

SIND ACT NO.II OF 1977

THE SIND MINISTERS (SALARIES, ALLOWANCES AND  
PRIVILEGES) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1977

[26 May, 1977]

An Act to amend the Sind Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) Act, 1975.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Sind Ministers Preamble. (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) Act, 1975, in the manner hereinafter, appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Sind Ministers (Salaries, Short title and Allowances and Privileges) (Amendment) Act, 1977. commencement.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In the Sind Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Amendment of Privileges) Act, 1975, hereinafter referred to as the said Act, in section 2 of Sind section 2,— Act VIII of 1975.

(i) for clause (d), the following shall be substituted: -

“(d) “maintenance” means the payment of local rates and taxes and the charges of the electricity, gas and water;”;

(ii) for clause (g), the following shall be substituted: -

“(g) “official residence” means a Government

owned accommodation or, a \_ house

requisitioned by Government, for use by the

Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may

be, and includes out-houses and other

buildings and gardens appurtenant

thereto.”.

3. In the said Act, for section 7, the following shall be Amendment of substituted:— section 7 of Sind Act VIII of 1975.

“7.(1) The Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case

may be, shall be provided with official

residence, and until such residence is

provided, he shall be paid the actual

Residence

(2)

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expenditure incurred by him on rented accommodation subject to a maximum of three thousand rupees per mensem.

Where the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the

case may be, chooses to reside in his own house, he may be paid such rent, not exceeding three thousand rupees per mensem, as may be assessed by Government or an officer authorised by it in this behalf.

Government shall bear the expenditure incurred on furnishing—

(a) upto thirty thousand rupees in the case of official residence; and

(b) upto twenty thousand rupees in the case the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, resides in his own house or rented house; provided that the furnishing shall not include curtains and carpets.

The residence of the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be shall, in addition to furnishing mentioned in sub-section (3), be provided with two air-conditioners of capacity not exceeding 18000 British Thermal Units each, and one refrigerator of capacity not exceeding 10.5 cubic feet.

The maintenance of the premises in occupation of the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, shall be the responsibility of Government.

The Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, shall be entitled to retain official residence for fifteen days after ceasing to hold his office.”.