- (b) Hand.
- (c) Boster system.

13. Compulsory Equipment:

- (a) Bulb Horn.
- (b) Windshield wiper.
- (c) Rear view Mirror.
- (d) Speedometer.

14. Requisite Equipment and Spare Wheel

15. Cleanliness.

16. Any other observation or defect worth mentioning.

\*Issue/Renewal of Certificate is refused for the reason that the vehicle does not comply with the requirements of Chapter VI of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, vide the above defects.

2. Issue/Renewal of Certificate of Fitness is hereby sanctioned for a period

Of. eeeeeeeeeeee months.

Motor Vehicle Examiner.

Key to abbreviations:-

R/S.- Unserviceable.

R/A.- Requires attention.

O/K.- Satisfactory.

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FORM C.R. TEM.

(See Rule 35 (5) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir

Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

TEMPORARY CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

Counter foil

NO... eee Azad  
Govt. of the State of  
J.&K.

Temporary Certificate  
of Registration.

Issued

Owner's name and  
address

Foil B

NO... oes Azad  
Govt. of the State of  
J.&K.

Temporary Certificate  
of Registration.

Issued

Owner's name and  
address

Foil A  
Book

NO... eee eee Azad  
Govt. of the State of

J.&K.  
Temporary Certificate  
of Registration.

Issued

by...

Owner's name and  
address

Description of  
Vehicle

Engine No..  
Type of

ody...  
Colour.

Description of  
Vehicle

Make.....H.P.  
Engine No...  
Type of  
ody.  
Colou:

Description of  
Vehicle

TEMPORARY RE-  
GISTRATION  
MARK ASSIGNED  
TO THE VEHICLE  
Place in which the  
vehicle is to be  
permanently  
registered.

TEMPORARY RE-  
GISTRATION  
MARK ASSIGNED  
TO THE VEHICLE  
Place in which the  
vehicle is to be  
permanently  
registered.

TEMPORARY RE-  
GISTRATION  
MARK ASSIGNED  
TO THE VEHICLE  
Place in which the  
vehicle is to be  
permanently  
registered.

Date of issue of

temporary (issuing Authority)  
certificate the... ee (Date)  
Valid Copy forwarded to the This temporary  
upto... Registering certificate is valid  
Authority upto  
For information. the..... 19.....

(Date)  
Issuing Authority.

790

only, and the  
vehicle must be  
presented for  
permanent  
registration before  
that date.

FORM CRLD

(Rule 36 (1) of Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor vehicles Rules, 1973).

INTIMATION OF LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AND APPLICATION

FOR DUPLICATE

0

The Registering Authority,

The certificate of registration of my motor vehicle, the registration of which is, has  
been lost/destroyed (1\*) in the following

CHTCUMSANCES.....eeeecececeeseseeteseeeeeeeeeeseseeseeeeeeeseaeeseassesssseseeassessessseseeseseaeeesne

ereby declare that to my knowledge the registration of the vehicle has not been  
either suspended or cancelled under any of the provisions of the Azad Jammu and  
Kashmir Motor Vehicle Ordinance, 1971, or the rules made thereunder, and I  
herewith deposit the fee three rupees and apply for the issue of a duplicate

certificate of registration.

Signature or thumb-impression

of applicant.

Date. Address.

(1\*)Strike out whichever word is inapplicable.

FORM CRLD Tran

(Rule 37 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicle Rules, 1973).

INTIMATION OF LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF  
CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AND CERTIFICATE  
OF FITNESS OF A TRANSPORT VEHICLE AND  
APPLICATION FOR DUPLICATE

To  
The Registering Authority,

The certificate of registration (1\*) and certificate of fitness of my motor vehicle, the  
registration mark of Which iS... cee has been lost/destroyed (1\*) in the

following circumstances:-

I hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge neither the certificate of  
registration nor the certificate of fitness (1\*) has been, either suspended or  
cancelled under any of the provisions of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor  
Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, or the rules made thereunder. I herewith deposit the fee  
of five rupees and apply for the issue of a duplicate certificate of registration and

certificate of fitness.

The certificate of fitness was last renewed by the Motor Vehicles Examiner

Signature or thumb-impression  
of applicant.

(1\*)Strike out which ever word is inapplicable.

FORM R. TEM

(Section 90 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and Rule 4 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

RECEIPT FOR CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AND  
CERTIFICATE OF FITNESS OF A TRANSPORT  
VEHICLE.

I have taken possession of the certificate of registration and the certificate of fitness hereunder described.

Father's name... Present  
ACALESS.. 0.

2. The holder is hereby exempted from the obligation to produce his certificate of registration and the certificate of fitness.

3. This receipt is valid until the... day Of... 19.... or until the licence has been suspended or cancelled by competent authority, whichever is sooner.

(Date)

(1\*) Signature and designation of the authority granting or extending the receipt.

FORM H. P. TEX

(Rule 45 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT OF HIRE  
PURCHASE

To  
The Registering Authority,

We the undersigned hereby request that the note endorsed on the certificate of  
registration forwarded herewith, of vehicle No.....ce (1\*) in respect or an

agreement of hire purchase between us, be cancelled.

Signature or thumb

(Date)  
impression

of registered owner.

(Date) Signature of other party.

FORM T. O.

(Rule 45 (3) and 46 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

INTIMATION OF TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF A MOTOR VEHICLE

C0) ee of forward

herewith the certificate of registration and the certificate of fitness (3\*) of motor vehicle.

NO vee eeeeeesescseseseeeeeeeeeneeee (4\*) the ownership of which has been transferred to me by (S\* )ececeteeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeesenseeeeeees and hereby request that the said vehicle may be registered in my name and that the certificate of registration be amended accordingly.

(Date) Signature or thumb-impression

of transferee

Endorsement in the case of a vehicle which is the subject of an agreement of hire purchase.

I/We (6\*) being a party to an agreement of hire purchase in respect of the vehicle specified above consent to the transfer of ownership of the said vehicle to (1\*)..

agreement of hire purchase in respect of this vehicle (6\*).

with whom I/We (6\*) have entered into an

(Date) Signature of the party other than the owner.

(1\*)Here enter full name of transferee.

(2\*)Here enter full address of transferee.

(3\*) Strike out the words "and the certificate of fitness" when inapplicable.

(4\*)Here enter registration mark.

(5\*)Here enter name and address of person or firm whom the vehicle has been transferred.

(6\*)Strike out whichever is inapplicable.

FORM C.R. T.

(Rule 46 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

COMMUNICATION TO ORIGINAL REGISTERING  
AUTHORITY OF TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF A  
MOTOR VEHICLE.

To  
The Registering Authority,

of...

The other party to the hire purchase agreement has consented to the transfer, and  
has entered into an agreement of their purchase in respect of the vehicle with the

transferee (4\*).

(Date) Registering  
Authority

(1\*)Here enter registration mark.

(2\*)Here enter full name of transferee.

(3\*)Here enter address of transferee.

(4\*)Strike out if inapplicable.

FORM R. M. A.

(Section 35 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and Rule 47 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

INTIMATION OF CHANGE OF RESIDENCE AND APPLICATION FOR NEW REGISTRATION MARK.

To  
The Registering Authority,

I, \_\_\_\_\_ Of \_\_\_\_\_ being the owner of motor vehicle No... hereby declare that I have, since

\_\_\_\_\_ kept the said motor vehicle in the Province of..... and hereby apply for the assignment to the

motor vehicle of a new registration mark.

I enclose the certificate of registration and the certificate of fitness (1\*) of the vehicle.

(Date) Signature or thumb-impression of owner.

(1\*) Strike out the word "and the certificate of fitness" if inapplicable.

FORM R.M.LI.

(Section 29 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, and rule 47 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

INTIMATION OF ASSIGNMENT OF NEW  
REGISTRATION MARK AND CALL FOR RECORDS  
FROM ORIGINAL AUTHORITY.

From  
The Registering Authority,

I hereby assign the registration mark... eee to the motor vehicle  
previously registered a8...  
The new mark shall, within ten days of the issue of this notice, be affixed to the  
vehicle in the place of the old, in the manner prescribed.

(Date) Registering  
Authority

Copy forwarded to the registering Authority... eee for information. It is

requested that the registration records of the vehicle or a certified copy of the  
same be transferred to this office.

(Date) Registering  
Authority

(1\*) Here enter full name and present address of owner.  
If the vehicle is the subject of a hire purchase agreement, a copy of this letter  
should be sent to the hire purchase company concerned.

FORM C. A.

(Rule 48 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1971).

APPLICATION FOR CHANGE OF ADDRESS

To  
The Registering Authority,

certificate of registration and the certificate of fitness of Motor Vehicle

forward herewith the

NO. eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeees and hereby request that the entries regarding the following  
change of address may be made therein:

Particulars of the new address.

Signature or thumb-impression  
of the owner of the vehicle.

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FORM A.M.

(Section 32 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971,  
and Rule 48 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

INTIMATION OF ALTERATION IN MOTOR VEHICLES

To  
The Registering Authority,

SON Ofc forward herewith the

certificate of registration and the certificate of fitness of motor vehicle

and hereby request that the entries regarding the  
following alterations may be made therein:

Particulars of alterations to be made.

Signature or thumb-impression

Date of the owner of the  
vehicle.

800

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FORM T. C. A.

(Rule 51 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR A TRADE CERTIFICATE OR  
CERTIFICATES

To  
The Registering Authority,

WW... eee eee cee eec cece eee eee eeneeneeneend! Of eee eee rece being (a)  
Manufacturer(s)/dealer(s) of motor vehicles, hereby apply for trade certificate

which I/We declare to be necessary for the purposes of my/our business as herein

stated, and I/We herewith tender the fee of. rupees  
DY. eeeeeeeeeeeeees My/Our business is that of:-

Date Signature of  
applicant.

801

FORM T. C.

(Rule 51 (5) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

TRADE CERTIFICATE

Counterfoil

Trade registration mark as TRADE CERTIFICATE  
provided in the rule 51 (5) of

the Azad Jammu and Kashmir

Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973. Diccecsececeenececeeteeneeeeens

Name and address of holder of

the certificate.

Date of expiry. Allee cece e tee ee een eeees

Date of issue.

Signature of authority.

Sale Registering Authority,

FORM T. .R.

(Rule 51 (10) (a) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

REGISTER OF TRADE CERTIFICATE

Record of the use of trade registration marks No.....008

Note:- Supplies of this register will not be printed and stocked by government.  
Holders of trade certificate will make their arrangements for printing.

we  
Zs  
Ss » s o  
3 @ fo) Hour of 2  
Oo 8 2 2  
g 8 2 3 w Y  
von 42 a 2 8  
gy o § 3 F  
E 3 o A  
— 8 q 2 s g o #8 REMARKS  
ww & Sou  
3 3 Ea g eo  
nw oS a 5 5 on  
& 6 S & g 20 &  
BB aS a Ln g 2 ges  
o 8 a g p oo 'ss 9 53 8  
2e qe a g 22/22 )22  
2 3 2 2 a > 2 8 Bs gos a  
3s gs o E} B=} 8 2 Do Oo mE YG  
js = oO 5 x oH Qo = Bo a  
fa) mega é A 7 6 ~ 6 a s&s  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Note:- Supplies of this register will not be printed and stocked by Government.

Holders of trade certificate will make their arrangements for printing.

FORM P.S.T.P.A.

(Rule 64 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT IN RESPECT OF A  
PARTICULAR STAGE CARRIAGE

To  
The Regional Transport Authority,

In accordance with the provisions of section 46, 47 and 59 of the Azad Jammu and  
Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, I/We the undersigned hereby apply for  
a permit under section 48 of that Ordinance in respect of a stage carriage as

hereunder:-

Full name..... cece cece eee e eee n ence eee eae eee ee eens ee eeeeneenege

Name of father (in the case of an individual) ...

Route or routes or area for which the permit

Brief description of vehicle (1)... eeseseeseseseteteeeeeeeseeneeeseeeaees

Here state date of manufacture, whether bus type with side entrances or lorry type  
with entrance at rear and other relevant particulars.

Seating capacity is appended.

A time table. vee

be arranged with other operators on the route.

(Alternatively)- No time table is proposed but I undertake to run

the following minimum service.

The standard rate of fare which it is proposed to charge

IS.. eee paisa per passenger per mile.

10.

(Date)

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Particular of any stage carriage or contract carriage permit valid in the Province and held by the applicant in respect of:-

(a) this vehicle...

(b) any other vehicle.... ....with details of any route or routes over which this vehicle was operated regularly before making this application.

Particulars of any permit held by the applicant in respect of the use of any transport vehicle in Azad Jammu and Kashmir which has been the subject of an order of cancellation.

(i) I/we desire to use the vehicles for the carriage of goods as a public/private carrier and I/we apply for a public/ private carrier's permit in addition to a stage carriage permit in respect of the route, routes or area above specified.

(ii) I/we intend to carry goods of the following description:-

I am/we are already in possession of the vehicle which is my own property, (if the vehicle is not the property of the applicant, give particulars of the hiring agreement).

I/We have not yet obtained possession of the vehicle and I/we understand that the permit will not be issued until I/We have done so and have produced the certificate of registration.

I/We intend to drive the vehicle.

I/We desire a permit valid for... years.

I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb-impression  
of applicant.

Strike out inapplicable entries or

alternatives throughout.

805

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To be filled in the office of the Regional Transport Authority.

1. Date of receipt.
2. Date of application.
3. Date or dates of hearing of objections.

Granted

Rejected

5. Number of permit issued,

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority.

806

FORM P. St. S. A.

(Rule 63 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT IN RESPECT OF A

SERVICE OF STAGE CARRIAGES

To

The Regional Transport Authority,

In accordance with the provision of section 46, 47 and 59 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, I/We the undersigned hereby apply for a permit under section 48 of that Ordinance in respect of a service of stage

carriages as hereunder set out:-

Route, routes, or area for which a permit is desired...

Maximum number of vehicles which it is desired to operate at any one time under the terms of the permit.....

Minimum number of vehicles which will be operated at any one time under the terms of the permit in the area or on any route or

The type or types of vehicles to be used on the service and the approximate seating Capacity ALC... cesses eeeseeteeeeeeeeaes vehicles of not less

Particulars of the time-table (s) proposed are appended.

The standard rate of fare which it is proposed to charge TS..eseceeeeeesescsceeeeeeseseeeeestscneneeeees paisas per passenger per mile.

- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.
- 15.
- 16.
- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 5.

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Particulars of any stage or contract carriage permit valid in the Province, held by the applicant, and details of the route over which or area in which the applicant's vehicles were regularly operated before making this application .....0... cee

Particulars of any permit held by the applicant in respect of the use of any transport vehicle in Azad Jammu and Kashmir which has been the subject of an order of cancellation.....0.00..0..

Provided that sufficient passengers do not offer at any time I/We desire to carry goods in these vehicles in addition to passengers on the understanding that goods will be so carried on not more THAN. ee eeeeeeceseeseseeeeeeeeseeeneseseseesseseeneeeees the accommodation for passengers in any vehicle will be replaced by goods.

I/We declare that not more than.....cccceseeee of these vehicles are or will be the subject of permits (other than temporary permits) for use as contract carriages.

I am/we are at present in possession of... vehicles available for use under the permit applied for. The vehicles are my/our own property. (If the vehicles are not the property of the applicant, give particulars of the hiring agreement).

I/We desire a permit valid for... eee years.

I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb-impression  
Date of

applicant.

To be filled in the office of the Transport Authority.

Date of receipt.

. Date of publication.

Date or dates of hearing of objections.

Granted

4. Granted in modified form the ..... day of... 9. ee

Rejected

Number of permit issued:-

Secretary,

Regional Transport Authority.

808

FORM P. Co. P. A.

(Rule 63 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR A CONTRACT CARRIAGE PERMIT

To  
The Regional Transport Authority,

In accordance with the provisions of section 46, 50 and 59 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, I/We undersigned hereby apply for a permit under section 48 of the Ordinance in respect of a contract carriage as hereunder set out:

1 Full name.....ccc cece cs cseseeseescsesessessessenesesesesessseseesseseesensesees

2 Name of father (in the case of an individual)...

3 Address.....scccceseseseeseeseseeseeesesesesessseseeseeesesesesessssseeseneseneeseees

4. Area for which required..... 0... ccc cecee eee eeeeeeee ne eeeee een ee nena

5. Brief description of vehicle (1\*).

6. Seating Capacity... cccccseccsseseseseseseeessessessseseesseseeseeesesssseneees

7. Particulars of service to be performed by the contract carriage (not necessary in case of a motor cab other than one used on a hill road) and the manner in which it is claimed that the public convenience will be served.

8. (In the case of a motor cab) District or other area which the applicant desires to have appointed as the headquarters of the vehicles for the purpose of rule 81 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.....c:ccccccsseseseseseseeseees

9. Particulars of any stage carriage or contract carriage permit valid

in the Province and held by the applicant in respect of:

(a) this vehicle..... ccc cece cece cece cece c ee ee ee eeeeeetteeaeneneneaes

(b) any other vehicles... see eee with details of any route over which or area in which the vehicle was used regularly before making this application.

Particulars of any permit held by the applicant in respect of the use of any transport vehicle in Azad Jammu and Kashmir which he has been the subject of suspension or cancellation

I am/we are in possession of the vehicle which is my/our own property, (if the vehicle is not the property of the applicant give particulars of the hiring agreement).

I/We have not yet obtained possession of the vehicle and I understand that the permit will be issued until I/We have done so and have produced certificate of registration.

I/We intend to drive the vehicle.  
I/We desire a permit valid for..... years.

I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb-impression  
Date of

applicant.

Strike out inapplicable alternatives,  
throughout.

(1\*) Here state whether single or double deck, fixed roof or hood only, glass windows or side curtains in the case of a motor cab, enter accordingly.

To be filled in the office of the Transport Authority.

1. Date of receipt... ccc ceeseseseseseeseeseeseessessseessenteeetseaes  
Circulation to members.

2. Date of consideration at meeting, decision by  
Chair man.

Granted

3. Granted in modified form on the..... day of... 19..  
Rejected

4. Number of permit.

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority.

a

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FORM P. Pr. C. A.

(Rule 63 (1) of the Azad Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicle Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR PRIVATE CARRIER'S PERMIT

To

The Regional Transport Authority,

In accordance with the provisions of sections 46, 54, and 59 of the Azad Jammu

and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, I/We undersigned hereby apply for a private carrier permit under the provisions of section 44 of that Ordinance, as hereunder set out:

Full name... cece cece eee eee ee sence sence eeeeeaeneaeenenees

Name of father in (the case of individual)

Address

Area for which the permit is desired, with giving full particulars

Of the application... cee eeseeeeeseseseeeeesessseseeseeesscseeeeeesesseseeseees

Type and capacity of vehicle including trailers and the alternative trailers of articulated vehicles.

Number Load Laden . .

. . Registration

of Type capacity weight

. Marks.

vehicles Lbs. Lbs.

Note 1. If any of the vehicles are not in the possession of the applicant it will suffice if the figures in column 3 and 4 are correct within ten percent above or below subject to any limitation of weight in force. The certificates of registration, must be presented to the Transport Authority so that the registration marks may be entered in the permit before the permit is issued.

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Note 2. If the application is in respect of a large number of vehicles than can be specified above, an additional schedule may be appended in the same form.

Nature of the applicants business.....0:ceeeeees

Specification of the goods to be carried...

Particulars of any other private carrier's permit held by the applicant, and the area in which the vehicle was regularly used before making this application... eee eeseeeeeeeeeteneeeeees

I/We desire a permit valid for... years.

I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb impression of applicant (s).

Strike out in applicable alternatives throughout.

To be filled in the office of the Transport Authority.

1. Date of receipt... eeseseeneseeeeeeeeestesteetenseneeeee  
Circulation to members.

2. Date of consideration at meeting.....0cee decision by Chairman.

3. Granted/Granted in modified/Rejected form on the... day Of 19.

4. Number of permite... eee ceeeeeeneseeeseneeeeeeneeneeeee

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority.

FORM P. Pu. C. A.

(Rule 63 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR A PUBLIC CARRIER'S PERMIT

To  
The Regional Transport Authority,

In accordance with the provisions of sections 47, 56 and 59 of the Azad Jammu and

Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, I/We the undersigned hereby apply for a public carriers permit under section 44 of that Ordinance, hereunder set out:

Full name... ceeesesececeeeeseneeseecseseneeesesseseeeeneesseneeeees  
Name of father (in the case of individual).....c ee  
AddreSS...ceeeeseseeseeeseneeseesesseneeesescscsesenseesarseseeeeeetesseees  
Route, or area for which the permit is desired.....

Type and capacity of vehicle including trailers and alternative trailers of articulated vehicle.

Number Load Laden . .  
. . Registration  
of Type capacity weight  
. Marks.  
vehicles Lbs. Lbs.

Note 1. If any of the vehicles are not in the possession of the applicant it will suffice if the figures in column 3 and 4 are correct with ten percent above or below, subject to any limitation of weight in force. The certificates or registration must be presented to the Transport Authority so that the registration marks may be entered in the permit before the permit is issued.

Note 2. If the application is in respect of a large number of vehicles than can be specified above, an additional schedule may be appended to the Form.

Full particulars of the service to be performed by the vehicles and the manner in which it is claimed that the public convenience will be served.

Particulars of any public carrier's permit or public motor vehicle licence held by the applicant at present or at any time during the last two years, and the maximum and minimum rates charged for the carriage of goods with details of area over which the vehicles have been regularly operated.

Note- If the particulars are extensive, append a further statement.

Particulars of any public carrier's permit held by the applicant which has been the subject of any order of cancellation.

Particulars other than particulars furnished under item 7 of any agreement or arrangement affecting in any material respect the provision within the region of the Provincial Transport Authority of facilities for the transport of goods for hire or reward entered into by the applicant with any other person by whom such facilities are provided, whether within or without the region.

10.

11.

12.

(1) I/We desire to use the vehicle or vehicles as a private carriage for a carriage of goods which are my/our own property or the

I/We forward herewith the certificates of registration of the vehicles (or) I/We will produce the certificates of registration of the vehicles before the permit is issued.

I/We desire a permit valid for... eee years.

13. I/We hereby declare that above statements are true and agree that they shall be condition of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb-impression of

Date

applicant (s)

Strike out inapplicable entries or alternatives throughout.

To be filled in the office of Regional Transport Authority.

1. Date of receipt... ccc ceeseseseseseeseeseeseessseseessenteeteetseaes

2. Date of publication... eeeceeeeeeeseeeeeteeneeneees

3. Date or dates of hearing of objection if any...

Granted

4. Granted in modified form on the..... day of..... 19...

Rejected.

5. Number of permit issued.

Secretary,

Regional Transport Authority.

FORM P. Tem. A.

(Rule 63 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

APPLICATION FOR A TEMPORARY PERMIT

To  
The Regional Transport Authority,

In accordance with the provisions of sections 47 and 64 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, I/We the undersigned hereby apply for a temporary permit under section 44 of that Ordinance as hereunder set out:

Full name..

Purpose for which permit is required... eee eeeeeeeeeeees  
Route OF FOULCS..... eee essectscseeecseseeecsessscsessescsecsesecsessesseseneees

Period of duration of permit: from...

Type and laden weight/seating capacity of the vehicle or vehicles for which the permit is required...

(1) The registered owner (s) of the vehicle (s) is/are..... and the registration mark(s) is/ are

(2) The vehicle has vehicles have not yet been hired by me/us and I/We undertake to intimate the registration marks if required within twenty-four hours of hiring the vehicle/vehicles.

Number and date of any regular permit issued in respect of the vehicle, with designation of issuing authority.

10. I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit to me/us.

Date Signature or thumb-

impression  
of applicant.

Strike out inapplicable alternatives throughout.

To be filled in the office of the Transport Authority.

1. Date of receipt... ccc ceeseseseseseeseeseeseesssssseessenteeteetseaes

Granted

2. Granted in modified form on the..... day of..... 19.0...

Rejected.

3. Permit number.

4. Registration mark (s) of vehicle(s), if intimated after issue.

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority.



14.

15.

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and their personal luggage, and conditions subject to which the goods may be SO CAITied.....seeceeseeseseesesssseseeeseeeseeeseeesneeescseeseseeneeseeeee

The vehicle above described may be used by the holder of this permit as a contract carriage with the areas hereunder specified subject to the following conditions.

(1) The vehicle may be used as a contract carriage outside the area specified in entry 12 above, or other area or route in respect of which the permit has been countersigned, provided that on each occasion when the holder of the permit seeks so to use the vehicle he obtains a special pass from the officer incharge of the tehsil or sub-tehsil in which he has his principle place of business or other authority appointed by the Provincial Transport Authority for the purpose.

(2) No special pass shall be made valid for more than one outward and return trip and not more than one special pass shall be issued at any one time nor shall any special pass allow the holder to enter into an engagement with a fresh hirer in respect of the return journey.

(3.) A special pass shall be in such form as the Provincial Transport Authority may direct, and a fee shall be payable there for as laid down in rule 68 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

(4) The provisions of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1970 and the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973, regarding the carriage and production of permits shall apply equally to any special pass issued in conformity with this condition.

Whether the fare table is to be exhibited on the vehicle.....

Whether the time-table is to be exhibited on the vehicle.....

The records to be maintained and the dates on which returns are to be made to

the Transport Authority... cesses

When the vehicle is not in use it shall not be halted in any public place except

at a stand or a parking place, appointed by a competent authority under section 79 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971.



Renewals.

This permit is hereby renewed upto the... day Of. ee 19.0...

subject to the following further conditions.

820



PYNr

5.

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PART B

SUMMARY TO BE CARRIED ON THE VEHICLE

seeeeeeeeeee Lransport Authority... cece P. St. PL NO. cece  
Name and address of holder.  
Registration mark.

Date of expiry.

Conditions:-

- (a) Route
- (b) Maximum number of passengers.
- (c) Fares:-
  - (i) Rate.
  - (ii) Whether fare-table is to be displayed.
- (d) Whether time-table is to be-
  - (i) observed.
  - (ii) displayed.
- (e) Carriage of goods.
- (f) Use as contract carriage:-
  - (i) within the Region.
  - (ii) outside the Region.
- (g) Other special conditions.

(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of the fee for the permit).

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority  
(Date)

Renewal  
Renewed upto... 9D.

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority  
Countersignature

Countersignature for  
(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of the fee for the countersignature).

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority

Renewal of Countersignature

Renewed upto... eee 19.0...

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority



FORM P.S. T. S.

(Rule 64 (1) (ii) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

GOVERNMENT OF WEST PAKISTAN PERMIT IN RESPECT OF A SERVICE OF STAGE CARRIAGE

PART A

(Full permit to be kept by holder)

Regional Transport Authority... No. P. St. Sie

1. Name of holdet.....c.c.cceeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseesesees

2. Father's Name... ceceessceseseseesesseseeseeesesscseseseeseseeseseeseseesessseseeneaes

3. AddreSS..... cece es eeseseessseseeseseeseseeseseeeassesseseseeseseeseseeseseeseseenees

4. Route Area for which the permit is valid

(The entries above are subject to the condition is entry 16 below).

5. Registration marks of vehicles to be used on the service-

Serial Registration Marks Make Model Seating capacity

Note:- If the number of vehicles is greater, additional paper may be used for the purpose.

Note:- The registration numbers equal to the number of B parts issued for the particular route including the reserve fleet required under rule 78 (d) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir

Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973 shall be entered.

Date of expiry.

Maximum and minimum fares, if fixed under section 45 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance. 1971.

Particulars of time-table to be observed, if any.

10.

Whether goods may be carried on any or all of the vehicles solely or in addition to passengers, and the conditions subject to which goods may be so carried.

A larger number of passengers than the number specified in the certificate of registration or exhibited on the vehicle in compliance with rule 33 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973 shall not be carried in any of the vehicles at any one time.

A conductor shall be carried on the vehicles at all times when they are in use as (stage carriages or contract carriages\*).

Whether the fare-table is to be exhibited on \_ the vehicles...

Whether the time-table is to be exhibited on \_ the vehicles...

The records to be maintained and the dates on which returns are to be made to the Transport Authority.

17.

18.

This permit shall to the extent specified in entry 9 above be deemed to be a public carriers permit.

Not more than... vehicles of the service may be used by the holder of the permit as contract carriages within the areas herein under specified and subject to the following conditions. ve

When the vehicles are not in use they shall not be halted in any public place except at a stand or parking place appointed by a competent authority under section 77 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971.

(1) A vehicle of the service permitted by entry 16 above to be used as a contract carriage may be used as such outside the area

19.

20.

21.

22.

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specified in entry 16 above or other area or route in respect of which this permit has been countersigned that on each occasion when the holder of the permit seeks so to use a vehicle he obtains a special pass from the officer in charge of the tehsil or sub-tehsil in which he has his principal place of business or other authority appointed by the Regional Transport Authority for the purpose.

(2) No special pass shall be made valid for more than one outward and return trip and not more than one special pass shall be issued at any one time, nor shall any special pass allow the holder to enter into an engagement with a fresh hirer in respect of the return journey.

(3) A special pass shall be in such form as the Provincial Transport Authority may direct, and a fee shall be payable therefor as laid down in rule 68 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

(4) The provisions of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973, regarding the carriage and production of permits shall apply equally to any special pass issued in conformity with this condition.

The fees payable for this permit shall be paid on the due dates, as laid down in rule 70 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

Other special conditions.

This permit does not entitle the holder to use any vehicle belonging to the service as a stage carriage on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of stage carriages permitted to operate thereon, unless the road is specially mentioned in entry 4 above.

This permit does not entitle the holder, except to the extent indicated here to use any vehicle belonging to the service as a contract carriage or as a goods vehicle on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of contract carriages or goods vehicles, as the case may be, permitted to operate thereon.....



23. The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the works of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably, with the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and the rules made thereunder and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and safety of the public and of any passengers carried.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority  
Renewals.

This permit is hereby renewal upto the..... day of... 19... subject to the

following further conditions:-

It is effective also up to the date above written, and subject to any conditions attached to the previous countersignature, in the following regions.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Countersigned for (Route Area).  
of conditions:-

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Renewal of countersignature  
Countersignature is hereby renewed upto the..... day of..... 19...

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

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PART B

SUMMARY TO BE EXHIBITED ON EACH VEHICLE (1\*)

Regional Transport Authority.  
Stage carriage Service Permit No. St. S  
Name and address of holder.

“.Q%) 1.

(1\*) One copy of the summary to be issued for each vehicle covered by the permit.

(2\*) Here enter the number of the permit and, in brackets, the serial number upto the total number of vehicles.

2. Registration marks of vehicles permitted to be used against this permit.

Sr. Registration Make Model Seating Capacity

No. Marks

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Note:- The registration numbers equal to the number of B part permits issued for the particular route including the reserve fleet required under rule 78 (d) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973 shall be entered. If the

number of vehicles is greater, additional paper may be used for the purpose.

3. Route or area:-

(i) In the region of issuing authority... cece

(ii) In other regions... eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeceeeeeeteeeeeeeeeseeeeenenenes

4. Date of expi

5. Conditions:

(a) Carriage of goods.....

(b) Use as a contract carriage:

(i) within the region.

(ii) outside the region.

(c) Fares:

(i) Rate... ecececeesesesesesesescecseseseecseessesesesnsesnsesnseseseaes

(ii) Whether fare-table is to be displayed...

(d) Time-table.

(i) to be observed..

(ii) to be displayed.

(e) Other special conditions.....ccccceseteeseeeeeeeeeeeeeeee



Renewal of countersignature

Countersignature renewed upto... 19.0...

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

(Repeat countersignature and renewal of countersignature)

Note:- Forms P.St. S.- Part A Entry 4-One form should be used for a single route or area or for connected routes. Otherwise different permits should be granted for different routes or areas.

Part B- Entry 3-The summaries should reach refer to one vehicle only be capacity, but not to a particular vehicle by registration mark.





17. This permit does not entitle the holder, except to the extent indicated here, to use the vehicles on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of contract vehicles permitted to operate thereon.

18. The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the work of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably with the provisions contained in the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and the rules made thereunder, and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and safety of the public and of the public and of any

passengers carried.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority  
Renewals

This permit is hereby renewed upto the..... day of....19.... Subject to the

following further conditions:-

It is effective also upto the date above written and subject to any conditions attached to be previous countersignature in the following regions:-

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority



FORM P. Pr. C.

(Rule 64 (1) (iv) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR PRIVATE CARRIERS PERMITS

PARTA

(To be kept by the holder)

Regional Transport Authority... eceeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeees

No. P. Pr. Poe... cee

- 1. Name of holdet.....c.c.cceeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeees
- 2. Father's name (in the case of an individual)... eee
- 3. AddreSS..... cece es eeseseessseseeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeees

Area for which permit is valid... with the exception of the following roads:-

Type and capacity of vehicles, including trailers and the alternative trailers of articulated vehicles.

Number Type Load Laden Registration  
of capacity weight marks  
Vehicles Lbs

- 6. Nature of goods to be carried..... 00... ceceee eee eeeeeeeee eee eeneene
- 7. Date Of CXpiry... 0... cece cece ec eee neeee een een een een een een eens

Records to be maintained and the date on which returns are to be made to the Transport Authority

The fees payable for this permit shall be paid on the due date as laid down in rule 70 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

10. Conditions. .... 0... .0cc cece cece e cence cece eceeeeeee nese esta esse nessa sete

11. Under the provisions of rule 69 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973, this permit is valid also in the regions and subject to the

conditions set below:-

Regions Route Area Conditions

12. The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the word of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably with the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971 and the rules made there-under, and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and

safety of the public.

Secretary,

(Date) Regional Transport

Authority

Renewals

Renewed upto... cece 19.....subject to

Secretary,

(Date) Regional Transport

Authority

COUNTER SIGNATURE

..Transport Authority

No. P. Pr. se

....Subject to the following

Secretary,

(Date) Regional Transport

Authority

Renewal of countersignature

The above countersignature is hereby renewed upto the... day  
Of eeeeeeeeeeteteeteeeeeeeees 19... subject to the following conditions

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority  
PART B

SUMMARY TO BE EXHIBITED ON EACH VEHICLE

Regional Transport Authorit:  
No. P. Pr. C...

Private carriers permit

1. Name and address of holdet.....ccesesseesssseseessseseeseeeseeeseeesee
2. Registration mark.....c.ccceceeseeeseeeseeesescsescseecseacscscseseseeesaeae
3. Date of CXpiry.....ececeeeeneeeeneteteeee 19. eee
4. Conditions:-

- (a) Area of validity...
- (b) Nature of goods which may be carried. we
- (c) Other special conditions.....cccceseeeseeeteeteeteeeeeeeeee

(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of  
the fee for the permit).

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Renewals

Renewed upt  
Also valid in.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Countersignature

veces eeeeeceeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee cents Transport Authority.  
No. P. Pr. C.  
of.

subject

(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of the fee for the countersignature.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Renewal of countersignature  
Countersignature renewed Upto... eee tees eeeseeeeeeeeeees 19.0...

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

(1\*)Here enter permit number and serial numbers upto the total number of vehicles.  
Add the letter 'T' in the case of those copies referring to trailers.



9. Conditions.....c.ceeeeececeeseseessseseeseseeseseesessssessssacsesssseseessseseseseessseseeeee

The vehicle (s) authorised by this permit may be used by the holder as a private carrier within the area Of... cece for the purpose of carrying the following goods... cece

Under the provisions of rule 69 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973, this permit is valid also in the regions and subject to the conditions set out below-

Region Route/Area Conditions

This permit does not entitle the holder, except to the extent specified here, to use the vehicle on and road in respect to which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of transport vehicles permitted to operate

thereOn..... 0... e ee cece eee e cece eee cence eases a eeeee esse eeeneaes

The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the work or his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably with the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1971, and the rules made there-under, and with due regards for the contort, convenience and safety of the public.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority  
Renewals  
Renewed upt subject t  
Also valid in.  
Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport

Authority

Countersignature

Countersigned for the area of.

Subject to.  
Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Renewals of countersignature

The above countersignature is hereby renewed upto \_ the. day  
Of ceeeeeeeeeteeteeteetes 19. subject to the following conditions.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

PART B

SUMMARY TO BE CARRIED ON THE VEHICLE

settstseeseeeeeeeeesRegional Transport Authority public

cattier's permit No. P. PU. Cassssnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnsnssee a')

1. Name and address of holdet.....ccesesseesssseseessseseeseseeseeeseeeseeeee
2. Registration mark.....c.ccceceeseeeeeseeesescscscscseecscscscseseseeeseeaeae
3. Route OF AF ea... cece eeeseeseeeeeseeeeeseeeseeeseeesrsassesssaeseeasseseeeaeeseees
4. Date of Oxply.....cececeeeeseteeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseees D9. eeeeeeseeeteete
5. Conditions.....c.cecececseseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeneae

Also as a private carrier for. in the area

of.

(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of  
the tee for the permit).

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

VOLUME III: 1971-1973

Renewals

Renewed upto. subject to

Also valid in.

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

Countersignature  
seseseeceeeceeeeeeessseseseseseseseesssesesaeasaeane Transport Authority

Countersigned for the region of.....  
(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of  
the fee for the countersignature).

Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority  
Renewals of countersignature  
Countersignature renewed upto... see 19. eeceeteeeeeeeeee  
Secretary,  
(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority  
(1\*) Here enter permit No. and serial numbers upto total. Add the letter

'T' in the case of these copies referring to trailers.









FORM R. P. F.

(Rule 70 (7) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973),

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND  
KASHMIR RECEIPT OF A PERMIT FEE

Book NO... .. Receipt NO... ..

1. Number of permit or countersignature.....

2. Issued by the Regional Transport Authority.....

3. Name and address of holder.....

4. Date of payment... ..

5. Amount paid... ..

6. Date on which next payment is due.

(Date) Regional Transport  
Authority

To be completed in triplicate by carbon process.

FORM L.P.R.

(Rule 99 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

REGISTER OF LOST PROPERTY TO BE MAINTAINED  
BY A STATE CARRIAGE PERMIT HOLDER

Name of permit holder.

Name of Driver

No. of notification and date of signature of transfer of  
No. of driver's license and place of deposit of signature of unclaimed  
conduct and other recovery permit of property to  
or with particulars holder/claimant - police station  
stage of articles agent maintained with police  
carriage on daily diary  
receipt / No. receipt.

FORM L. Con.

(Rule 102 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND  
KASHMIR CONDUCTOR'S LICENCE

SON Of. ....eeeeceeseesssesesessseseseseeseseeseseeseseeseeacsesssseseeassesssseseseeseseecssseeseseeseeaesceeseene

Of (present address)... ccceeeeseeeeeseeeseeeseeesceeeceeseeasteseeseaseenseaseseseasieneeneeeee

permanent address).....c.ccceseseseseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseesescsesesescseessvecseesseeseeeseeenseenaes

Photograph

Duplicate

signature or

thumb-impression of

applicant, from Form L.

Con.

Is licensed as a conductors and has

(Date)

Authority.

been issued conductor

Licensing

848

badge

FORM L. Cont. A

(Rule 102 (3) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR A CONDUCTORS LICENCE

2. Name of Father... ccc eesesesses

3. Present address.....ceceesses

4. Permanent address..... not previously held a conductors licence. I Previously

held a conductors licence issued by

6. Lam not disqualified for holding a conductor's licence.

I hereby declare that I am not less than eighteen years of age and that the above statements are true. I attach two copies of a receipt photograph of myself.

(Signature or thumb-impression)

of applicant.

Duplicate signature or thumb-impression of applicant.

Date

Licence No expiring on the. 19. eee and Badge

ssued. (Date) Licensing

Authority.

(Rule 172 (3) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles rules, 1973).

FORM OF MEDICAL CERTIFICATE FOR A CONDUCTOR

(To be filled in by a registered medical practitioner)

1. Name of person examined.
2. Father's name.....ccecesesseseeseseeseeeseseessseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseeasseeeseeesneee
3. Apparent age... cececceseeseseeseseeseseesescscscsesescscscscsecsecseeceeeeteeteeteeeee

Is the person examined, to the best of your judgment, fit physically and mentally to perform the duties of a conductor of a stage carriage.

Does he show any evidence being of abdicated to the excessive of alcohol or drug?

6. Marks of identification.....cceseeeeseseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseseeseneee

I certify that the person examined has affixed his signature or thumb-impression hereto in my presence and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above statements are true and that the attached photograph is a reasonably correct likeness of the person described.

Signature or thumb-impression  
of person examined.  
Space of photograph  
Signature.



FORM B. B. L.

(Rule 172 (2) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND  
KASHMIR MOTOR VEHICLES BODY-BUILDERS

LICENCE

is/are

hereby permitted to build bodies for Public Service and goods vehicles with effect

Of... eee

qd)  
(2)

(0)  
(ii)  
(iii)  
(iv)  
(v)  
(vi)  
(vii)  
(3)

(4)

for a period

seeteseaes subject to the following conditions:-

This licence shall be prominently displayed at the premises.  
The premises and the work being carried on therein shall be subject  
to inspection at any time by the following officers:

No Motor Vehicle's body shall be constructed save in accordance  
with the designs, specifications and instructions issued from time to  
time by the Provincial Transport Authority.

The holder shall deal with all correspondence with government  
promptly and shall complete and submit returns as directed by the  
Provincial Transport Authority or any officer authorised by him in  
this behalf.

Chairman/Secretary Provincial/Regional  
Transport Authority.

FORM B.B.L.A.

(Rule 172 (3) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules. 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR APPLICATION IN RESPECT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE BODY-BUILDER'S LICENCE

To  
The Regional Transport Authority

(1) TW eeeecceetetetetetees hereby apply for a licence as an approved body-builders.

(2) My/Our body-building premises are located at oo...

(3) I/We have sufficient covered/uncovered accommodation to ACCOMMOM ALE... eeeeeeeecseeeecscscscsesesescsesescaeseesescscessearsseeeecaeaeese with adequate fire protection of..... fire extinguishers, and... fire buckets

containing water and... ..fire buckets containing sand.

(4) I/We have qualified skilled labour consisting of-

- (a) Carpenters... ceceeeeeeessseeeeeeseeeeesieestensseesteeneeees
- (b) Tinsmiths..... cece eceeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeees
- (0) Welders...cccccccccseesssssseseseeseseeseseassensseaes
- (d) Painters... ceceeeeseseeseseeseseecseseseesceseeescsesceseeeseeae

(e) Draftsmen..... cee eeeseeneeeeeeteeteeseeeeeseeeeeseeeees

(5) I/We have the following machinery and tools:-

(£)ceesssssssesenesesseesssesesussnusunasenansarsnnseasennseaseeneesee (g)

(6) I/We agree to construct bodies in accordance with the instructions issued from time to time by authorised officers and in strict compliance with the conditions of the licence.

Signature of

Person/persons firms.



FORM F.A.P.U.

(Rule 222 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir  
Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

Serial Numbet.....0...000

Name of the Goods Forwarding Agency.....ccccccsessessesseeseseseseeseeeeeeeeeees  
Licence No...

PERMIT FOR UNLOADING OF GOODS

Motor Vehicle Nou... is hereby authorised to unload... eee \*goods  
belonging TO. eececseseeereteseeeeeeeeeeeeeeeseneeees  
FLOM... eee eee (0) | nen Ate Seat of Rorwarding Agency

\*Give brief description of goods in the margin.

FORM STAND A

(Rule 228 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR ORDER PERMITTING A SITE TO BE USED AS A STAND OF CLASS

Permission is hereby given for the land described below to be used as a General Stand for Stage Carriages and other Transport Vehicles, under arrangements to be made by or under the orders of Government.

2. This order is made under sub-rule (2) of rule 228 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973) and shall remain effective for a period

Of. year (s) unless previously revoked.

Secretary

Regional Transport Authority

(Date) i iaettettteeeeeeeeeetsteeseeeeeeeeeeeees

1. Description of the land included in the Stand, with particulars of the owners of

the land of any buildings there on.

2. Maximum number of vehicles which may be admitted to the Stand at any one time.

3. Fees shall be chargeable at the Stand at the following rates.

4. Other conditions.

RENEWALS

The order is hereby renewed for a further period extending upto the. eee 19.

Secretary

Regional Transport Authority

(Date) i iaettettteeeeeeeeeetsteeseeeeeeeeeeeees



3. Staff to be maintained by the manager at the Stand.
4. Records to be maintained by the manager.
5. Other special conditions to be observed by the manager.

Maximum number of vehicles which may be admitted to the Stand at any one time.

7. Fees shall be chargeable at Stand at the following rates.
8. Other conditions.

RENEWALS

The order is hereby renewed for a further period extending upto

Secretary  
Regional Transport Authority  
(Date) i iaettettteeeeseeeeeetetsteeseeeeeeeeeees

FORM STAND C

(Rule 228 (1) and 234 (1) of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR ORDER PERMITTING A SITE TO BE USED AS STAND OF CLASS C

1. Permission is hereby given for the land described below to be used as a General Stand for Stage Carriages and other transport vehicle under arrangements to be made by the...

Committee Of... ccc subject to the conditions prescribed in Chapter VII of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules 1973 and the further conditions set out

below.

2. The sum agreed for the purpose of clause (c) of sub-rule (3) of rule 234 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973 is...eseeseseesesesesesessseseseseeneeeescsceseneseseeeeeneeeeneeees \*

3. This order is made under sub-rule (2) of rule 234 of the Azad

Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973 and shall remain in force for a period of.... -year (s) unless previously revoked.

Secretary  
Regional Transport Authority  
(Date) i iaettttteeeeeeeetsteeeseeeeeeeeeees

\*A sum not exceeding 3 percent of the gross receipts from fees at the Stand.

(1) Description of the land and buildings included in the site with

particulars regarding the ownership of both land and buildings.

(2) If any part of the land was acquired by the local authority by purchase during the twenty years preceding the first year of the establishment of a Stand on the site, particulars should be given here of the amount spent by the local authority

in acquiring it, including particulars of the interest which the local authority is paying on any sum borrowed for the purpose of acquiring the land.

(3) If any rent is being paid by the local authority to a private person for any of the land or building, give particulars;

(4) Particulars of any buildings which have been erected by the local authority on the site for the purposes of the Stand, with their approximate value and date of construction.

(5) Improvements which the local authority is authorised to carry out on the site, with the date by which each is expected to be completed. Amount which the local authority is expected to expend on the improvements.

Rs.

(6) Minimum number of vehicles which may be admitted to the Stand at any one-time.

(7) Records to be maintained in regard to the vehicles using the Stand.

(8) Fees shall be chargeable at the Stand at the following rate.

(9) Other conditions.

#### RENEWALS

The order is hereby renewed for a further period extending upto

Secretary

Regional Transport Authority  
(Date)

FORM STAND D

(Rule 228 (1) and 238 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973).

AZAD GOVT. OF THE STATE OF JAMMU AND KASHMIR ORDER PERMITTING A SITE TO BE USED AS A STAND OF CLASS D

By this order (name of company or person), of whom more detailed particulars are given below, is permitted to use the land hereinafter described as a Company Stand, subject to the particular conditions herein given and to the rules contained in the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973.

2. No vehicles other than those belonging to the person or company in whose favour this order is made and the other vehicle specially detailed below, shall be admitted to the Stand.

3. This order is made under sub-rule (2) of rule 228 of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Motor Vehicles Rules, 1973 and shall remain in force for a period of... year(s), unless previously revoked.

Secretary

Regional Transport Authority

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_

1. Particulars of the persons, firm or company to whom the permission is given.

2. Description of the land and buildings included in the Stand.

3. Vehicles (other than those belonging to the person or company in

whose favour the order is made) which may be admitted to the Stand.

4. Maximum number of vehicles which may be admitted to the Stand at any one time.

5. Special instructions regarding the amenities to be provided at the Stand.

6. Other conditions.

RENEWALS

This order is hereby renewed for a further period extending upto the

Secretary  
Regional Transport Authority  
(Date) i iaettttteeeeseeeeeetsteeeseeeeeeeeeees



GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN  
TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

The 2nd June 1970

No T-7/35-56 (Imp.):— In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22, 43, 68 and 69 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1956 (West Pakistan Ordinance XIX of 1965), and in continuation of draft amendments previously published. Vide Government of West Pakistan, Transport Department notification No. T-7/35-56 (Imp.) dated the 10th April 1970, the Government of West Pakistan, is pleased to direct that in the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969, the following amendments shall be made, namely:—

AMENDMENTS

In sub rule (2) of rule 10, for the Words “a Member, Board of Revenue, West Pakistan”, the words “the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority” shall be substituted.

At the bottom of sub-rule (1) of rule 34, after the words “Signature and name of the Motor Vehicles Examiner” the following shall be added, namely:—

“Signature of the authorised person.....  
Seal of the licensed Automobile Workshop.

Licence NO.....cscscsecsseseeesessessescsesessscseseseeesesesesessessssssesesesneseeeseneeeeee

In rule 35:—

(a) In sub-rule (1), the full-stop appearing at the end of sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) shall be replaced by a colon, and thereafter the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that the Regional Transport Authority may authorise any licensed Automobile Workshop to perform the functions of a Motor Vehicles Examiner”.

(b) in sub-rules (2), (5), and (13), after the words “Motor Vehicles Examiner”, the words “or a licensed Automobile Workshop” shall be added;

(c) in sub-rules (3), (4), (7) and (8), after the words “Motor Vehicles Examiner” and the words “Examiner”, wherever

occurring, the words "or a licensed Automobile Workshop" shall be added;

(d) in sub-rule (9), the full stop appearing at the end of clause (b) shall be replaced by a colon, and thereafter the following proviso shall be added, namely:-

"Provided that the fee for the grant or renewal of a certificate of fitness payable to a licensed Automobile Workshop shall be rupees ten".

After rule 35, the following new rules shall be added, namely: -

"35-A-Licensing of Automobile Workshops:- (1) Any automobile workshop may make an application in Form C.F.L.A. to the Regional Transport Authority of the area, for the grant of a licence to issue or renew a certificate of fitness of a vehicle.

(2) On receipt of application in form C.F.L.A. the Regional Transport Authority may, after such enquiry as it may deem necessary, either reject the

application or grant a license in form C.F.L. on the conditions specified therein:

Provided that no such licence shall be granted unless the Automobile Workshop is of the standard laid down by the Provincial Transport Authority in this behalf.

(3) The fee for such licence shall be rupees one thousand per annum.

35-B-Suspension or cancellation of a licence for the establishment of an automobile workshop to grant and renew certificate of fitness:- (1) The Regional Transport Authority granting the licence may at any time suspend or cancel the licence in case any condition thereof is contravened by the licensed Automobile Workshop; provided that the Regional Transport Authority before passing an order for cancellation of the licence may afford the licensee an opportunity of being heard.

(2) The licence granted under rule 35-A shall, unless suspended or cancelled under sub-rule (1), be valid for a period of one year from the date of issue.

10.

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35-C-Appellate Authority-Any person aggrieved by an order passed under sub-rule (1) of rule 35-B, may within thirty days of the order prefer an appeal to the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority, whose order shall be final.

In sub-rule (2) of rule 38, after the word's "Motor Vehicles Examiner" the words "or a licensed Automobile Workshop" shall be inserted.

For the existing rule 54, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:-

"54. Terms of appointment of Members of the Provincial Transport Authority and Regional Transport Authorities- Any Government Officer appointed as a member of Provincial Transport Authority or a Regional Transport Authority shall continue as such till such time as Government may otherwise order".

In rule 55:-

(i) for sub-rule (3), the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:-

"(3)Two members shall constitute a quorum:

(ii) after sub-rule (5), the following new sub-rule shall be added, namely:-

"(6) The Chairman may, in case of an emergent meeting, dispense with the requirements of sub-rule (2) or any by-law framed under rule 57".

For sub-rule (2) of rule 56, the following sub rule shall be substituted namely:-

"(2) Two members shall constitute a quorum:

Provided that the Secretary Member shall not be counted for the purposes of quorum".

Sub-rules (3), (4), (5) and (7) of rule 57 shall be deleted.

After rule 57, the following new rule shall be added, namely:-

"57-A-Classification of routes for stage carriage permits:- The Provincial Transport Authority shall demarcate routes into "A", "B" and "C" categories for stage carriage permits on the basis of density of traffic and condition of the roads".

16.

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57-B.-Restriction regarding old stage carriages:- No person shall be granted a permit in respect of:-

(i) 'A' category route if the stage carriage owned by him is more than....years old; and

(ii) 'B' category route if the stage carriage owned by him is more than-years old".

In rule 58, for the words "any class" the words "Contract carriage" shall be substituted.

Rule 59, shall be deleted.

Rule 60, shall be deleted.

Rule 61 shall be deleted.

In sub-rule (1) of rule 62:-

(i) for clause (vi) the following clause shall be substituted,

namely:-

"(vi) power to attach to a stage carriage permit conditions under sub-section (2) of Section 50"; and

(ii) for clause (x) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

"(x)power to grant a stage carriage permit".

In the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 63, the words, brackets and figures, "read with sub-section (6) of section 59", shall be

deleted.

In rule 64:-

(i) Clause (f) of sub-rule (1) shall be deleted;

(ii) in sub-rule (2):-

(a) the words "or a temporary permit", shall be deleted; and

(b) the proviso shall be deleted.

After rule 46, the following new rules shall be added, namely:-

"64-A. Bank Guarantee:- For the purpose of section 49, the Bank Gaurantee in form B.G.F. shall be:-



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(i) of Rs.10,000.00 in case of route permit of "A" category.

(ii) of Rs. 5,000.00 in case of route permit of "B" category.

(iii) of Rs.1,000.00 in case of route permit of "C" category.

Provided that no individual owner, firm or company shall be required to furnish bank guarantee for a sum exceeding Rs. 50,000.00".

"64-B. Application for compensation:- (1) An application for award of compensation under section 67 shall be addressed to the Claims Tribunal of the area and shall contain the following particulars:-

(i) name, parentage and address of the person dead or injured;

(ii) date, time and place of occurrence;

(iii) registration number of the vehicle;

(iv) name of the owner, firm or company of the vehicle;

(v) details of the injuries in case of injured persons;

(vi) name of the witnesses if any;

(vii) amount of compensation claimed;

(viii) capacity of the persons making the application;

(ix) any other information connected with the occurrence and compensation.

In rule 65:-

(i) clause (vi) of sub-rule (1) shall be deleted; and

(ii) in sub-rule (2), the words "save in the case of temporary permit" and the words "and by the authority by which the permit is countersigned" shall be deleted.

For rule 67, the following rule shall be substituted namely:-

"67. Entry of registration marks on permits:- No permit shall be issued unless the registration mark of the vehicle in respect of which application for grant is made, has been entered therein.

Rule 68 shall be deleted.

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22. In rule 69:-

- (i) for the words "Special Pass", wherever occurring the words "Special Permit" shall be substituted; and
- (ii) in sub-rule (1) the words "or countersign" shall be deleted.

23. In rule 70:-

- (i) in sub-rule (1), for the words and figures "Subject to the provision of section 65", the words and figures "Subject to the provision of section 55 and 57" shall be substituted; and
- (ii) for sub-rule (4), the following sub-rule shall be substituted,

namely:-

"(4)Nothing in this rule shall affect the right of holder of any public or private carrier permit to apply to any Regional Transport Authority for extension in operational area of a permit".

24. For rule 71, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:-

"71. Fee for permit:- (1) The following fee shall be payable for

the grant and renewal of permits:-  
FEES FOR GOODS VEHICLES

(Public and private carriers permits)-

Fee for three years for the 1st region

Fee for three years for the 2nd Region

Fee for three years for the 3rd Region

Fee for three years for the 4th Region

Fee for three years for the 5th Region

Fees for three years for the 6th Region

Fee for three years for the 7th Region

Fee for three years for each subsequent

region after the 7th Region

(2) Fee for the permits shall paid in full in advance.

Rs.

100.00

95.00

90.00

80.00

65.00

45.00

25.00

25.00

(3) An application in Form R.P.F.A. for the payment of permit fee or the extension in operational area of a permit as the case may be, shall be made to the Regional Transport Authority issuing the permit who shall prepare a receipt in Form R.P.F. for each Part B of the permit and deliver a copy thereof to the person

tendering the fee.

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- 25.
- 26.
- 27.
- 28.
- 29.
- 30.
- 31.

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(4) The receipt for the last fee paid shall be attached to and displayed with Part B of the permit.

(5) If a permit holder for a transport vehicle, other than a goods vehicle has paid in advance fees for more than one year and his permit is subsequently cancelled, he shall be entitled to a refund of the amount paid, less the full fee for the first year following the date of payment and for any subsequent year which may have begun to run before the cancellation is ordered. In case of a goods vehicle the refund of amount for un-expired portion per year shall be worked by dividing the total amount of fee paid for three years by 3 and rounding of paisa 50 or above to a rupee. Fraction less than 50 paisa shall be ignored.

(6) Save as provided in the preceding sub-rule no refund of fees shall be allowed in any case where a permit is cancelled”.

After rule 71, the following new rule shall be added, namely:-

“71-A. Refund of fee:- Where a permit ceases to be valid and stands cancelled under section 19 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Ordinance, 1970 (Ordinance No. IX of 1970), the holder of such permit shall be entitled to the refund or re-adjustment of the fee paid for un-expired terms of the permit”.

Rule 72, shall be deleted.

In sub-rule (1) of rule 73, the words “or countersignature on a permit” shall be deleted.

Clause (d) of rule 79, shall be deleted.

In rule 80, for the words brackets and figures “clause (b) of subsection (2) of section 50”, the words, brackets and figures “subsection (3) of section 50” shall be substituted.

Rules 86, 87 and 90 shall be deleted.

In rule 91:-

(i) for clause (ii) of sub rule (2) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:-

“(ii) the authority suspending or canceling the permit shall send

intimation to any other authority in whose area the validity has been extended under rule 70”; and

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(ii) in sub-rule (3), the words “to the authority or authorities by which it may have been countersigned and” shall be deleted.

Clause (iii) and (vi) of sub-rule (4) of rule 92 shall be deleted.

In rule 93:-

(i) for sub-rule 2), the following sub-rule shall be substituted namely: -

“(2)The Regional Transport Authority shall upon receipt of an application under sub-rule (1), issue a duplicate permit or part or parts of a permit as the case may be, and after endorsing thereon the effect of extension of operational area of other authority, may intimate the effect of such endorsement, to such authority”; and

(ii) In sub-rule (3):-

(a) for the words “countersignature” appearing for the first time, the words extension of operational area shall be substituted.

(b) the words “as if it were a countersignature” shall be deleted.

For rule 94, the following shall be substituted namely:-

“94. Variation of permits:- On an application made in writing by the holder of a permit, the Regional Transport Authority may at any time in its discretion vary the permit or any condition thereof imposed or attached by it:

Provided that a stage carriage entered in a permit for a route shall not be allowed a change for any other route during the currency of the permit:

Provided further that the Regional Transport Authority shall not vary a condition requiring the permit holder to carry mail under rule 78 without concurrence of the concerned postal authorities”.

For rule 96, the following rules shall be substituted namely:-

“06. Appeal against orders of Regional Transport Authority:- The Authority (hereinafter referred to as the

Appellate Authority) to hear and decide an appeal against the

36.

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43.

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orders of a Regional Transport Authority and Claims Tribunal contemplated by clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) of section 66 and section 67-E shall be the Chairman, Provincial Transport Authority, West Pakistan.

96-A. Appeal against the orders of Provincial Transport Authority:- The Authority to hear and decide an appeal against the orders of the Provincial Transport Authority shall be the Board of Revenue”.

In sub-rule (1) of rule 97, for the word and figure “Rule 96” the words and figures “rule 96 and 96-A” shall be substituted.

In sub-rule (2) of rule 119 for the word “countersignature” the words “extension in the operational area” shall be substituted.

In sub-rule (4) of rule 120 for the word “countersignature” the words “extension of operational area” shall be substituted.

In rule 122:-

(i) In the proviso to sub-rule (1), the word “countersigning” shall be deleted.

(ii) In sub-rule (4) for the words “countersigning” the words “extending the operational area of” and for the word “countersignature” the words “extension of” shall be substituted.

In sub-rule (3) of rule 124 for the words brackets and figures “sub-clause (vii) of clause (c)” the words, brackets and figures “sub-clause (vii) of clause (c) of sub-section (1)” shall be substituted.

In sub-rule (2) of rule 263, for the word “five” the word “eight” shall be substituted.

In form C.F.A. and Form C.F.R.A. for the words “The Motor

Vehicles Examiner” the following shall be substituted, namely:-

“The Motor Vehicles Examiner, M/s....  
licensed Automobile Workshop

At the bottom of Form C.F. Sub. after the words “signature and jurisdiction of the Motor Vehicles Examiner”, the following shall be added, namely:-

873

- 44.
- 45.
- 46.
- 47.
- 48.
- 49.

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“Signature of the Authorized person. ....0ccceeeeeeeee senna

Seal of the licensed Workshop.....cscceeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeees

At the bottom of Form M.V. Ins. after the words “Motor Vehicles Examiner” the following shall be added, namely:-

“Signature of the Authorized person. ....0ccceeeeeeeee senna

Seal of the licensed Workshop.....cscceeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeees

Licence NoO.....cescccccecesesscseseseesesesesesssaesesssseseessseseseesseassesnesesseneseseee

After Form M.V. Ins., the Forms in Appendix I to this Notification shall be added.

For Forms P.S.T.PA., P.St.P., P.Co.P., P.Pr.C. and P.Pu.C, the Forms in Appendix II to this Notification shall respectively be substituted.

Form P. Tern. A. and P. TEM. shall be deleted.

After Form P.Pu.C.A. the Form in Appendix III to this Notification shall be added.

In Form P.S., for the word “Pass” the word “Permit” shall be substituted.

By order of the Governor of West Pakistan  
HASAN TURAB ALI, C.S.P.  
Secretary to Government of West Pakistan,  
Transport Department.



(c)

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the time being with all the requirements of Chapter-VI of the Ordinance and the rules made thereunder and the instructions issued from time to time by the Provincial Transport Authority.

The holder shall furnish such returns and statements as may be considered necessary to the Chairman, Regional Transport Authority, Assistant Inspector General of Police (Traffic) or in the absence of that post to such other officer as may be specified by Provincial Transport Authority.

(d) The holder shall maintain proper record in form C.F.X. (Register) and C.H. History sheet.

(e) The premises, the work being carried therein and the record shall be subject to inspection at any time by the following officials:-

- (i) Chairman Member/Secretary, Provincial Transport Authority,
- (ii) Chairman/Member/Secretary, Regional Transport Authority,
- (iii) Assistant Inspector General of Police (Traffic).
- (iv) Superintendent of Police of the district.
- (v) Any other official authorised by the Provincial Transport Authority.

RENEWALS

The order is hereby renewed for a further period extending upto

The... eee eeeeeeeeeeeeeee D9 eeeeceseeseeeseeesssseseeeseeessseseeeseeessseseeeseeaeeseeeseeanes  
Secretary

Regional Transport Authority

Date. ....ccccccccceeeceeee eaeseeseeeseeeseeeseeesssceneseneessenee

FORM C.F.L.A.

[Rule 35-A of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969]

GOVERNMENT OF WEST PAKISTAN

Application in respect of a licence to issue and renew the certificate of fitness of transport vehicles.

To  
The Regional Transport Authority

qd) TW... eecccscscseseseseeseeeeeseeeeesscseneeesnesseneneneenans hereby apply for a licence as an approved automobile workshops.

(2) My/Our Automobile workshop premises are located

Abe eeeeceseceeseeeeeteeseeeeenee

(3) I/We have sufficient covered/uncovered accommodation to accommodate vehicles with adequate fire protection

Of cece eeeeeeeeeee fire extinguishers and... eee fire buckets containing water and... eee eeeeeeteeseees fire

buckets containing sand.

(4) I/We have qualified staff technical staff consisting of:-

- (a) Automobile Engineer.
- (b) Automobile Engineer Diploma
- (c) Fitters... cece cee cee ceeeteeseees
- (d)
- (e)
- ()
- (h)

(5) I/We have the following equipment and accessories for the inspection of Motor Vehicles:-

- (a) Inspection-pit..
- (b) Inspection ramy
- (c) Hydraulic ramp...

(6) I/We have the following machinery/tools:-

- (a) we
- (b)
- ()
- (d)
- (e)

(7) I/We agree to issue and renew, the fitness certificate of transport vehicles in accordance with the provisions of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965, and the rules made thereunder and in accordance with the instructions issued from time to time by the Provincial Transport Authority and in strict compliance with the conditions of the licence.

(Signature of person/persons firm)

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C'F'X REGISTER

s Dat Make Chassis Type of Date Fee paid | REMARKS  
No. | Inspec-- | and and No. vehicle cate of | ture of | upto  
tion address Model Driver  
the f the or passed  
owner vehicle Opera-  
tor automobile  
workshop  
1 2 3 5 6 8 10 in 12 1 14 15 16

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HISTORY-SHEET OF A TRANSPORT VEHICLE

Registered No.  
Class of Vehicle  
Type of body...

Maker' name.....5  
Year of manufacture.....  
Number of Cylinders.....

Wheal Base.....000.:0088  
Chassis No...  
Engine No....

Unladen weight.....bs.  
Maximum laden weight...lbs.  
Seating capacity (including

driver and conductor.)

Front axle weight

Rear axle weight... .  
Any other axle.....[bs.  
nspection centre.....c eee

Particulars of previous registration

District of issue of certificate of

fitMeSS.. 0... ee eect

Description and size of tyres.....  
Front axle.....ceccceeeeeee eee

Rear axle

Any other axle.  
Particulars of gas plant, if any  
Miscellaneous.....066:08

Purchase order number lease/ lend-

chassis.

CHANGES OF OWNERSHIP

Serial Owner, name and address

Date of change of  
ownership

INSPECTIONS



Serial No. Date of | Name of the | Reference Date of | Remarks ACCIDENTS Signature of  
Inspection Automobile | to No. inthe | expiry of | regarding the

Workshop CFX certificate general Type of | authorized  
Register of fitness condition of accident person of  
vehicles Fatal, Non- | the licensed

Fatal automobile

property workshop.

damaged

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

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- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.
- 15.
- 16.

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Particulars of any stage carriage or contract carriage permit valid in the Province and held by the applicant in respect of:-

- (a) this vehicle... cesses eeesceeseeesceeseeeseeeseeesteesteeteeteees
- (b) any other vehicle... eee with details of any route or routes over which this vehicle was operated regularly before making this application... eee

Particulars of any permit held by the applicant in respect of the use of any transport vehicle in West Pakistan which has been the subject of an order of cancellation 0... eee eeseeeseeeseeeseeesee

(i) I/We desire to use the vehicles for the carriage of goods as a public private carrier and I/We apply for a public/private carrier's permit in addition to a stage carriage permit in respects of the route, routes or area above specified.

(ii) I/We intend to carry goods of the following description... 0c eee ee eee nee een eee es

TW .oeecececsesessessesseseeseseesessessesseseeseeeseeeseeeseeeseees desire to use the vehicle as a contract carnage within the area specified

Registration marks of the vehicle of which I am/we are the actual owner as defined in the. West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965, and for which the requisite bank guarantee required under rule 64-A of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969, has been furnished.

I/We intend to drive the vehicle.

I/We desire a permit valid for the period of....

I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb-impression of applicant.  
Strike out inapplicable entries or alternatives

throughout.  
(Date)

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To be filled in the office of the Regional Transport Authority.

FYwYN SE

Date of receipt.

Decision of Chairman/Secretary.

Granted/Rejected.

Number of permit issued.

Secretary,  
Regional Transport Authority.

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FORM P.St.S.A.

[Rule 64 (1) of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicle Rules, 1969]

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT IN RESPECT OF A  
SERVICE OF STAGE CARRIAGE

To  
The Regional Transport Authority

In accordance with the provisions of section 47, 48 and 59 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965, I/We the undersigned hereby apply for a permit under section 44 of that Ordinance in respect of a service of stage carriage as hereunder-set out:-

Registration Marks with year of manufactures and model of the vehicles which it is desired to operate at any one time under the terms of the permit.

Minimum number of vehicles which will be operated at any one time under the terms of the permit in the area or on any route or any part of any route, and the minimum number of daily vehicle trips.

The type or types of vehicles to be used on the service and the approximate seating capacity are... eee vehicles of not less than. ..and no more

than... eee more than.

vehicles of not less than... and not more than.... seats Vehicles of not less than ....

and not more than.....cccceeeeeeseeeeeteeeteee seats.

Particulars of the time-table (s) proposed are appended.

- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.
- 15.
- 16.

RYeNS

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The standard rate of fare which it is proposed to charge is... .paisa per passenger per mile.

Particulars of any stage or contract carriage permit valid in the province, held by the applicant, and details of the route over which or area in which the applicants vehicles were regularly operated before making this application.

Particulars of any permit held by the applicant in respect of the use of any transport vehicle in West Pakistan which has been the subject of an order of cancellation... eee ee eeteneeeeeeeeees

Provided that sufficient passengers do not offer at any time I/we desire to carry goods in these vehicles in addition to passengers on the understanding that goods will be so carried on not more than... eee of the vehicle trips on any route on any one day and that not more than... the accommodation for passengers in any vehicle will be replaced by goods.

I/We declare that not more than... of these vehicles are or will be the subject of permits for use as contract carriages.

Registration Marks of the vehicles of which I am/we are the actual owner as defined in the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965, and for which the requisite bank guarantee required under rule 64-A of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles, Rules, 1969, has been furnished.

I/We desire a permit valid for.. years.

I/We hereby declare that the above statements are true and agree that they shall be conditions of any permit issued to me/us.

Signature or thumb-impression of applicant.

To be filed in the Office of the Transport Authority.

Date of receipt.

Decision by Chairman/Secretary.  
Granted/Rejected.

Number of permit issued.

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

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17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

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The vehicle above described may be used by the holder of this permit as a contract carriage with the areas hereunder specified subject to the following conditions...

Whether the fare table is to be exhibited on the vehicle.

Whether the time table is to be exhibited on the vehicle.....

The records to be maintained and the dates on which returns are to be made to the Transport Authority... eeeeeeeeee

When the vehicle is not in use it shall not be halted in any public place except at a stand or a parking place appointed by a competent authority under section 80 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965.

The fees payable for this permit shall be paid on the due dates as laid down in rule 71 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969.

Any other conditions... ccccccceseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeeeeseeee

This permit shall to the extent specified in entry 11 above, be deemed to be a public carrier's permit (4\*).

This permit shall, to the extent specified in entry 12 above, be deemed to be contract carriage permit (5\*).

Under the provisions of rule 70 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969, this permit is valid also in the regions and subject to the conditions set out below:-

Region Route (5\* Conditions Area  
Area

(1\*)Strike out if not considered necessary.

(2\*)Strike out word not required.

(3\*) Here enter brief particulars e.g. "two trips each way daily", or -vide time-table appended. .

(4\*)Strike out if inapplicable.

(5\*)No reference please.



22.

23.

24.

2.

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This permit does not entitle the holder to use the vehicle as a stage carriage on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of stage carriage permitted to operate thereon, unless the road is specifically mentioned in entry 7 above.

This permit does not entitle the holder, except to the extent indicated here, to use the vehicle as a contract carriage or as a goods vehicle on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of contract carriages or goods vehicles, as the case may be permitted to operate thereOM..... ce eeeeeeteeeeeteneeeeees

The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the work of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably with the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965 and the rules made thereunder, and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and safety of the public and of any passengers carried.

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

(Date)

Renewals.

This permit is hereby renewed up to the... day of.....19.... subject to the

following further conditions:-

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

PART B  
SUMMARY TO BE CARRIED ON THE VEHICLES

... Transport Authority.

Name and address of holdev....

Registration, mark....

3.

4.

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Date of expiry...

Conditions:-

(a) ROUtC Lec ceceeteeteesceenceseseeesesceeaeesseeseneseseenees

(b) Maximum number of passenge?S.....:cecececece

(c) Fares:-

0)

(ii) Whether fare-table is to be displayed.....

(d) Whether time table is to be:-

(i) ObSCIVED Lo. eeteeteeteeereteteteteteteteecececece

(ii) Aisplayed.... ce eeeeseseseseseeeseeeseeeseeeseees

(e) Carriage of goods.

(f) Use as contract carriage:

(i) within the Region.

(ii) outside the Region.

(g) Other special conditions... cceeseseteecececececececece

(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of the fee for the permit).

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

RENEWAL

Renewed up to... cece LQ. cece eee cece eee eee

FORM P:St. P.

[Rules 65 (1) (ii) the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969]

GOVERNMENT OF WEST PAKISTAN PERMIT IN  
RESPECT OF A SERVICE OF STAGE CARRIAGE

PART A

(Full permit to be kept by holders).

Regional Transport Authority... No. P. St. Sue

Name of holder.

Father's Name

Address

Route Area for which the permit is valid (The entries above are  
subject to the conditions in entry 16 below)

Note:-1. If the number of vehicles is greater, additional paper  
may be used for the purpose.

Note:-2.\_ The registration numbers equal to the number of B  
parts issued for the particular route including the reserve  
fleet required under rule 79 (d) of the West Pakistan Motor  
Vehicles Rules 1969 shall be entered.

Date of expiry...

10.

17.

18.

19.

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Maximum and minimum fares, if fixed under section 45 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965.....:ccccceesees

Particulars of time-table to be observed, if any.....

Whether goods may be carried on any or all of the vehicles solely or in addition to passengers, and the conditions subject to which goods may be So Carried... eeseseeeeeeseeeseeeseneeseees

A large number of passengers than the number specified in the certificate of registration or exhibited on the vehicle in compliance with rule 34 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969 shall not be carried in any of the vehicles at any one time.

A conductor shall be carried on the vehicles at all times when they are in use as stage carriages or contract carriages.

Whether the fare-table is to be exhibited on the vehicle.....

Whether the time-table is to be exhibited on the vehicle.....

The records to be maintained and the dates on which returns are to be made to the Transport Authority.

This permit shall to the extent specified in entry 9 above be deemed to be a public carriers permit.

Not more than... vehicles of the service may be used by the holder of the permit as contract carriages within the areas hereunder specified and subject to the following  
CONITIONS..... cece

When vehicles are not in use they shall not be halted in any public place except at a stand or parking place appointed by a competent authority under section 80 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965.

The fees payable to this permit shall be paid on the due dates as laid down in rule 71 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969.

Other special conditions.

20. This permit does not entitle the holder to use any vehicle belonging to the service as a stage carriage on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have been made an order limiting the number of stage carriages permitted to operate thereon, unless the road is specifically mentioned in entry 4 above.

21. This permit does not entitle the holder, except to the extent indicated herein to use any vehicle belonging to the service as a contract carriage or as a goods vehicle on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of contract carriages or goods vehicles as the case may be, operate thereon... eee

22. The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the works of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle operate conformably with the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965 and the rules made thereunder and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and safety of the public and of any passengers carried.

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

(Date)

#### RENEWAL

This permit is hereby renewed up to \_ the.

Of cece 19. eeeeeeeeee subject to the following further conditions:-

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

(Date)

\*Strike out if not considered necessary.



(d) Time-table:-

(i) to be observed..

(ii) to be displayed.

(iii) Other special conditions...

(Here paste receipt from the Regional Transport Authority for the payment of the fees for the permit).

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

(Date)

RENEWALS

Renewed upto... cece LQ. eceeteeeeeeeeesteeeeees

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

(Date)

(1\*) One copy of the summary to be issued for each vehicle covered by

the permit.

(2\*) Here enter the number of the permit and, in brackets the serial

number up to the total number of vehicles.

Note:- Forms P. Sts. Part A Entry 4: One form should be used for a single route or area or for connected routes. Otherwise different permits should be granted for different routes or area.

Part B:- Entry 3: The summaries should each refer to one vehicle only by capacity, but not to a particular vehicle by registration mark.

FORM P. Co. P.

[Rule 65 (1) (iii) of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969]

GOVERNMENT OF WEST PAKISTAN CONTRACT  
CARRIAGE PERMIT

PARTA

(Full permit to be kept by the holder).

Regional Transport Authority.

1. Name of holdet.....c.c.cceeeseneesesees
  2. Father's name.....cceceseseseseseseseseeseseesseeeseseseseseseseseseseseseeseeasseeeseeesnee
  3. AddreSS..... cece es eeseseessseseseseseseseseseeseeassseseseseseseseseseseseseseseseeneeseees
  4. (1) Registration mark.....ceccceeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseeeseees
  - (2) The vehicle is held under a hire purchase agreement
- Withee eceecscsesesesesesesesesesesesesescscsesesesescsesescssscseseseeeseeeceteees

Maximum number of passengers which may be carried at any  
ONE THM C.....eeeeeeeseeecseseseeeseeesesesesessseeesesesesesesesescsssssneseeseasssecsssseeesee

Route area:- for which the permit is valid..... ee

(in the case of motor cab only). The head quarter of the vehicle  
shall be the district area Of.....cccceceseseseseseseseseseseeseeeseeeseseeseseesesees

No passenger shall be taken into the vehicle at any place  
outside the district area mentioned unless he applies and  
contracts to be carried the whole way from that place to some  
point in the said district area.

Date of expiry.

Rate of fare per mile (In the case of a motor cab only)

Whether a taxi meter is to be fitted and (if so) the type. (In the case of a motor Cab ONLY)... eect eseeeeeseeeeeeeeeseseneeeeeteeseeeeees

The fees payable for this permit shall be paid on the due dates as laid down in rule 71 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969.

Any other conditions... cceeeeseseneeeeeteneeeeeseeneees

Records to be maintained and the date on which returns are to be made to the transport Authority.

This permit does not entitle the holder to use the vehicle herein described as a stage carriage.

Under the provisions of rule 70 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969, this permit is valid also in the regions and subject to the conditions set forth below:-

Region Route/Area Conditions

16.

17.

This permit does not entitle the holder, except to the extent indicated here, to use the vehicle on any road in respect of which the Regional Transport Authority concerned may have made an order limiting the number of contract vehicles permitted to operate therein on.

The holder of this permit shall exercise such supervision over the work of his employees as is necessary to ensure that the vehicle is operated conformably with the provisions contained in the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Ordinance, 1965 and the rules made thereunder, and with due regard for the comfort, convenience and safety of the public and of any passengers carried.

Secretary, Regional Transport Authority.

(Date)



FORM P. Pr. P.

[Rule 65 (1) of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969]

GOVERNMENT OF WEST  
PAKISTAN PRIVATE CARRIERS PERMIT

PART A  
(To be kept by the holders)

Regional Transport Authority

Area for which permit is valid... eee with the  
exception of the following roads.....ccceee ee eec eee ee eee eee

Type and capacity of vehicles, including trailers and the  
articulated vehicle.

Number Type Load Laden Registration  
of capacity Weight marks  
vehicles

Nature of goods to be Carried... cece eeseseteneeeeseneeeeneeees  
Date Of OXPily....cce cece eeeteeeeeeteeeee QL ceeeeneeeeneeeeneeees

Records to be maintained and the date on which returns are to be  
made to the Transport Authority... cee eeeseneeeeneeeeseteneeeeneeas

The fees payable for this permit shall be paid on the due date as

laid down in rule 71 of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules,  
1969.







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FORM P. Pu. C.

[Rules 65 (1) (v) of the West Pakistan Motor Vehicles Rules, 1969]

GOVERNMENT OF WEST PAKISTAN  
PUBLIC CARRIERS PERMIT

PART B

(Full permit to be kept by the holder)

Regional Transport Authority

Name of holder... cee eeseeeeeseeeeeseeescseeeeeecseeeeneeeseseeeneeees  
Father's name.....ccceceeseeeseeesescseeeceessseeeeeesscseeeeseeesaeseeeeeeraees  
AdreSS....ceeeescseeeeseeescnseeeecseseseeecscsesesecasseseeeeeesseseeeeetvseseeneeees  
Route/Area for which permit is valid... cee eeeteeeee eects

Type and capacity of vehicles including trailers and the  
alternative trailers of articulated vehicles.

Number Type Load Laden Registration  
of capacity weight Marks  
Vehicles Lbs. Lbs

Note:- Of the above vehicles described below by their  
registration marks are held under a hire purchase agreement